



3Dimensional Single Digit Nanofabrication: organization of nanostructures with dimensions below 10 nm

Stefano Cabrini,
Nanofabrication Facility Director

Interdisciplinary Instrumentation Colloquium, 28 February 2018



The Molecular Foundry: A Knowledge-Based User Facility for Nanoscale Science

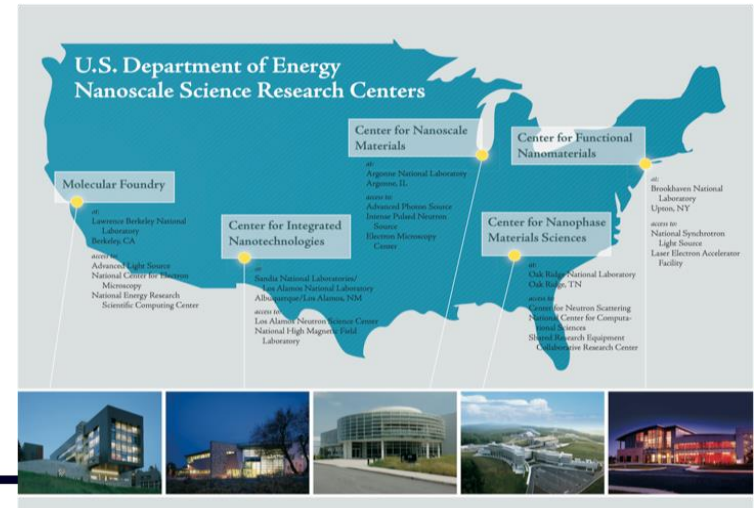
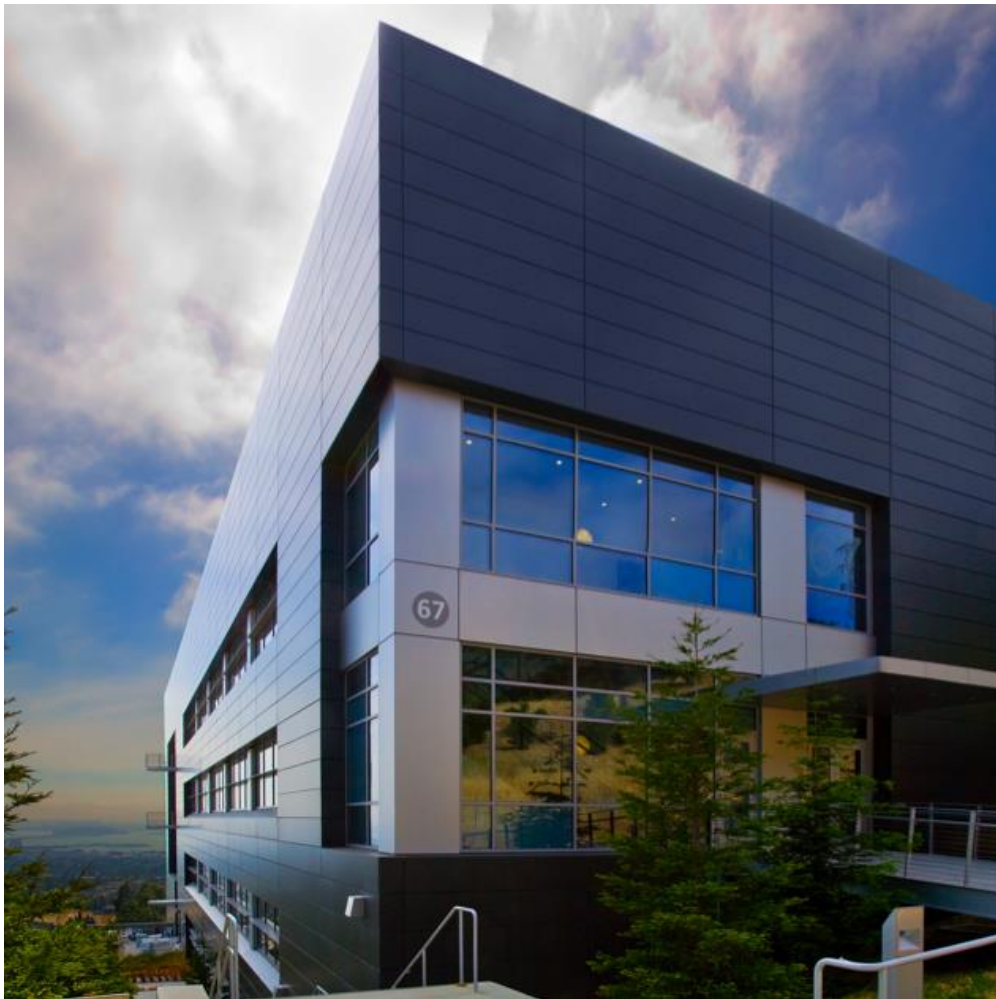
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Collaborate with experts in a wide range of fields

Use state-of-the-art instruments

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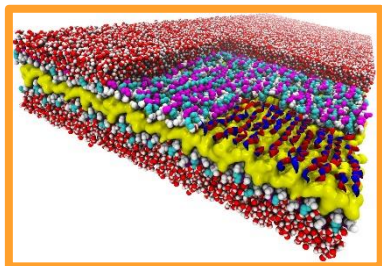
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY



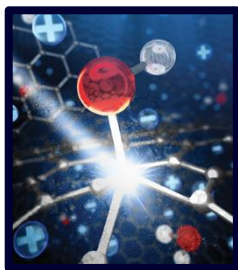
Characterization		Fabrication	Theory	Synthesis		
NCEM National Center for Electron Microscopy	Floor 1 Imaging and Manipulation of Nano-	Floor 2 Nano- fabrication	Floor 3 Theory of Nano- structured Materials	Floor 4 Inorganic Nano- structures	Floor 5 Biological Nano- structures	Floor 6 Organic and Macro- molecular Synthesis
Electron microscopy and nano- characterization	Characterization and manipulation of nanostructures	Advanced lithographic and thin-film processing techniques	Guiding understanding of new principles, behavior and experiments	Science of semiconductor, carbon and hybrid nanostructures	Bio-materials; new probes for bio-imaging; synthetic biology techniques	Soft materials: organics, macromolecules, polymers and their assemblies

Scientific Research Themes

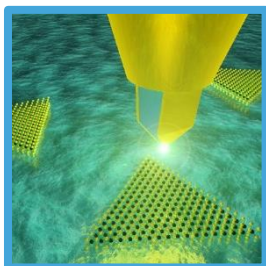
Reaffirmed and updated during annual strategic planning



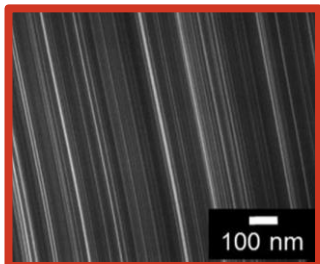
Combinatorial
Nanoscience



Functional
Nanointerfaces



Multimodal
Nanoscale
Imaging



Single-Digit
Nanofabrication
and Assembly

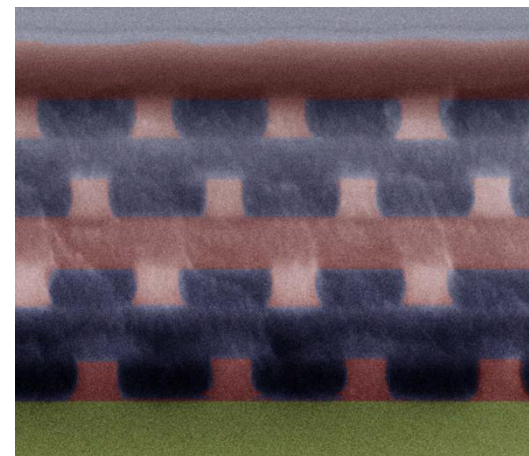
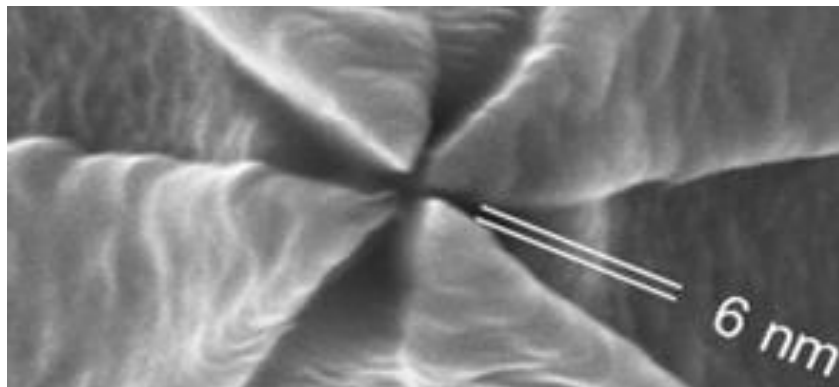
MOLECULAR
FOUNDRY

Five-Year Strategic Plan

FY 2016

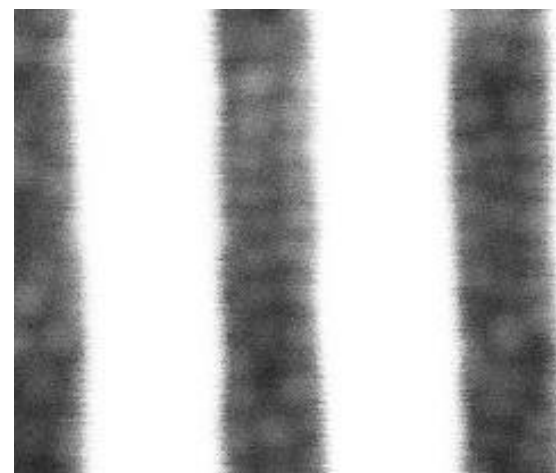


<http://foundry.lbl.gov/research/>

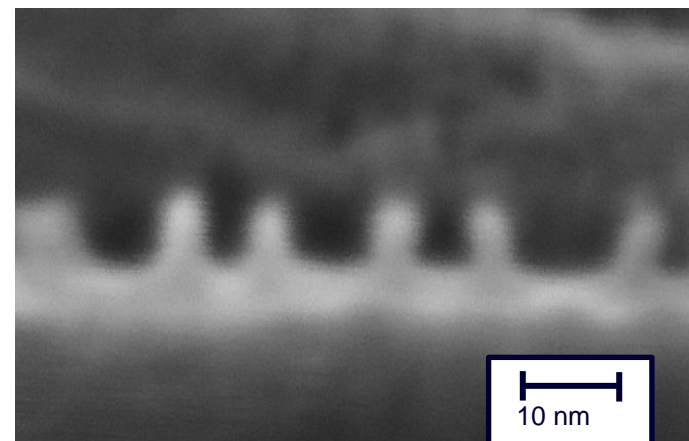
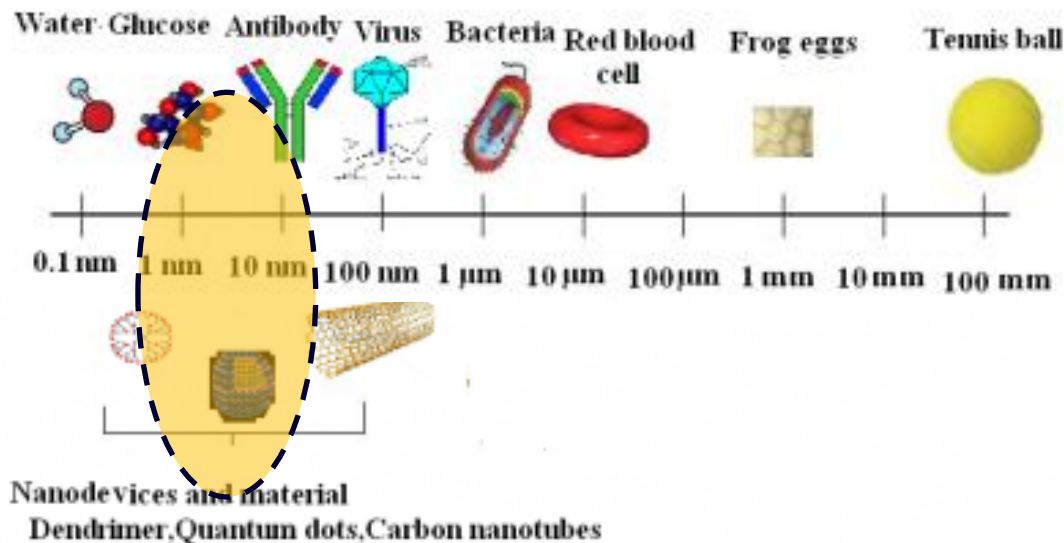


Outlook

- SDN: organization of the nanomaterial below 10 nm
- Nanofabrication 2D: 6nm features.
- Controlling the patterning in 3D: Photonic Crystals
- 3D Plasmonic
- Directed self-assembly of nanoparticles



What is Single Digit Nano?

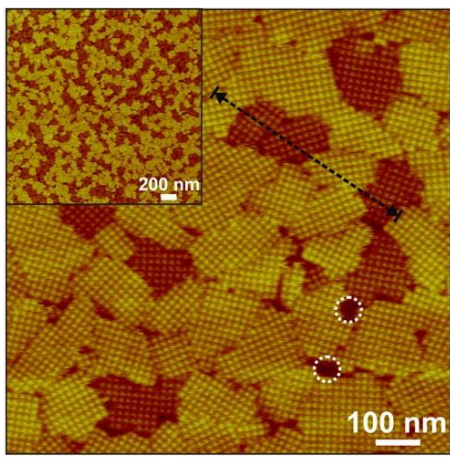


Bridging the atomic quantum world
with larger scale world

We use the term “single-digit nanofabrication and assembly” (SDN) to describe the structuring and characterization of materials whose key features are defined and resolved on a scale of 10 nm or less

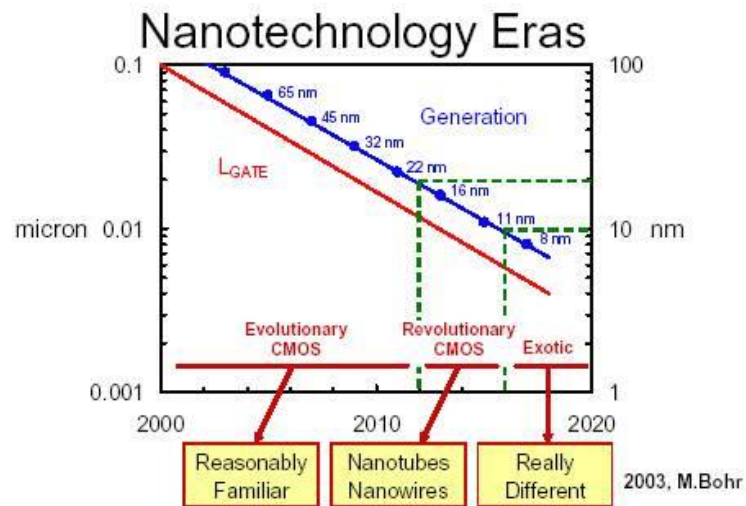
Why Single-digit nano resolution?

Protein Crystals assembly

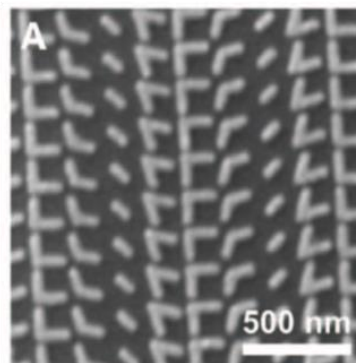


Bertozzi, De Yoreo, Foundry
PNAS 2010

International Technology Roadmap for Semiconductors



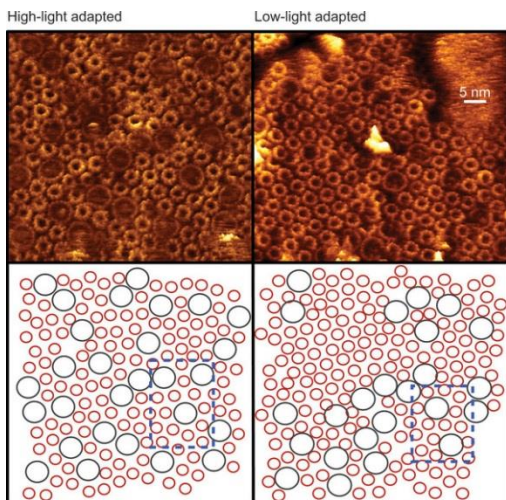
New optical Phenomena



Foundry User: Xiang Zhang et al.
SCIENCE VOL 339 22 2013

**MOLECULAR
FOUNDRY**

Lessons from nature about solar light harvesting

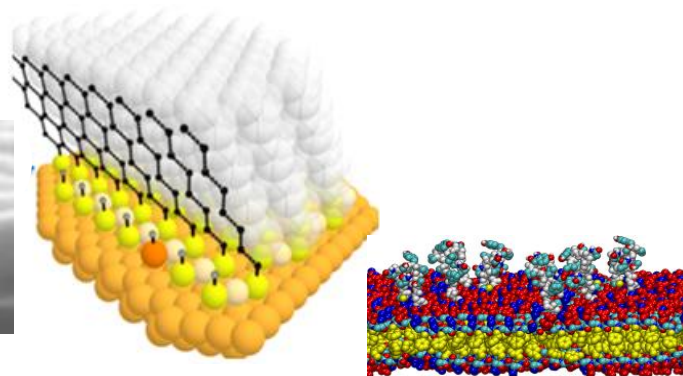


van Grondelle Nature
Chemistry 3, 763–774
(2011)

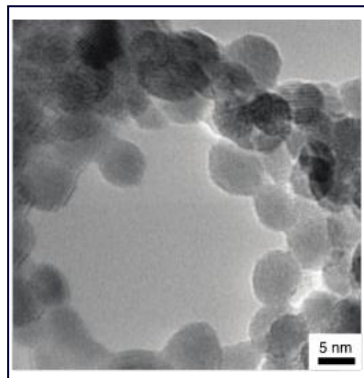
Single Digit Nano



Advanced Manufacturing



Assembly Design Rules

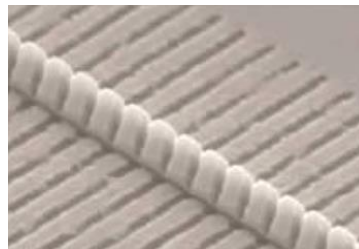
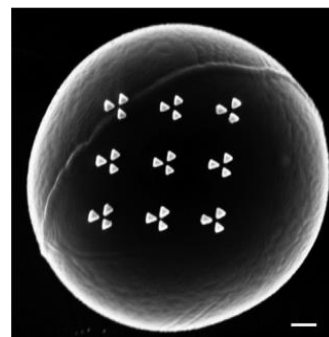


