



Contribution ID: 81

Type: **not specified**

## Jet SIFT-ing: a new scale-invariant jet clustering algorithm for the substructure era

*Thursday, 3 August 2023 16:00 (20 minutes)*

We describe a new jet clustering algorithm named SIFT (Scale-Invariant Filtered Tree) that maintains the resolution of substructure for collimated decay products at large boosts. The scale-invariant measure combines properties of kT and anti-kT by preferring early association of soft radiation with a resilient hard axis, while avoiding the specification of a fixed cone size. Integrated filtering and variable-radius isolation criteria block assimilation of soft wide-angle radiation and provide a halting condition. Mutually hard structures are preserved to the end of clustering, automatically generating a tree of subjet axis candidates. Excellent object identification and kinematic reconstruction for multi-pronged resonances are realized across more than an order of magnitude in transverse energy. The clustering measure history facilitates high-performance substructure tagging, which we quantify with the aid of supervised machine learning. These properties suggest that SIFT may prove to be a useful tool for the continuing study of jet substructure.

**Primary authors:** Dr LARKOSKI, Andrew (University of California, Los Angeles); Dr RATHJENS, Denis (Texas A&M University); Dr VEATCH, Jason (California State University, East Bay); Prof. WALKER, Joel (Sam Houston State University)

**Presenter:** Prof. WALKER, Joel (Sam Houston State University)

**Session Classification:** Advanced Taggers