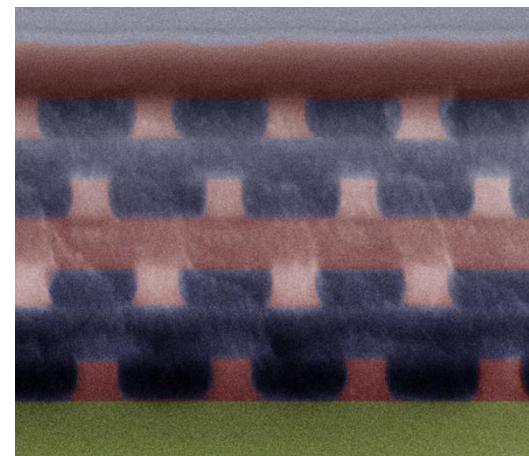
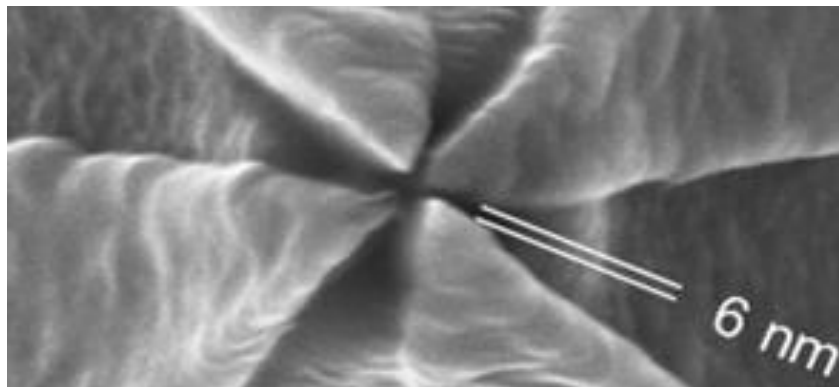
Imaging



SDN

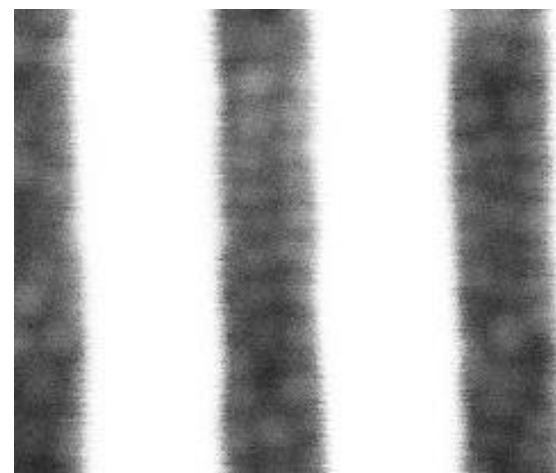
Applications



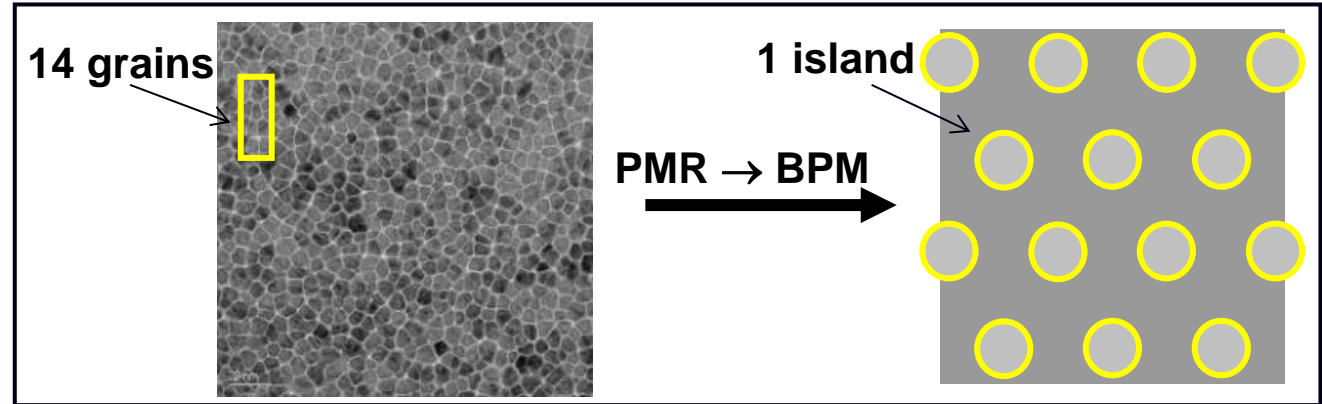
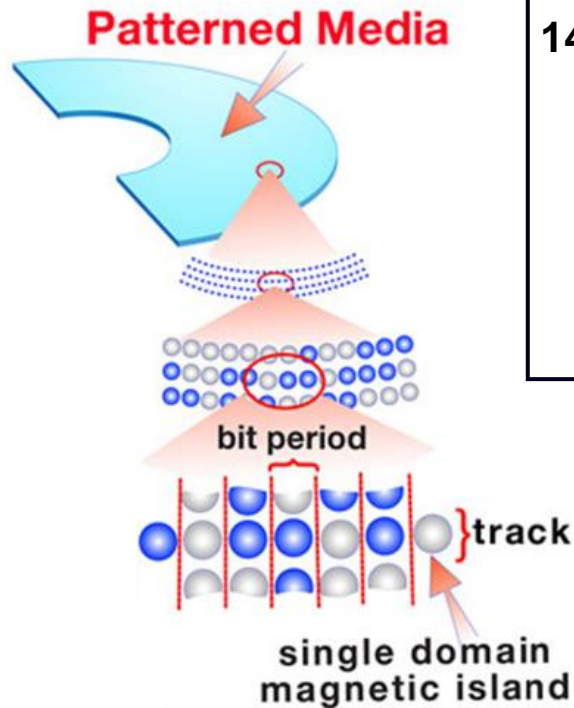


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2D Patterning: Bit Pattern Media



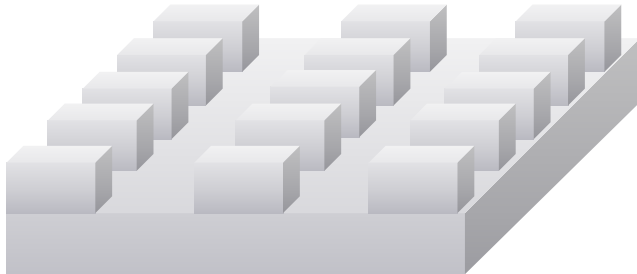
Feature sizes vs. Areal density:

Areal density	Bit size	Pitch size
1 Tb/in ²	13 nm	25 nm
1.5 Tb/in ²	10 nm	20 nm
2 Tb/in ²	9 nm	18 nm
5 Tb/in ²	6 nm	11 nm
10 Tb/in ²	4 nm	8 nm

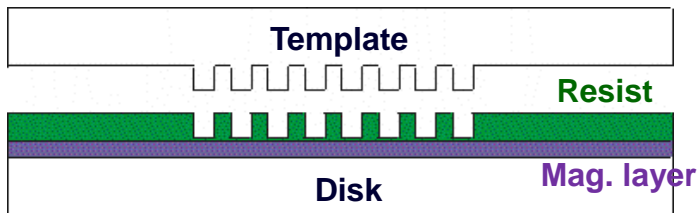
Mask Templates for Nanoimprint Lithography

Rect. bit architecture
(HGST-WD)

Template



Nanoimprint Lithography



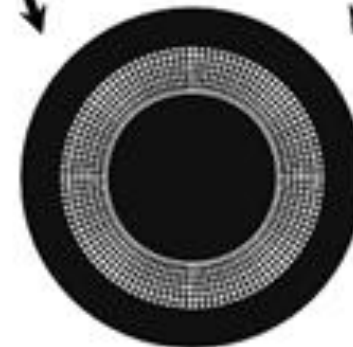
Concentric

Radial

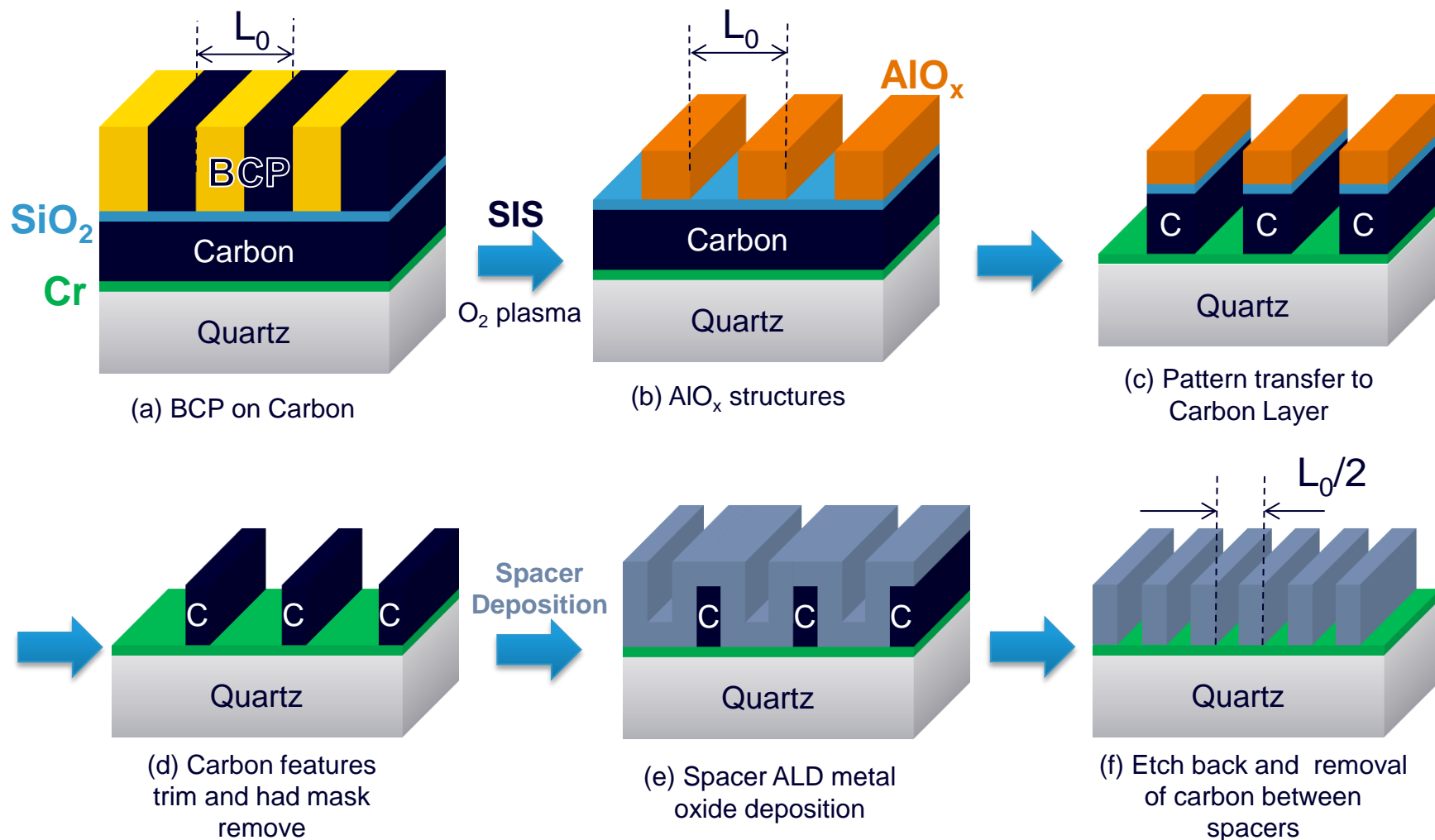


Double imprint

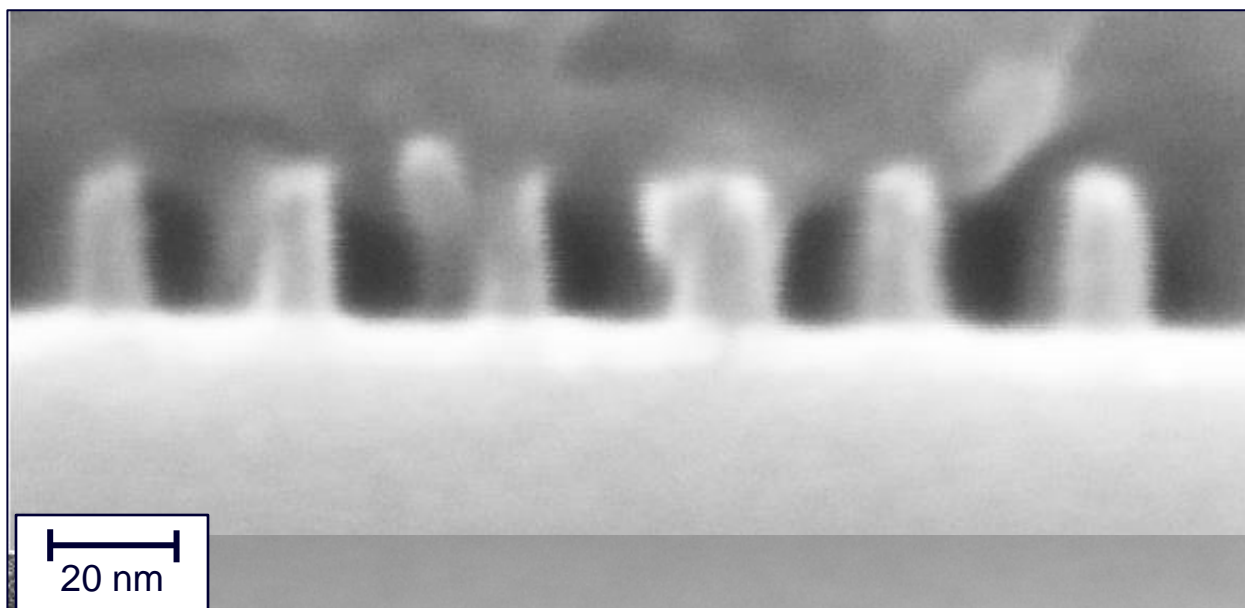
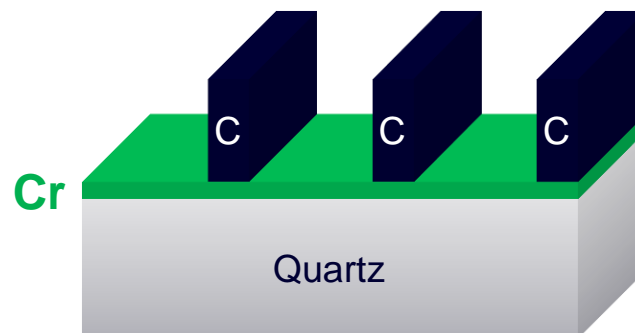
Cross Imprint



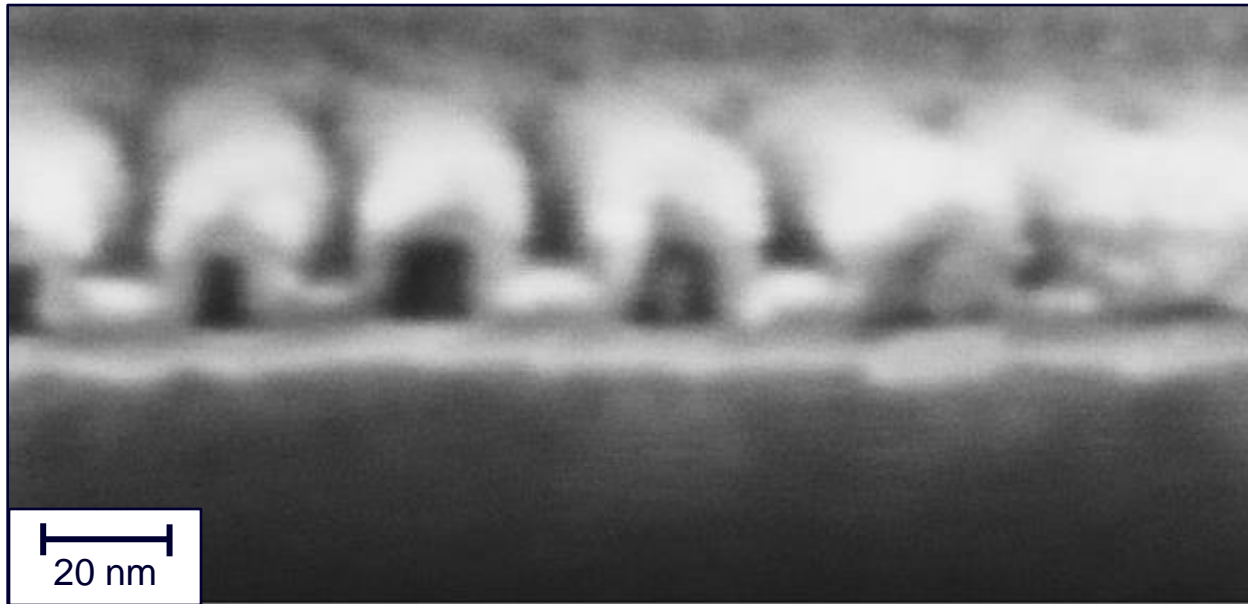
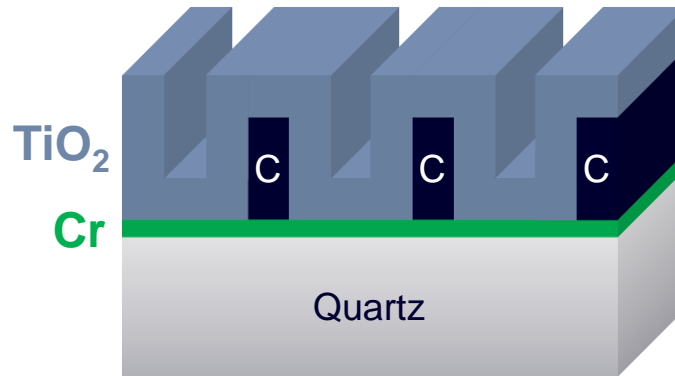
Doubling Frequency - Double Patterning



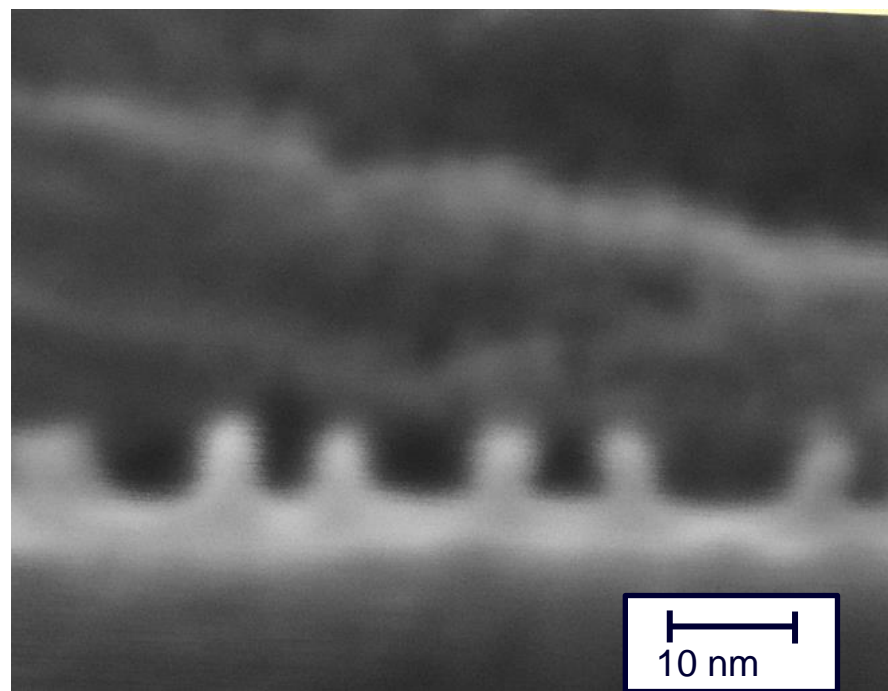
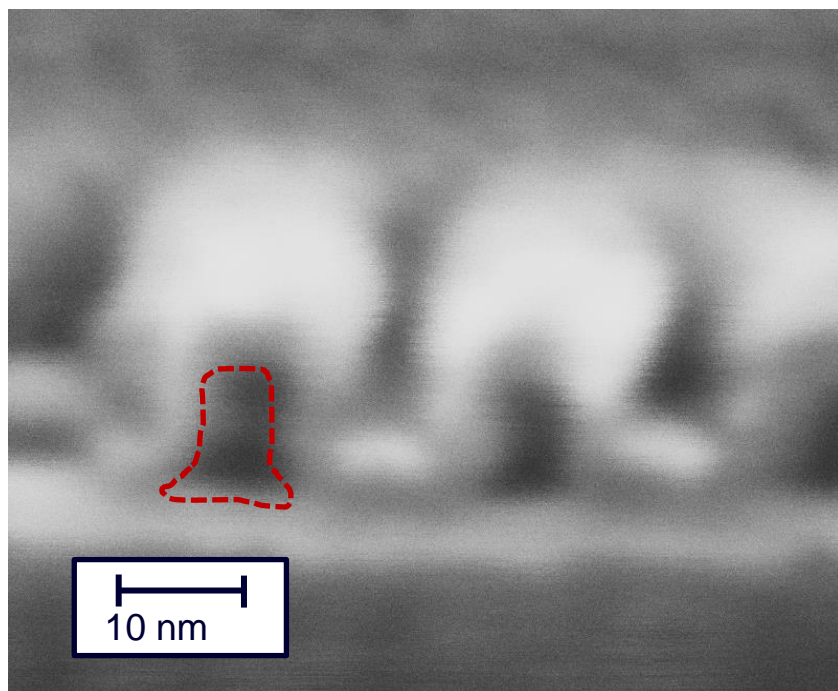
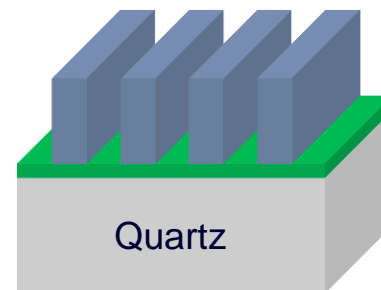
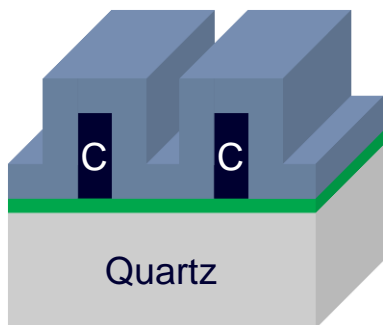
Carbon Structures trimmed

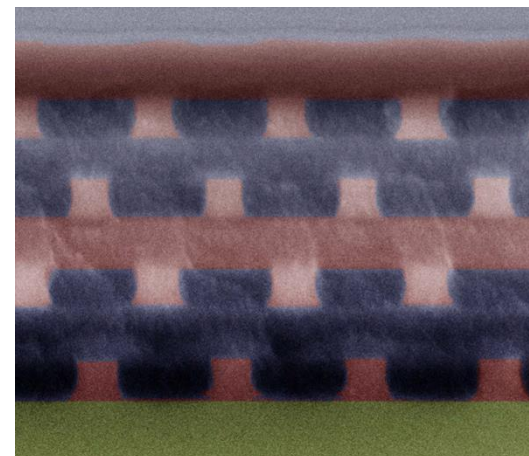
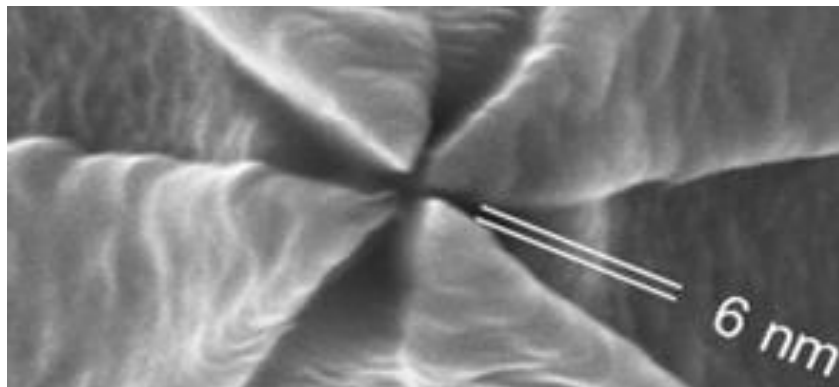


ALD coating – TiO₂ Thermal



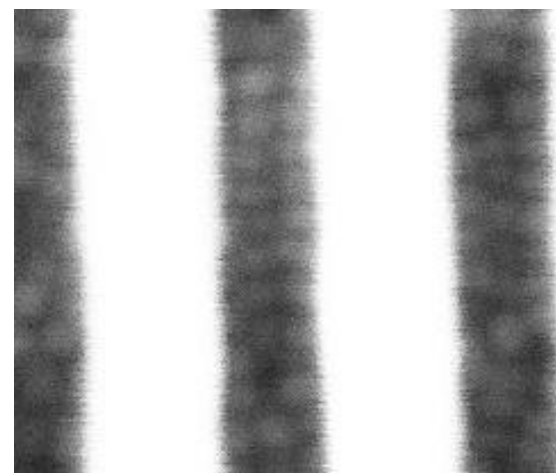
6 nm Patterned Features





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Photonic Crystals

Definition

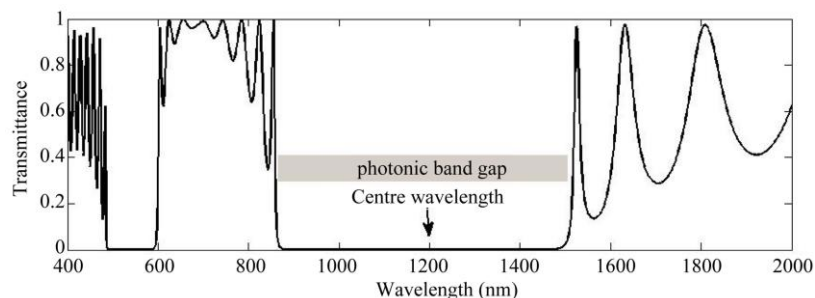
Photonic crystals are structures in which the **refractive index** is **periodically** modulated.

Properties

If the length scale of the modulation is comparable with the wavelength of light

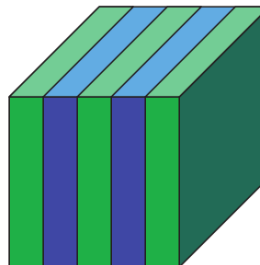


Photonic Band Gap (PBG)

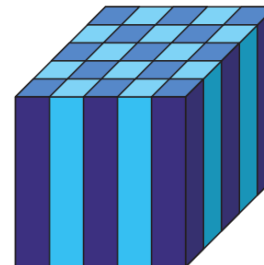


Rahman et al., Optics and photonics journal, 2012

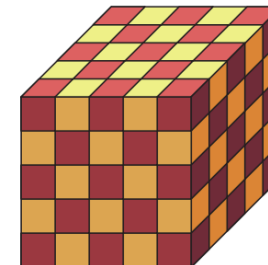
1-D



2-D



3-D

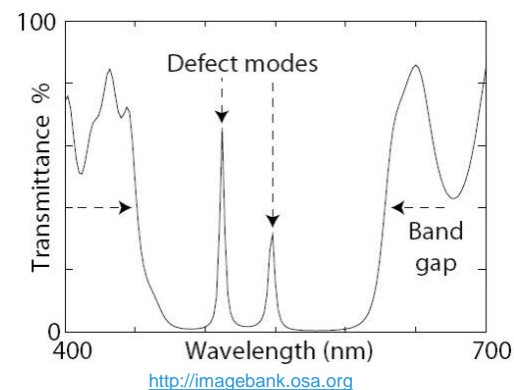


Joannopoulos et al., Princeton university press, 2008

Defect in the periodicity of the structure



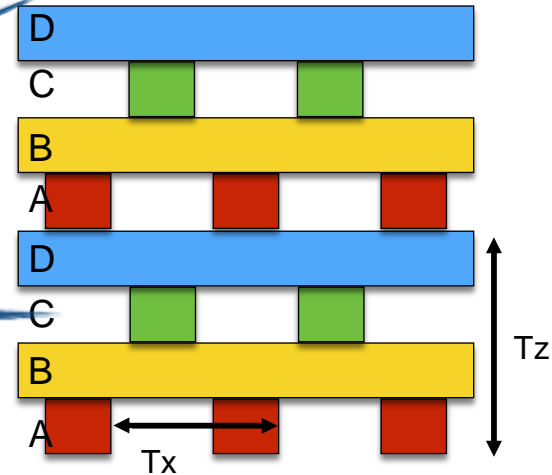
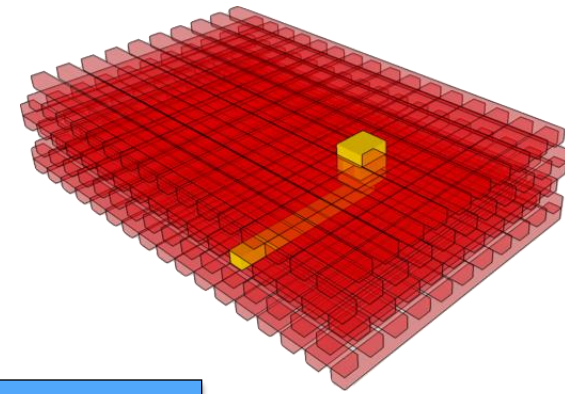
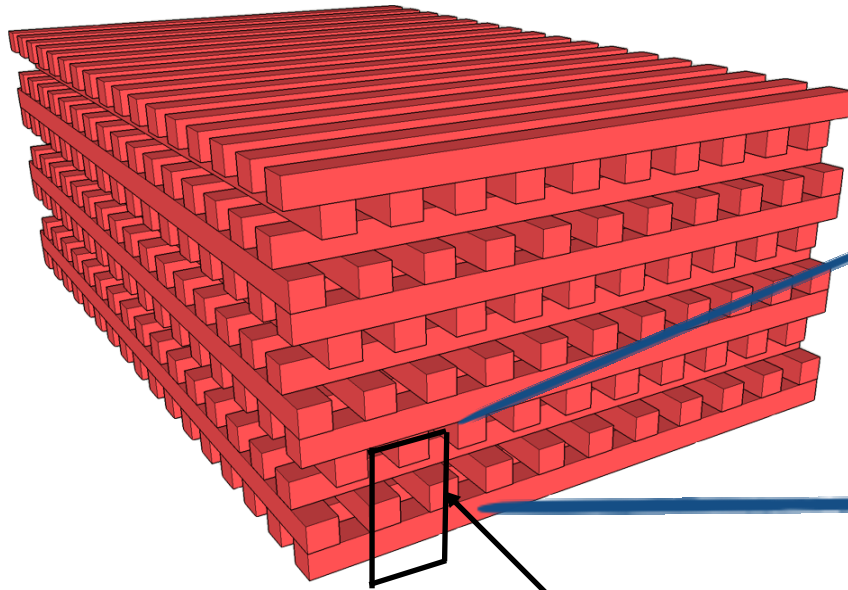
Defect mode in the PBG



<http://imagebank.osa.org>

3D Photonic crystals with defects for light guiding

Woodpile geometry



Unit cell => 4 layers

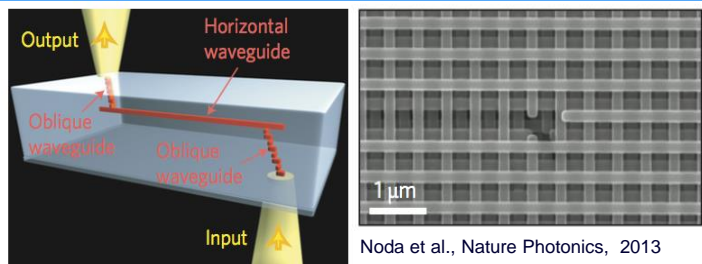
Why the woodpile?

FCC unit cell

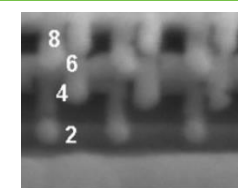
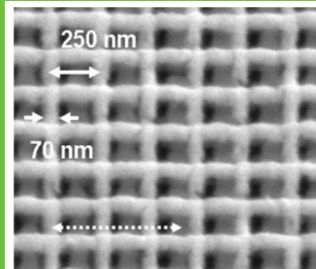
- FCC unit cell for Complete Photonic Band Gap*
- Compatible with standard fabrication techniques

IR - Kyoto University/Noda

VIS - Sandia Lab. / Koleske

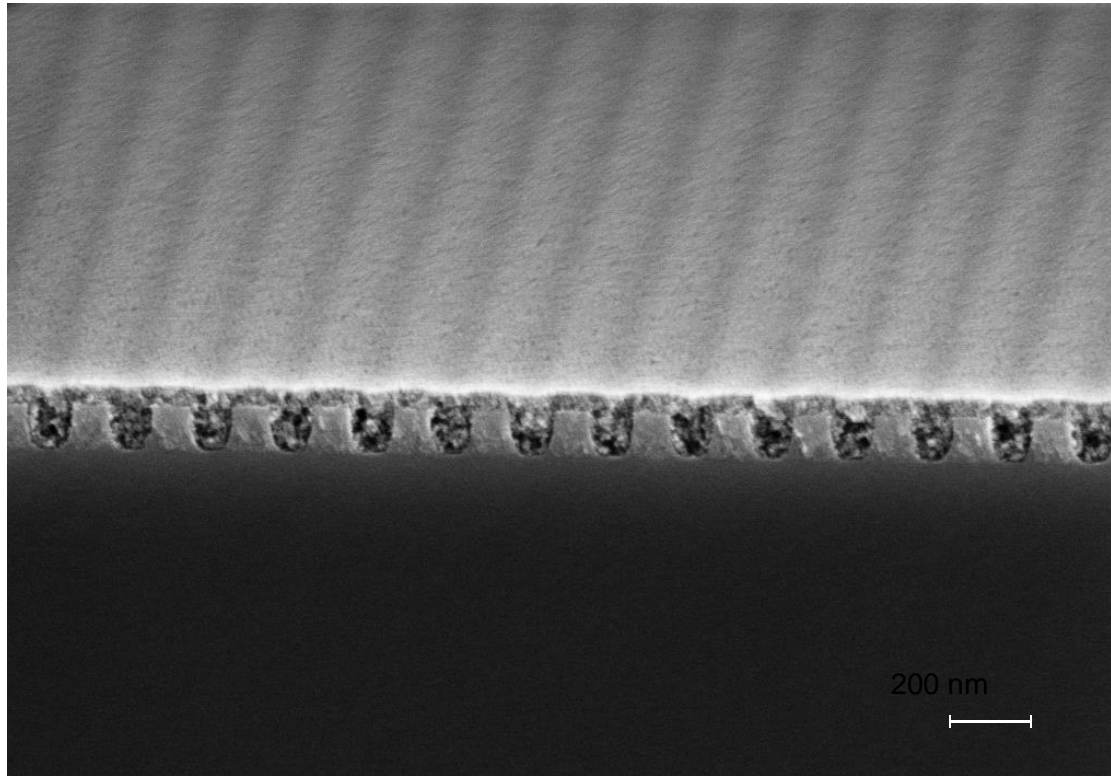


Noda et al., Nature Photonics, 2013

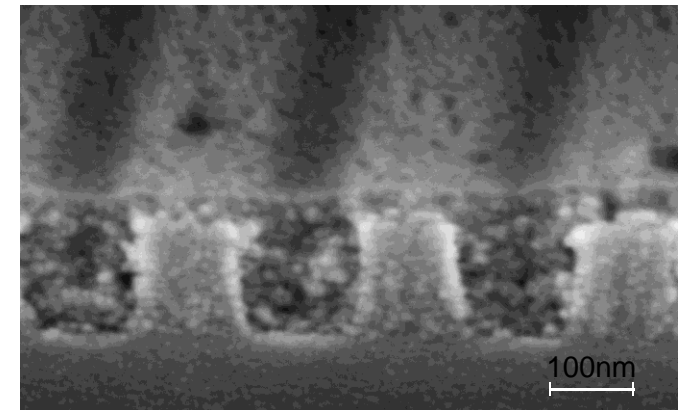
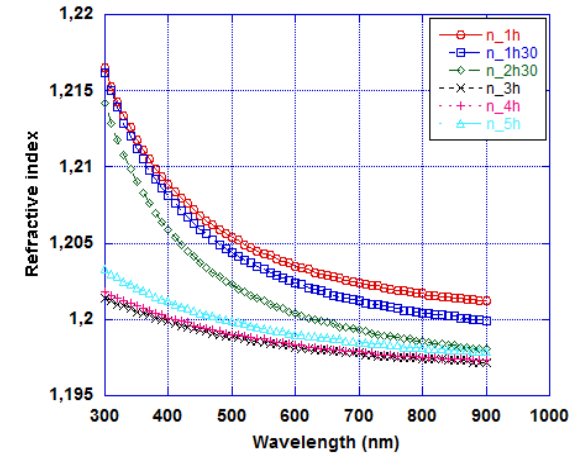


Koleske et al., Applied Materials 2010

The SBA polymer



SBA refractive index variability with annealing time



SEM cross sections

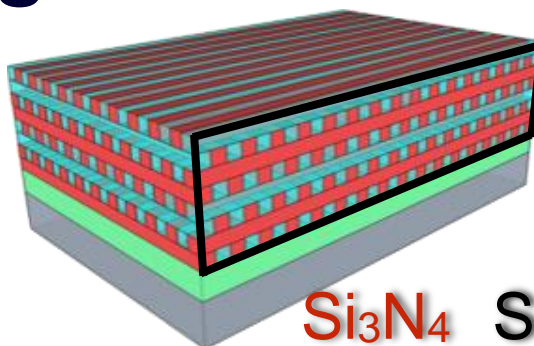
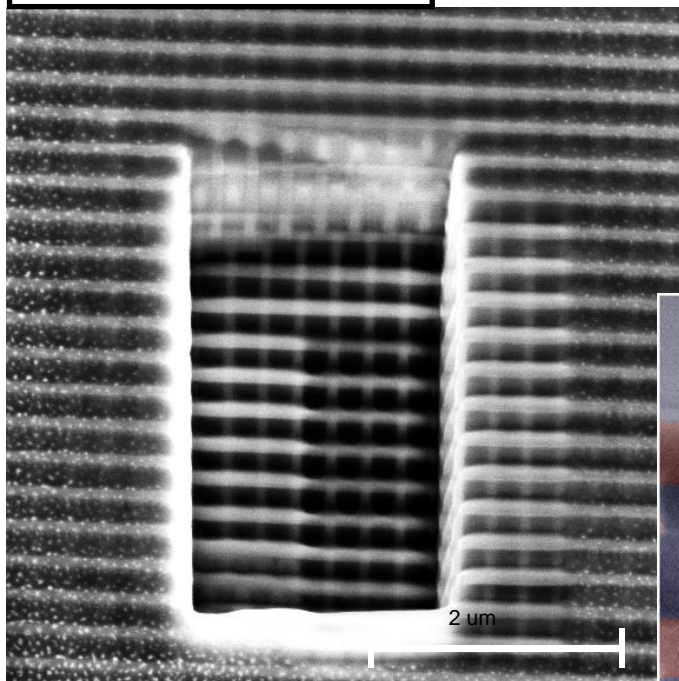
Self-planarization ➔ No CMP required

Simplification of fabrication process

SBA Polymer spin coating and annealing at 400°C

Results

SEM Top - View, Milling with FIB

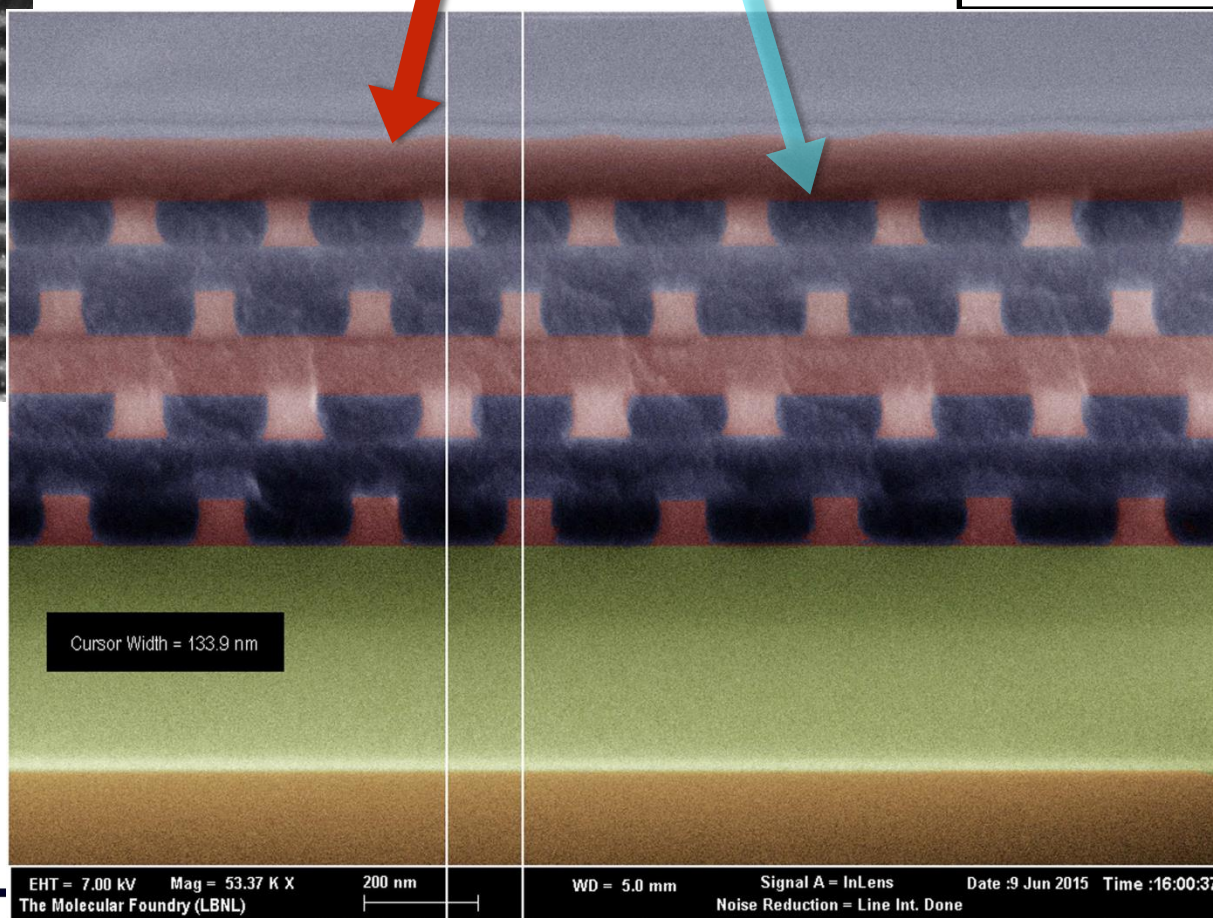


Legend

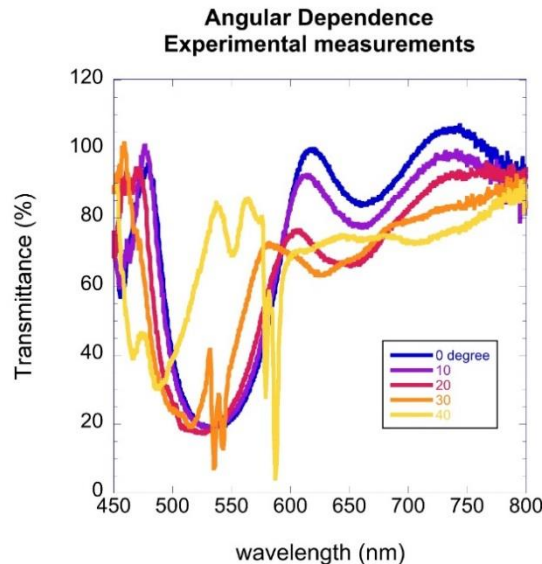
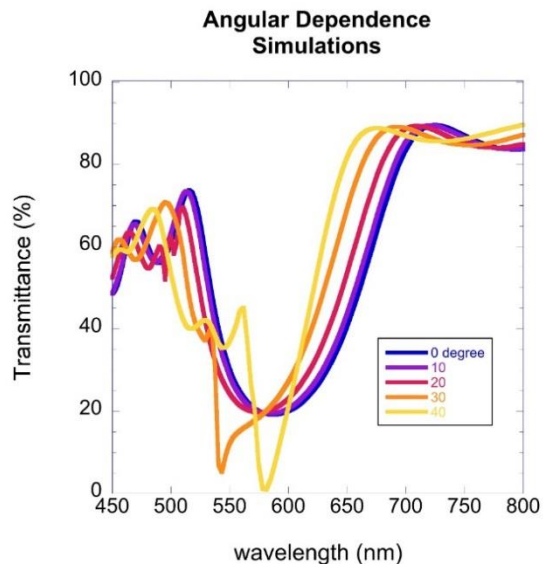


Si_3N_4 SBA polymer

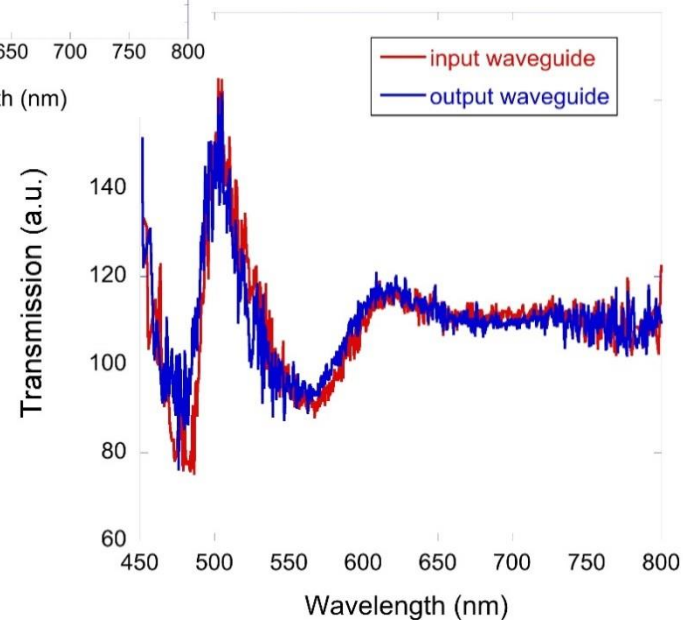
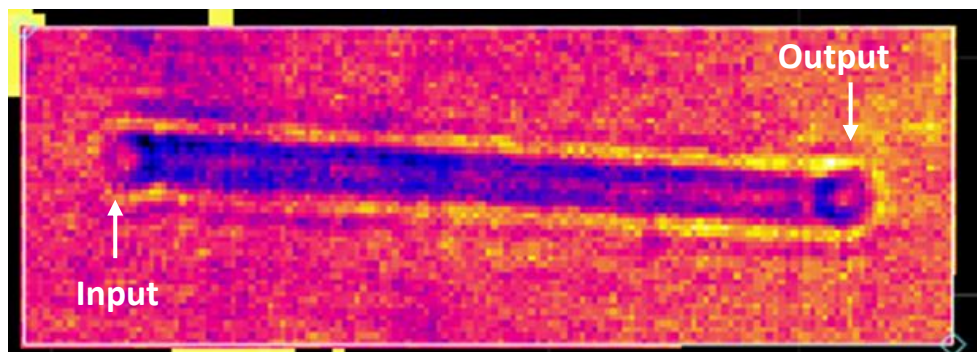
SEM cross section

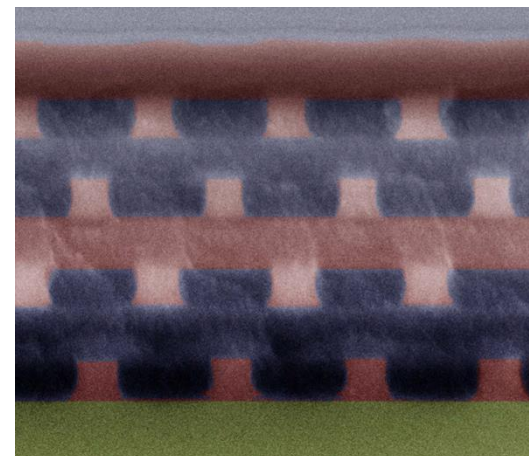
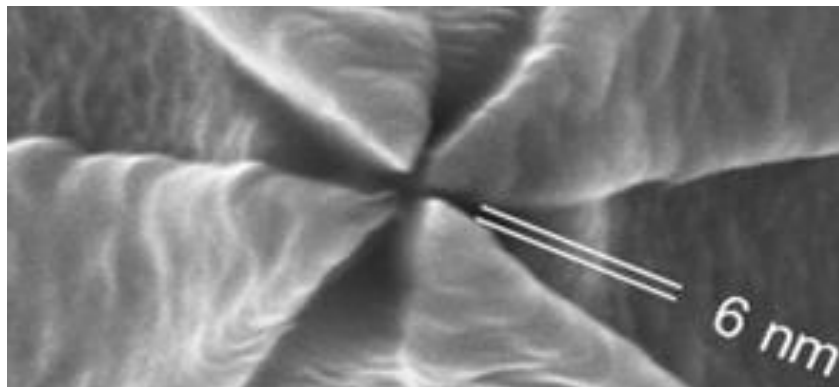


Optical Characterization



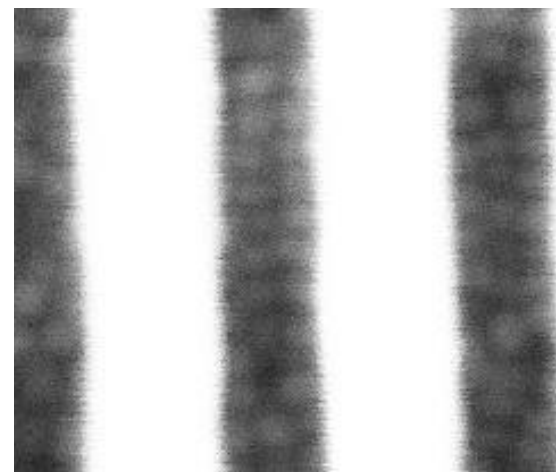
Scott Dhuey, Stefano Cabrini et al :
"Three-dimensional woodpile
photonic crystals for visible light
applications"; 2017 Journal of
Physics Communications, Volume 1,
Number 1



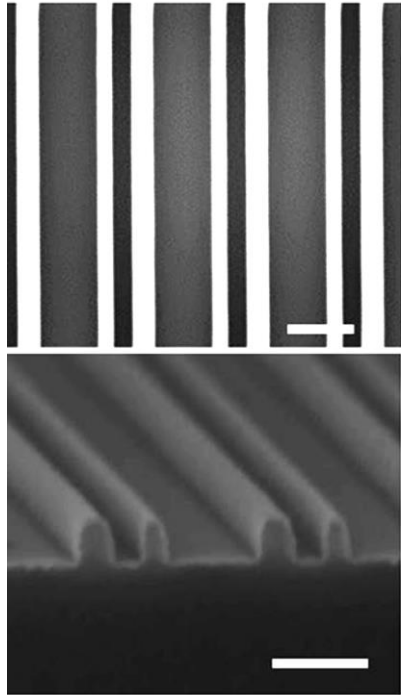


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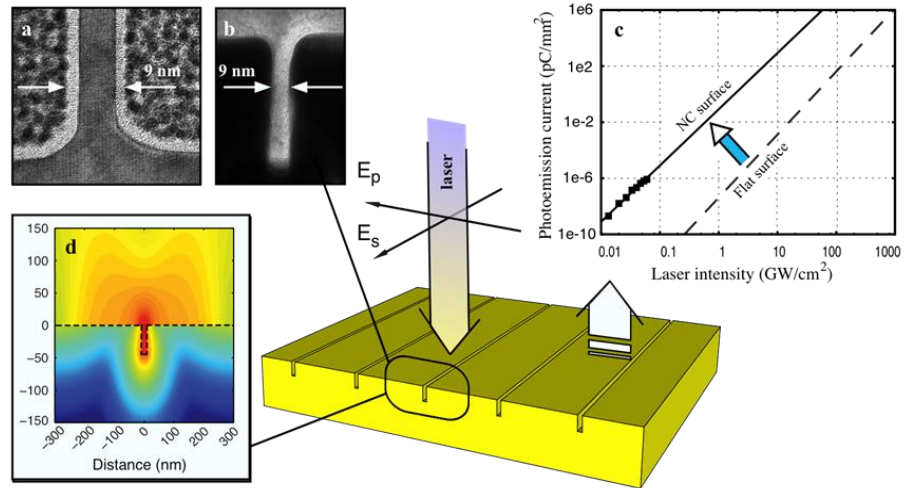


Nano Photonic Applications



High refractive index materials for Metasurfaces: advanced photonic applications:

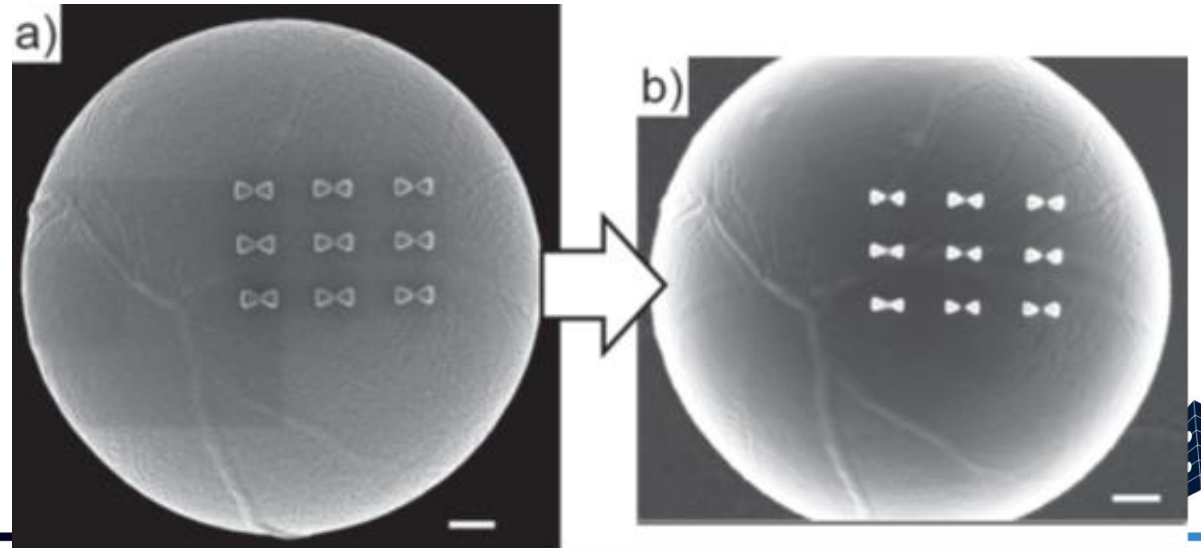
Enhanced Photocathode for X-ray FEL



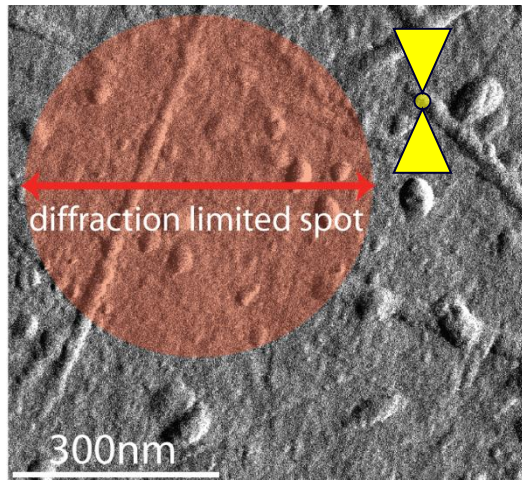
Howard Padmore, Advanced Light Source, Schuck and Cabrini; Sci. Rep. 2, (2012); Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, (2013)

Triggering and Monitoring Plasmon-Enhanced Reactions by Optical Nanoantennas

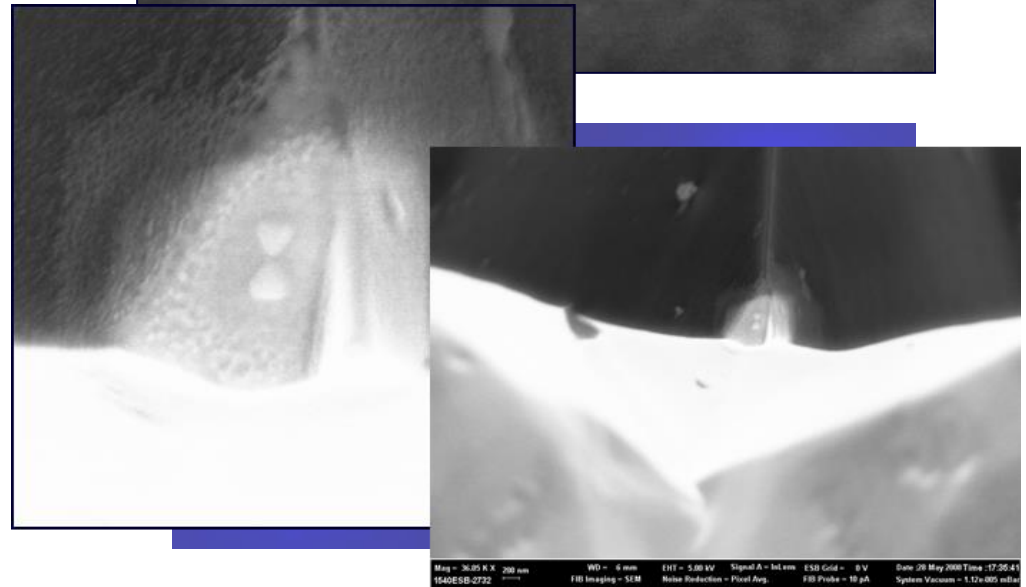
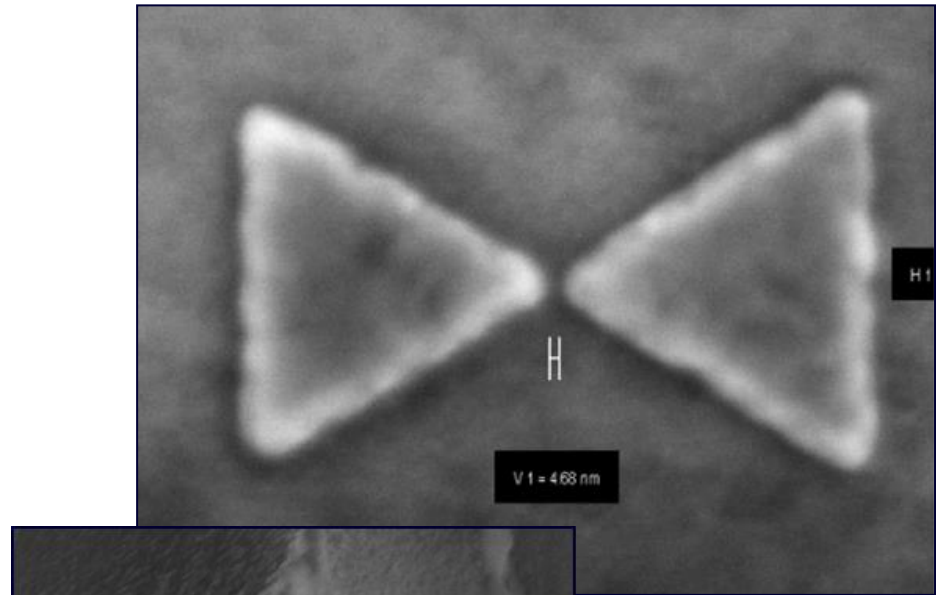
Alessandri Small 9, 3301-3307I (2013)



Significantly beating the diffraction limit.

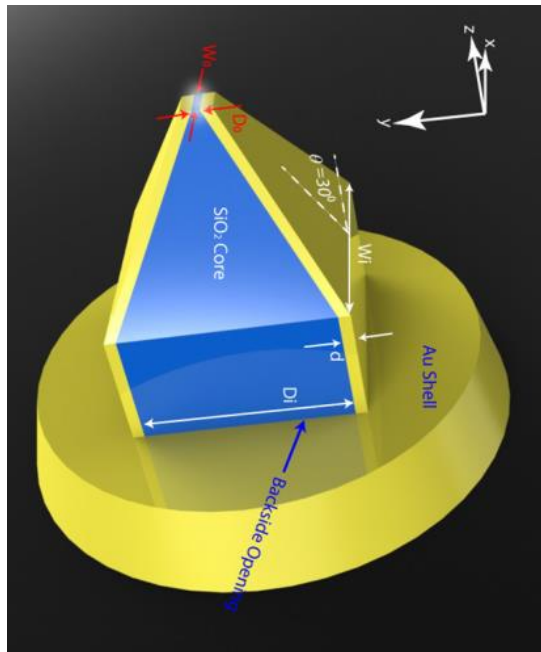


AFM image of CNT with the resolution spot of optical microscopy compared with the Bowties focus spot

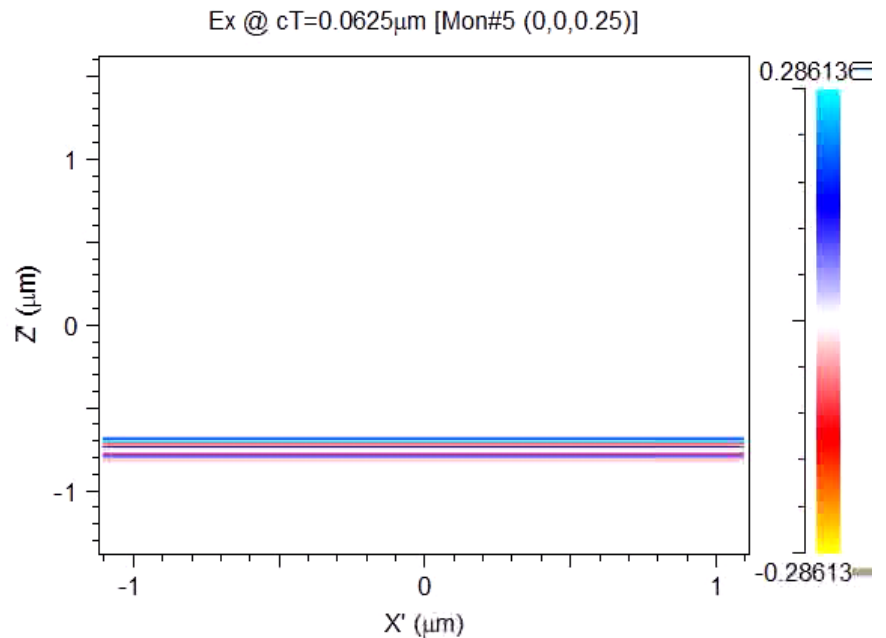


AWeber-Bargioni, S Cabrini et al: "Functional plasmonic antenna scanning probes fabricated by induced-deposition mask lithography"; Nanotechnology 21 (2010)

Optical Transformers on an Optical Fiber

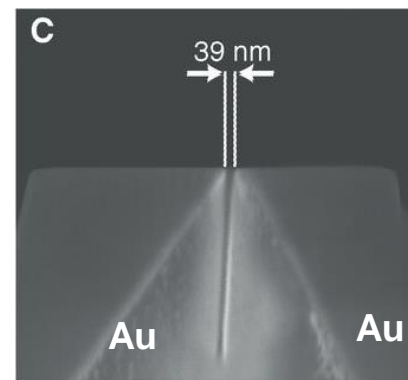
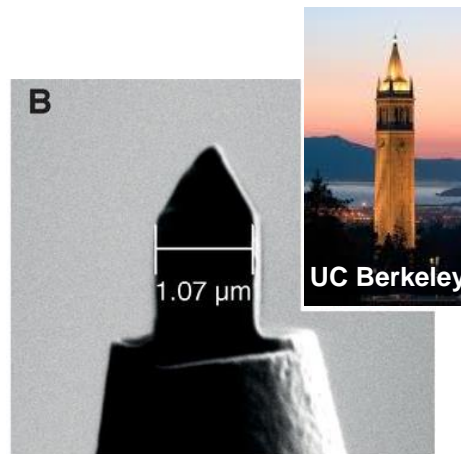
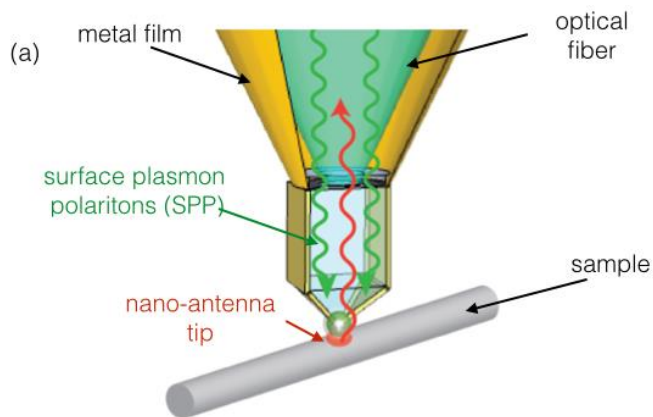


FDTD Finite-difference time-domain simulation



Hyuck Choo, Eli Yablonovitch et al Nature Photonics, 6, 838–844 (2012)

Campanile Near-field Probes

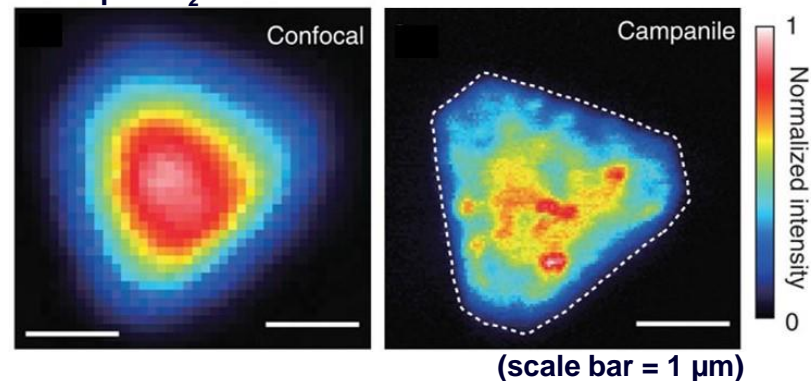


SCIENCE VOL 338 7 DECEMBER 2012

Offer numerous advantages

- Spatial resolution (gap size)
- Efficient broadband coupling
- Hyperspectral imaging at each point
- NO background signals

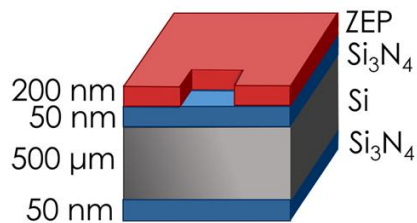
PL map MoS₂



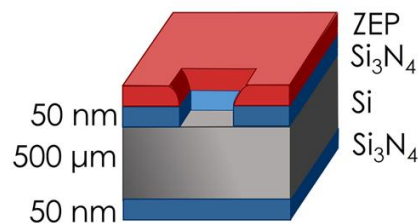
Nature Communications 2015, 6. 7993

Nanoimprinting Optical Transformers on an Optical Fiber

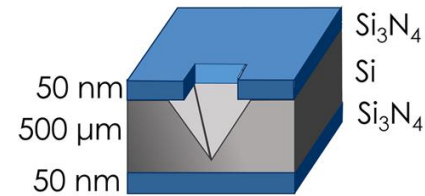
a) EBL exposure



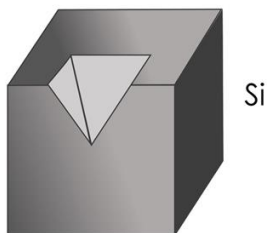
b) Si₃N₄ etching



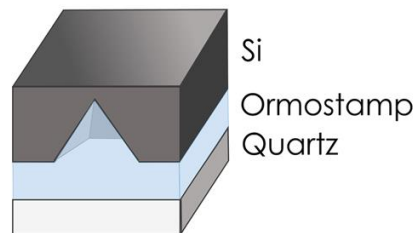
c) Si etching with KOH



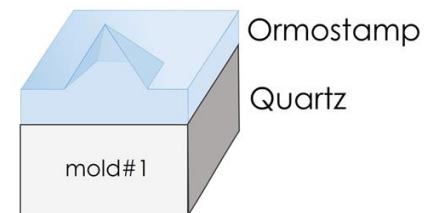
d) Si₃N₄ stripping (mastermold)



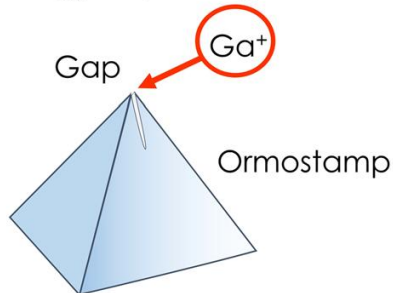
e) Replica of the pyramid



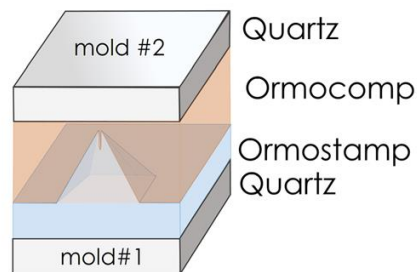
f) Demolding: mold #1



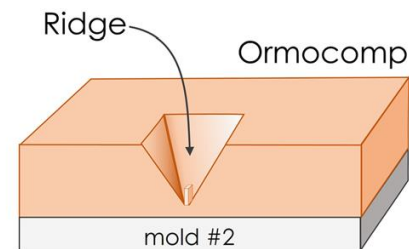
g) Gap Milling



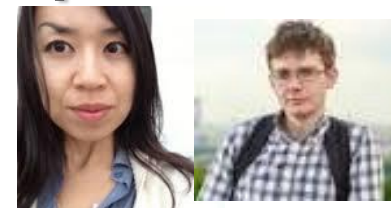
h) Replica of campanile: mold#2



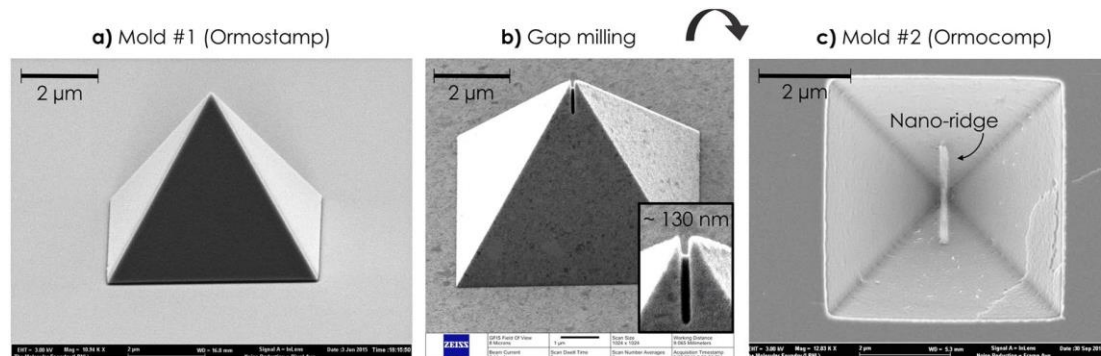
i) Final imprint mold#2



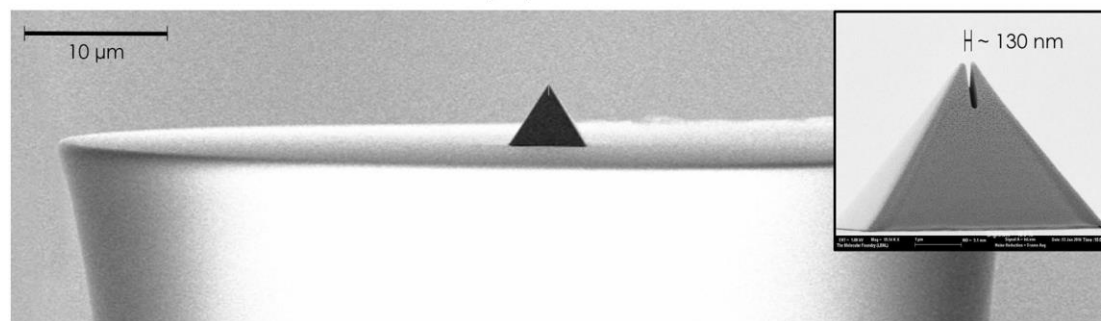
Nanoimprinting Optical Transformers on an Optical Fiber



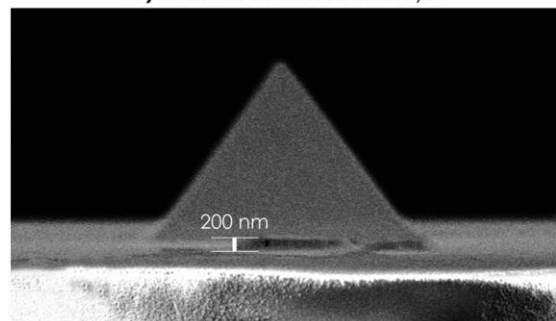
Keiko Munechika and Aleks Koshelev



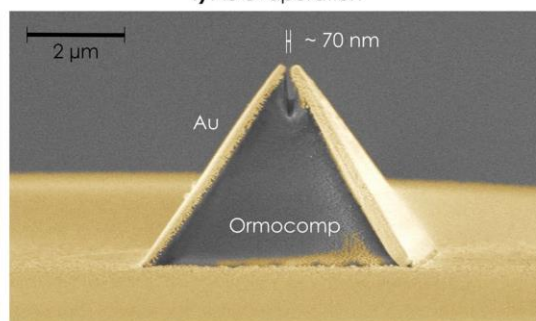
d) Imprint on a fiber



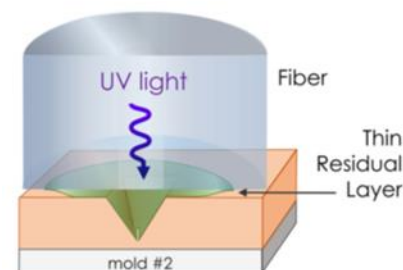
e) Evidence of thin residual layer



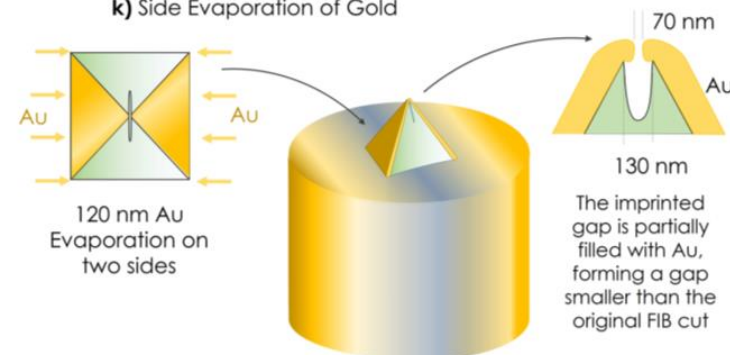
f) Au evaporation



j) NIL of campanile on a fiber

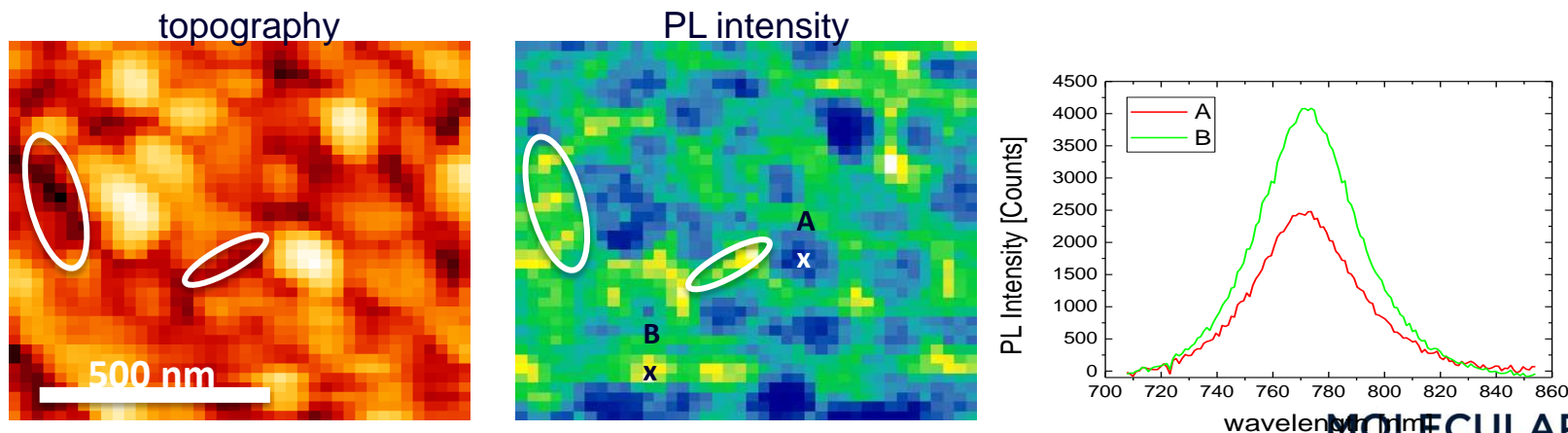
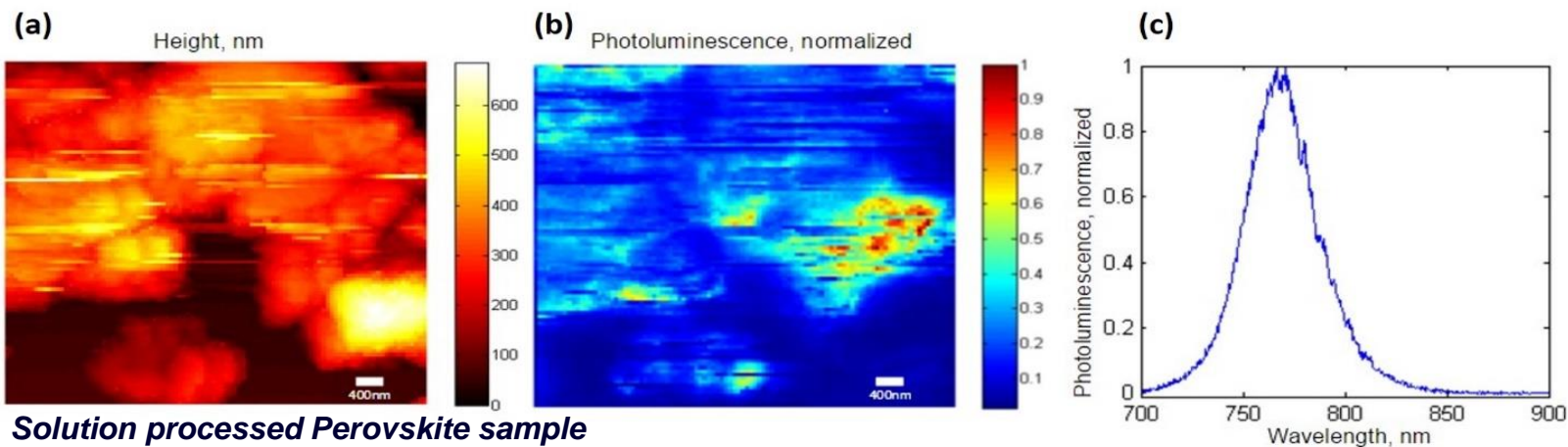


k) Side Evaporation of Gold



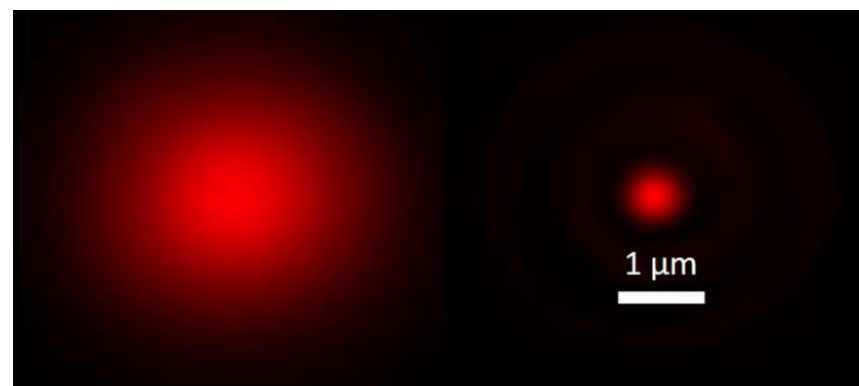
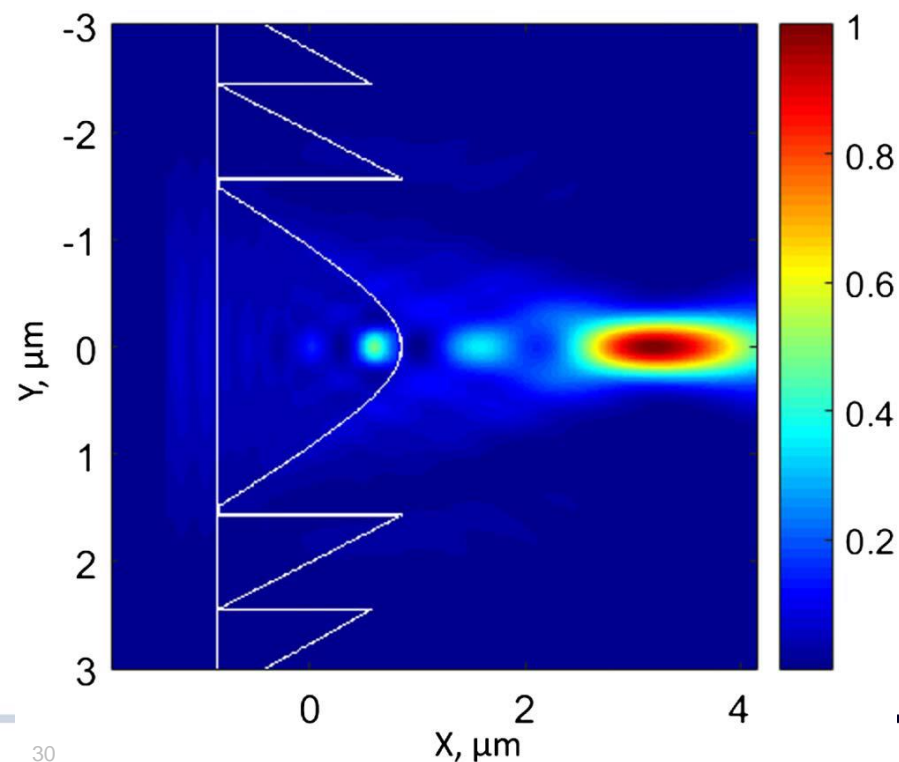
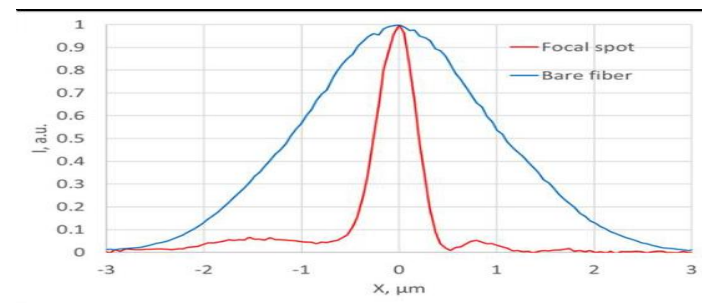
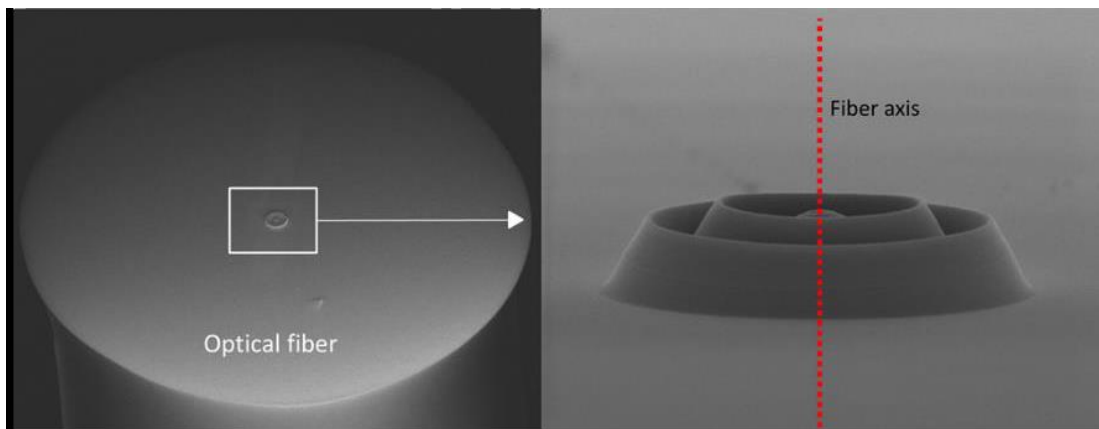
Imaging using imprinted Campanile probes

- Manufacturing yield improved > 10 fibers/day
- Imprinted Campaniles used for NSOM measurements by multiple research institutions
- Sub-diffraction features successfully imaged



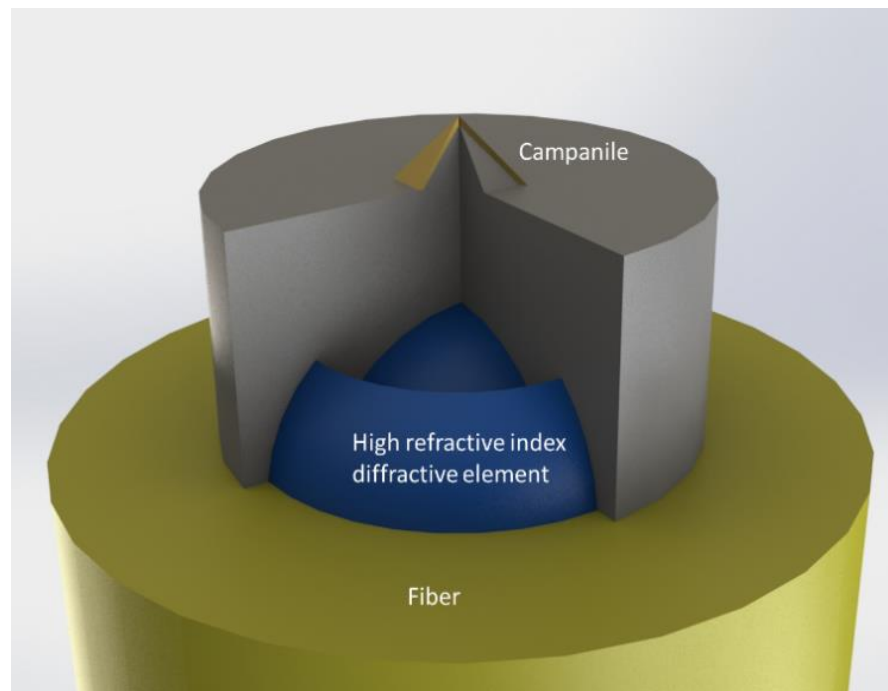
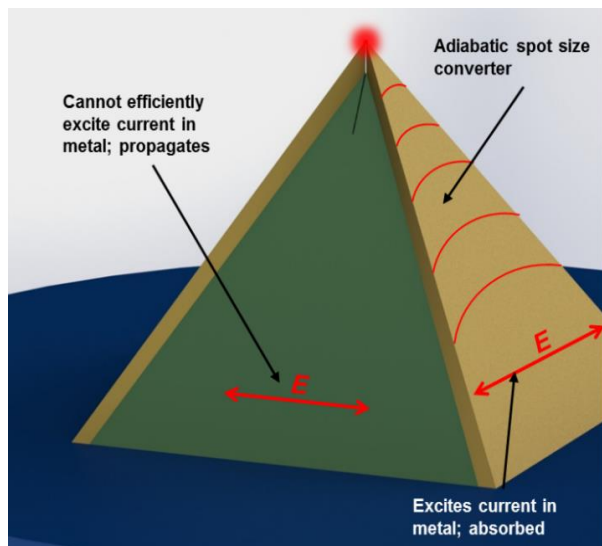
Methyl ammonium lead iodide ($\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{PbI}_3$) solar cell

High Refractive Index Fresnel Lens on a Optical Fiber



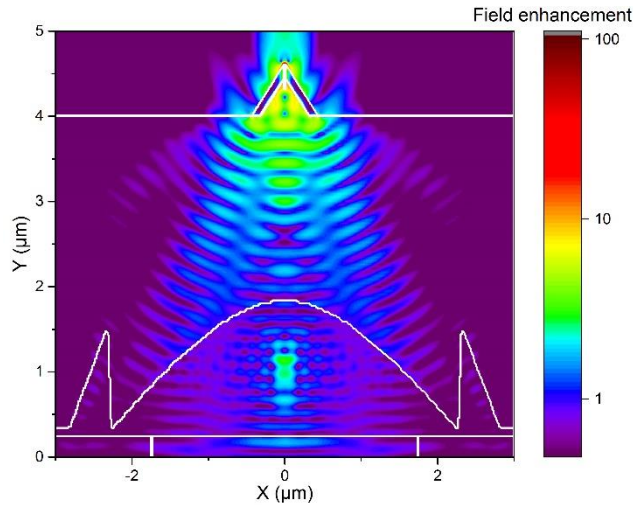
*A. Koshelev, K. Munechika, Stefano Cabrini et al; Optics Letters
Vol. 41, Issue 15, pp. 3423-3426 (2016)*

Hybrid Photonic-Plasmonic Probe

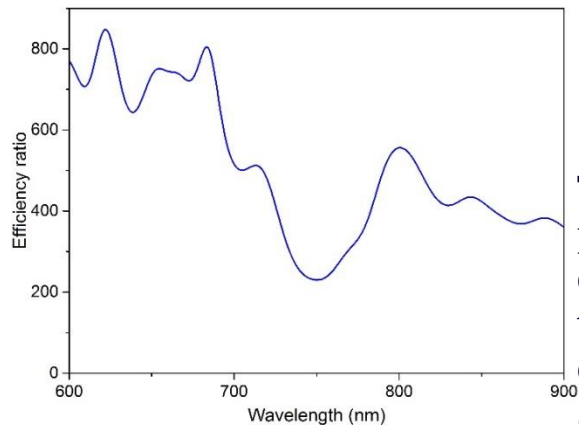
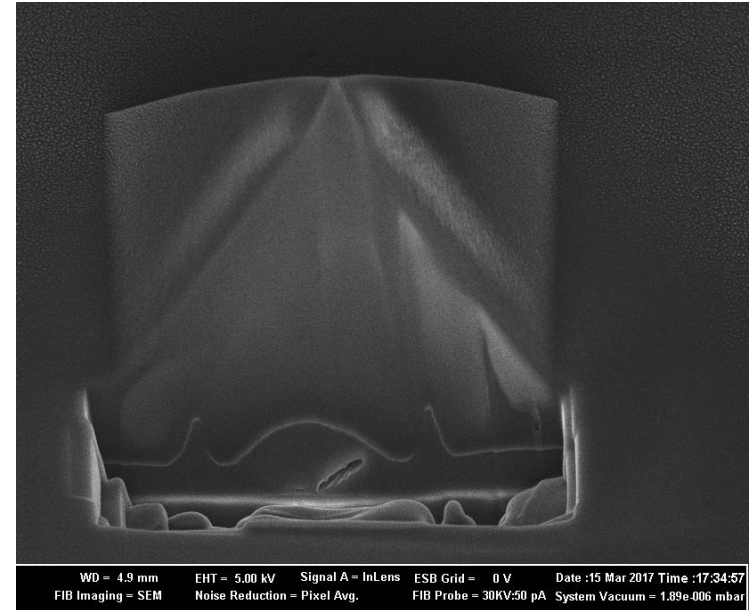


alexander koshelev, keiko munechika, stefano cabrini: "Hybrid photonic-plasmonic near-field probe for efficient light conversion into the nanoscale hot spot" accepted

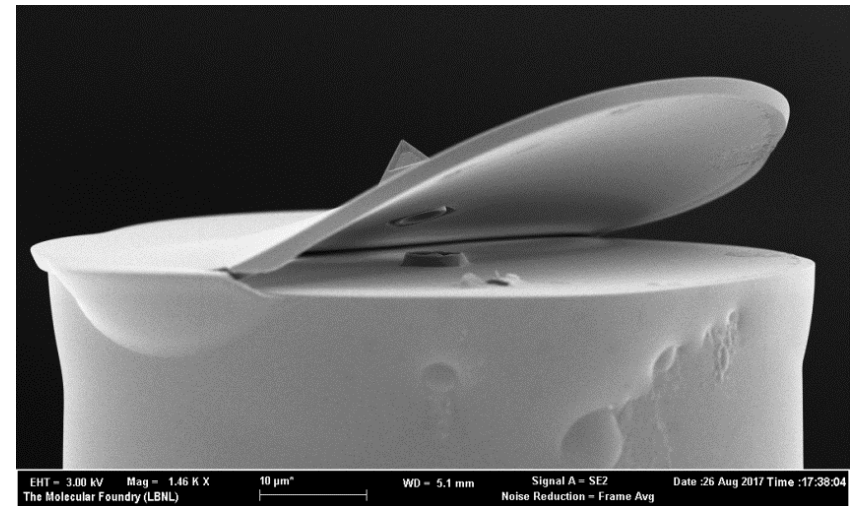
Prototype Hybrid Photonic-Plasmonic Probe



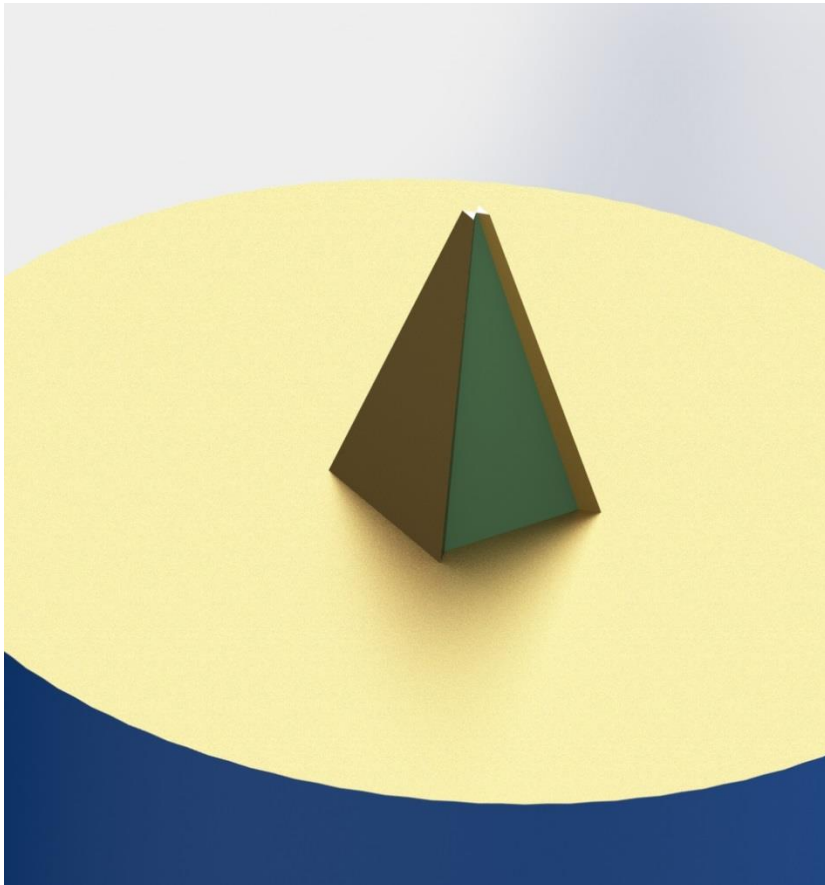
Cross section of the simulated field enhancement inside the hybrid probe in the excitation mode at 633 nm wavelength. The maximum field enhancement is 105.



The ratio of the hybrid probe efficiency at 633 nm excitation wavelength to the efficiency of the campanile tip is about 540.

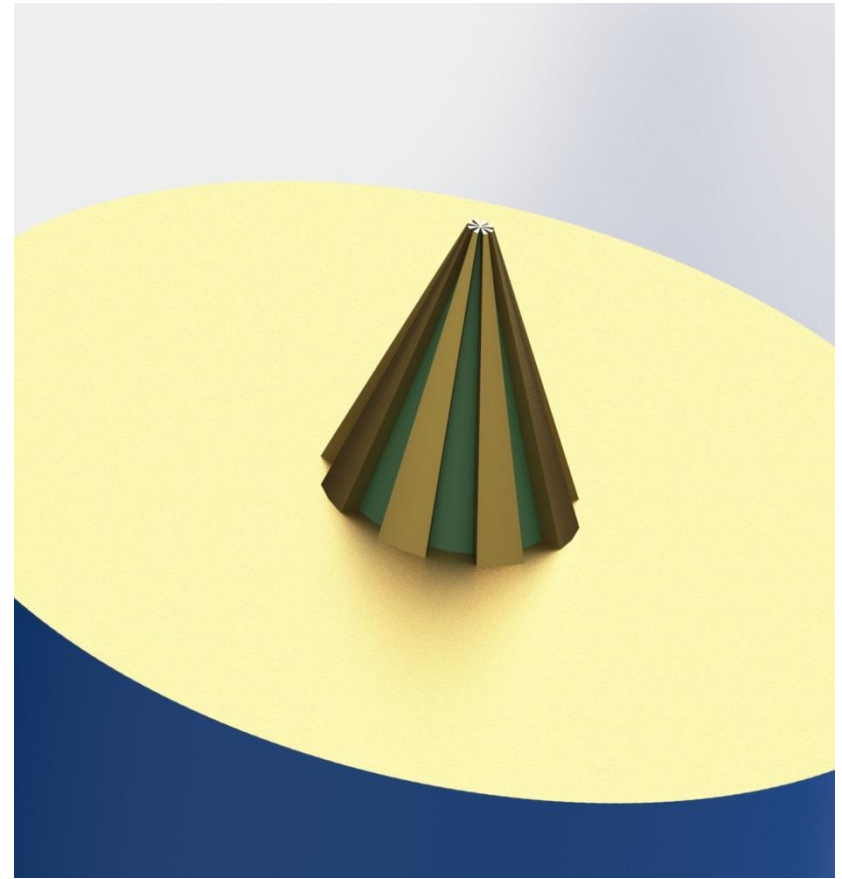


Campanile



- Rectangular geometry
- Transmits only one polarization
- One of the polarization is efficiently localized because it cannot excite electric current in the perpendicular metal stripe

Pin-Wheel



- Could potentially have circular geometry
- Potentially Polarization insensitive
- Both polarizations efficiently localized due to inability to excite current in narrow metal stripes

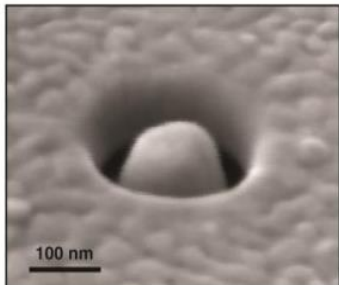
Coaxial Plasmonic Nanoresonators Fabricated by HIL Helium Ion Lithography

Ga⁺ FIB

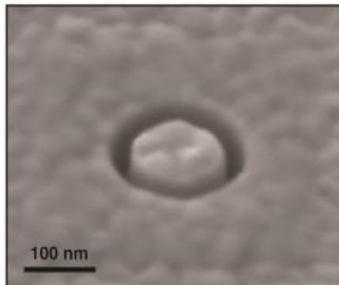
He⁺ FIB

HIL 8 nm gap

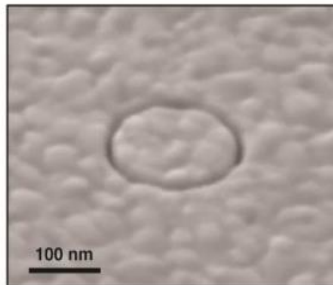
(a) $g=30$ nm, $d=200$ nm (FIB)



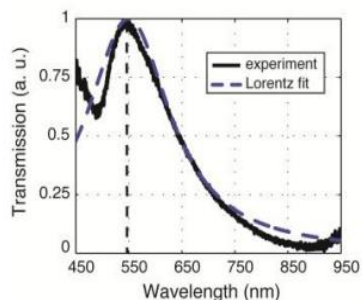
(b) $g=30$ nm, $d=200$ nm (HIM)



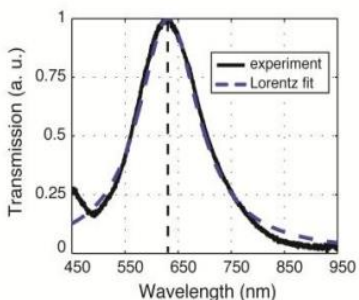
(c) $g=8$ nm, $d=200$ nm (HIM)



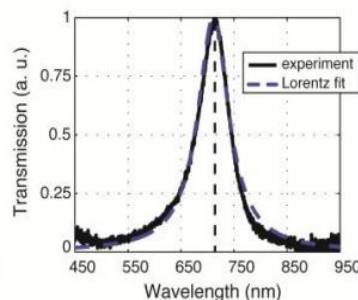
(d) $\lambda_{\text{res}}=545$ nm, $Q=2.8$ (FIB)



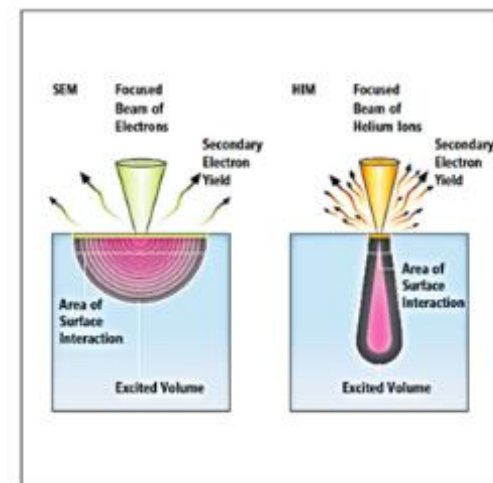
(e) $\lambda_{\text{res}}=635$ nm, $Q=4.6$ (HIM)



(f) $\lambda_{\text{res}}=710$ nm, $Q=10$ (HIM)



Zeiss -ORION PLUS Helium-Ion Microscope available at the BNC lab QB3 Stanley Hall UCB



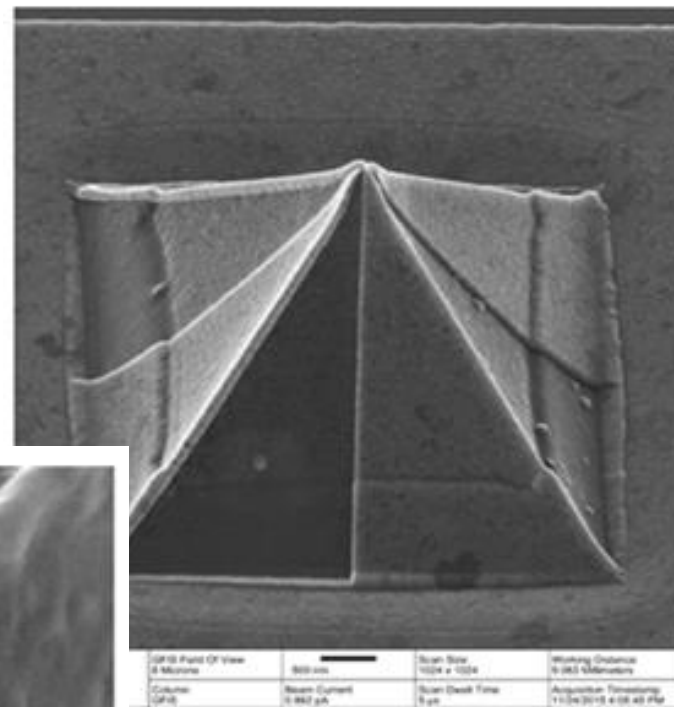
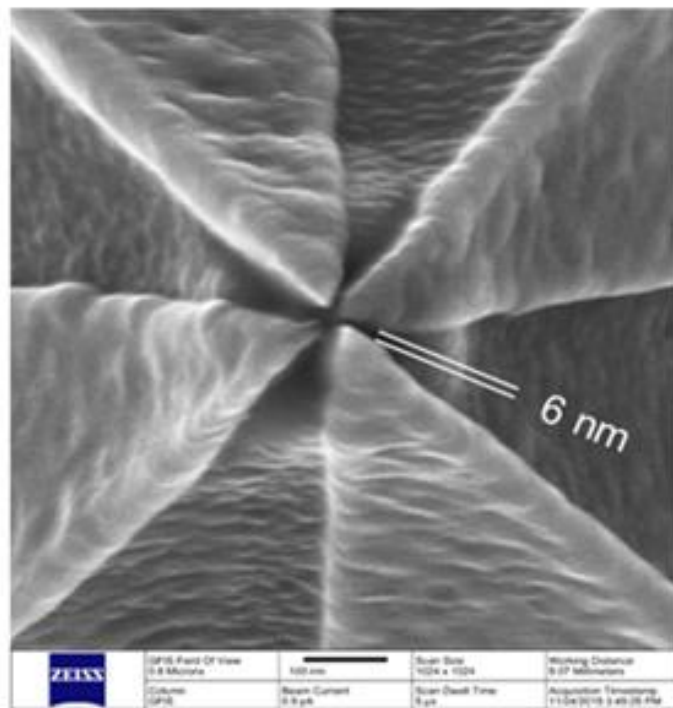
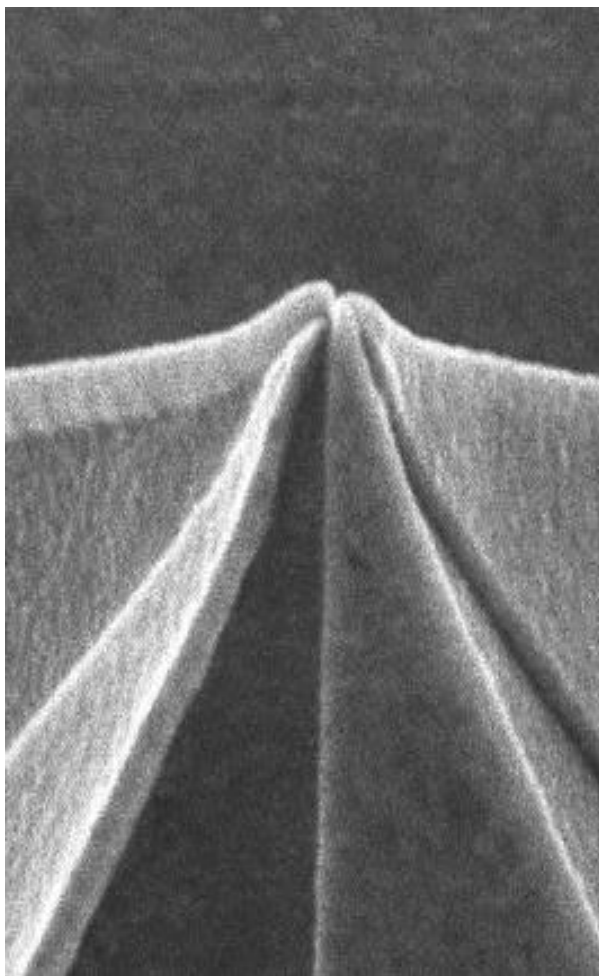
100 nm thick gold film

M. Melli, A. Polyakov et al; "Reaching the Theoretical Resonance Quality Factor Limit in Coaxial Plasmonic Nanoresonators Fabricated by Helium Ion Lithography"; Nano Lett. Vol 13, Issue 6 pp 2687–2691 (June 2013)

**MOLECULAR
FOUNDRY**

Molecular
Foundry

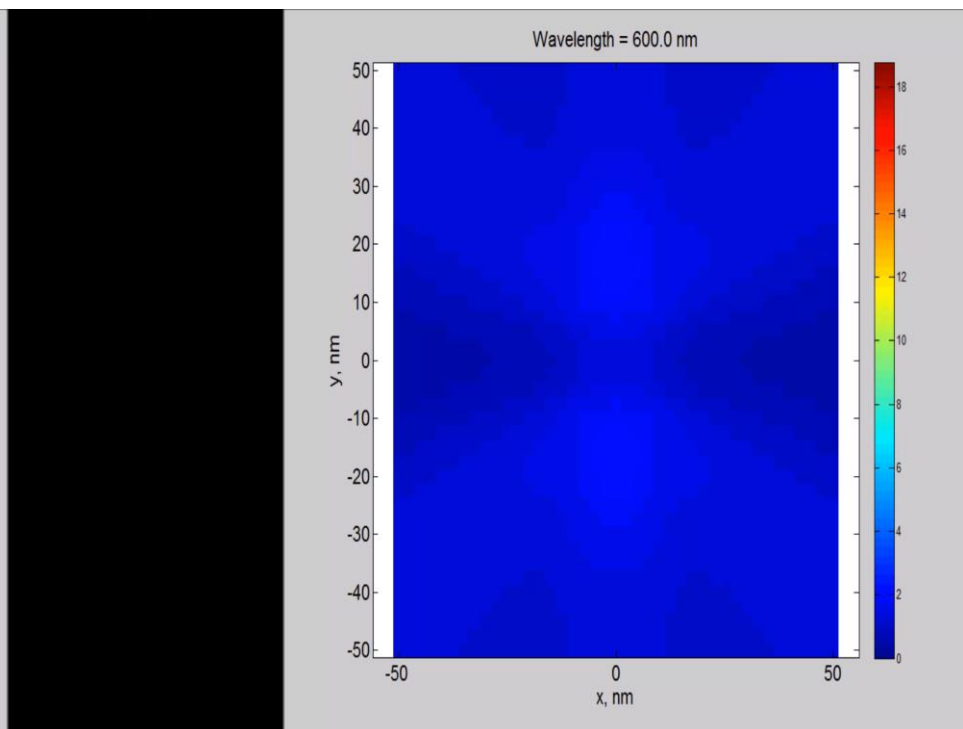
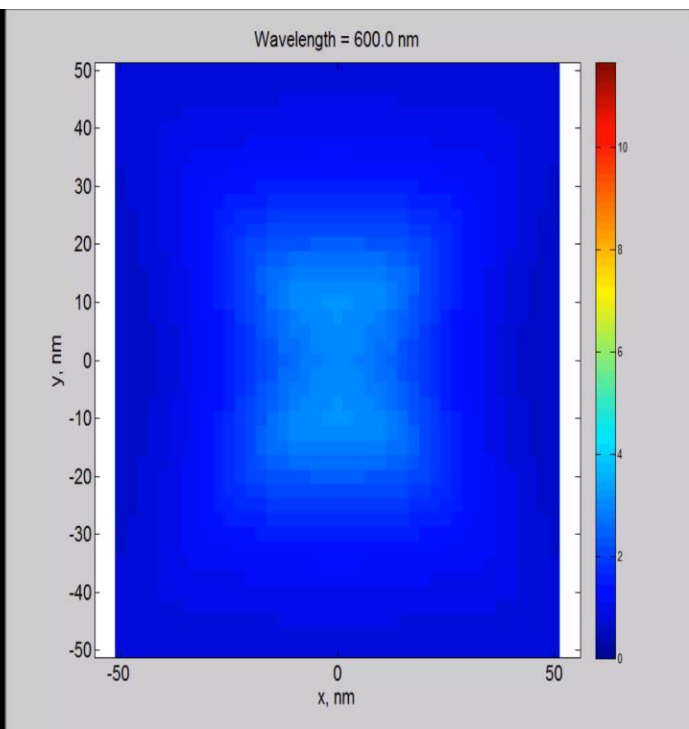
Pin-Wheel tip on SiN AFM cantilever



Simulation: comparison of the Field Enhancement Campanile VS Pin-Wheel

Campanile

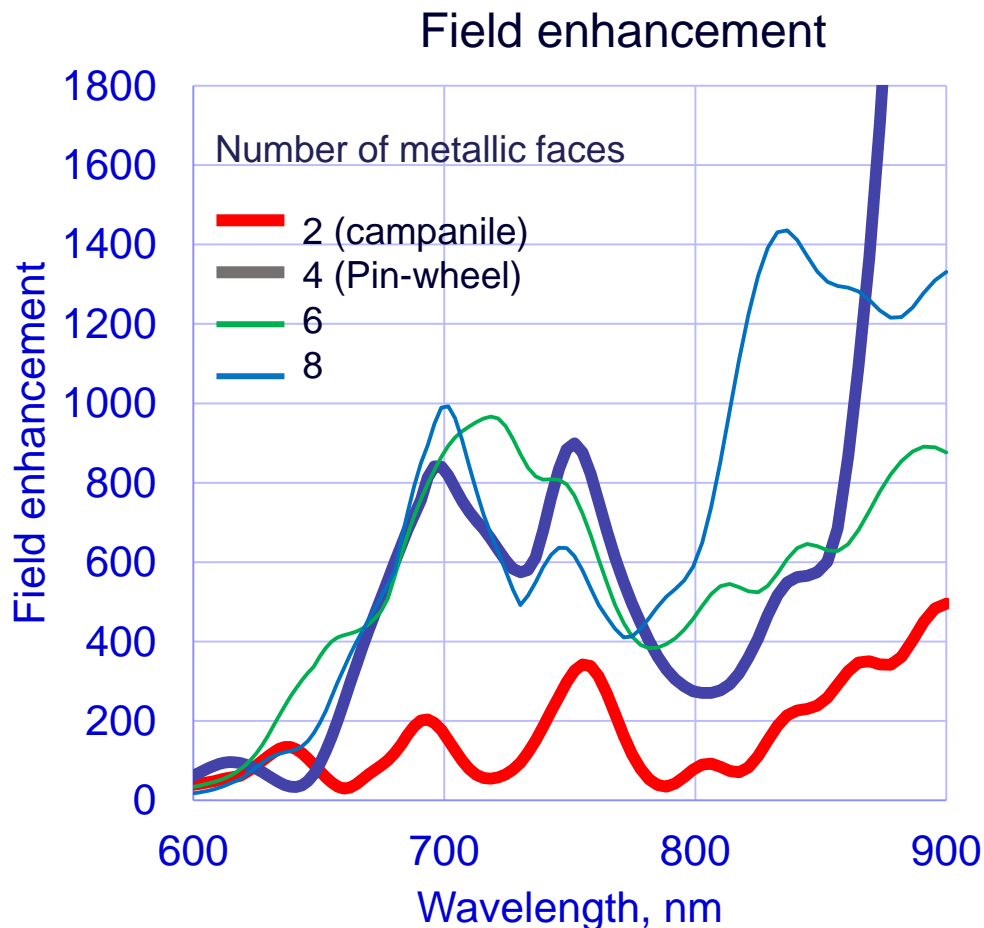
Pin-wheel

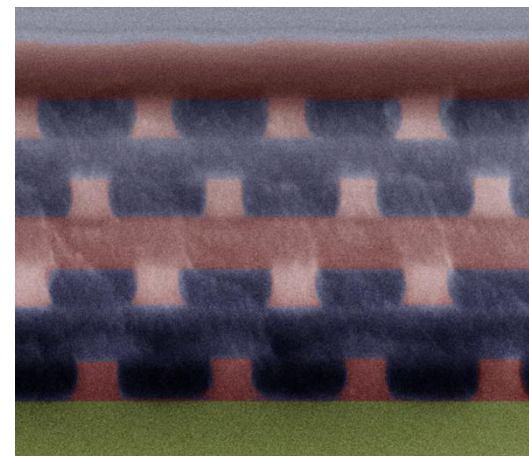
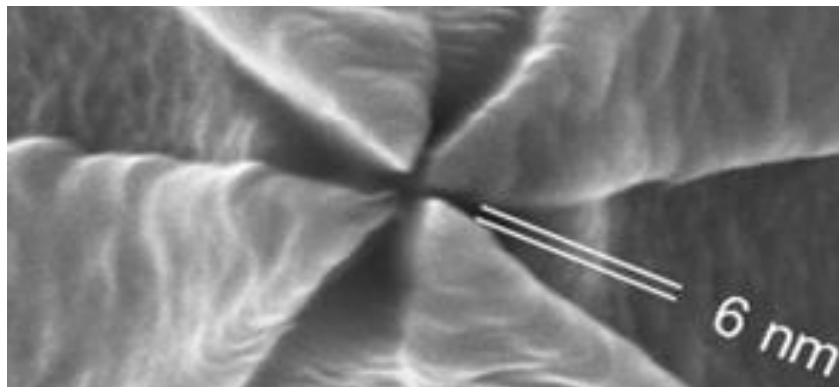


Comparison of the Field Enhancement Campanile VS Pin-Wheel

Parameters:

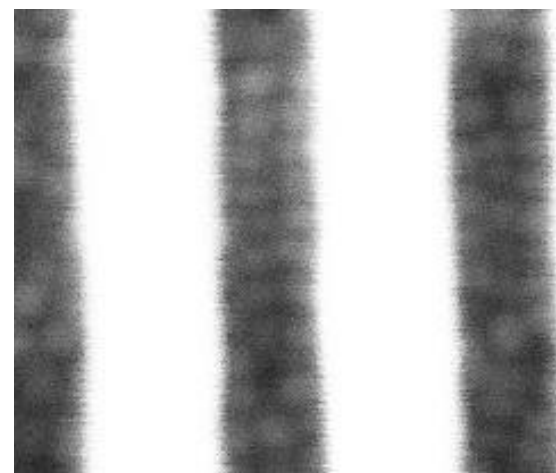
- Gap width 20 nm
- Gap-to-detector distance 10 nm
- Base width 5.5 μm
- Height 3.8 μm
- Gold thickness 120 nm





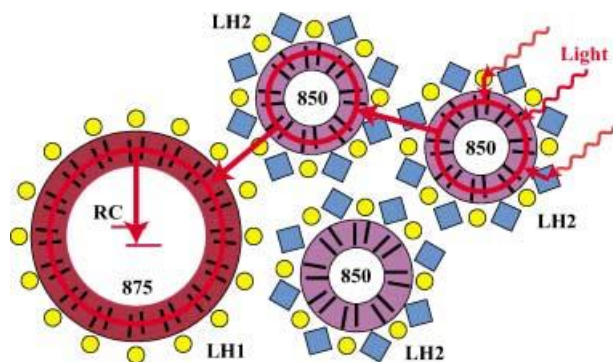
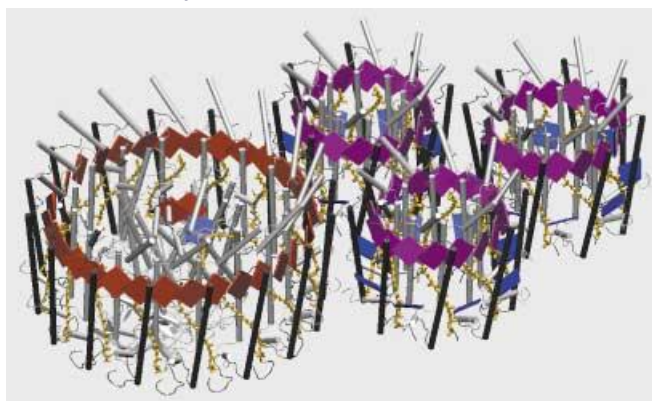
Outlook

- SDN: organization of the nanomaterial below 10 nm
- Nanofabrication 2D: 6nm features.
- Controlling the patterning in 3D: Photonic Crystals
- 3D Plasmonic
- Directed self-assembly of nanoparticles



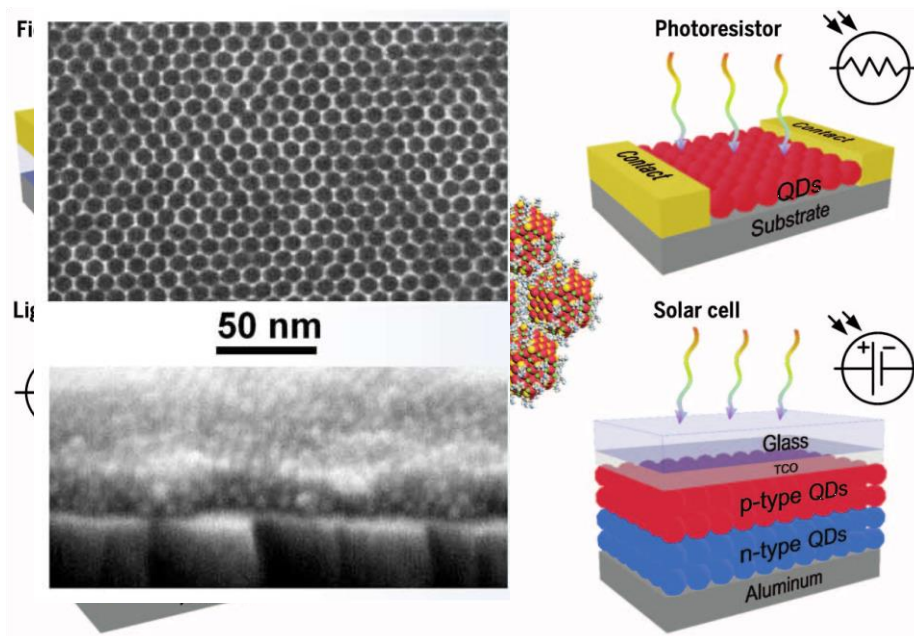
Excitonic systems

Photosynthetic Unit (PSU)



T. Ritz *et al.* The Quantum Physics of Photosynthesis ChemPhysChem 3 (2002) 243–248

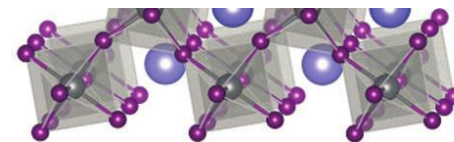
Nanocrystal Solids



N. Kholmicheva *et al.* Energy Transfer in Quantum Dots Solids ACS Energy Lett. 2 (2017) 154–160

C. Kagan, E. Lifshitz, E. Sargent, D. Talapin, Building Devices from Colloidal Quantum Dots Science 353 (2016) 6302

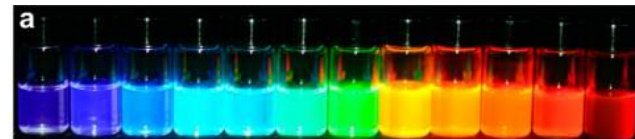
CsPbX₃ perovskite nanocrystals



Excellent optical properties

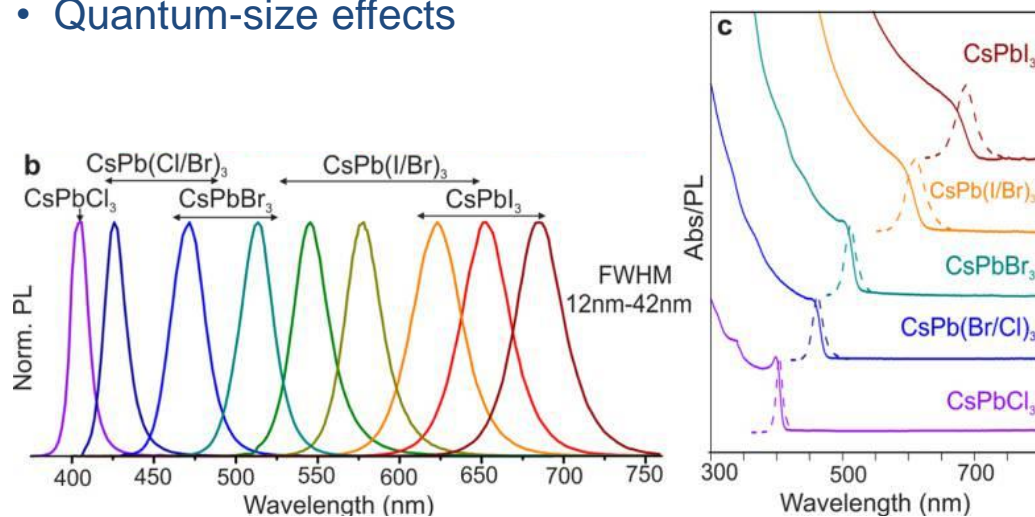
Bright photoluminescence (PL)

- High quantum yield of 50-90%
- Narrow emission line widths of 12-42 nm

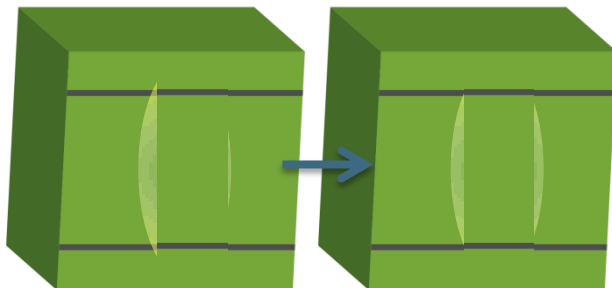


Tunable bandgap energies over the entire visible spectral region by:

- Compositional control (mixed halide Cl/Br and Br/I systems)
- Quantum-size effects



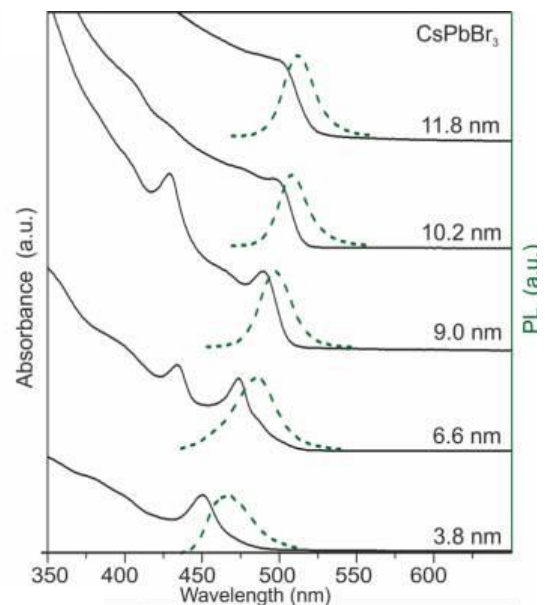
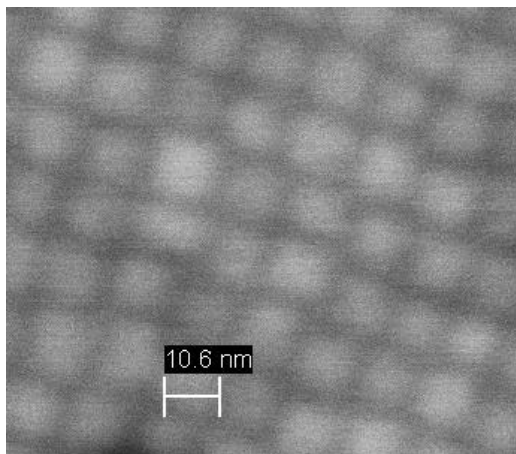
Exciton diffusion via FRET



FRET efficiency:

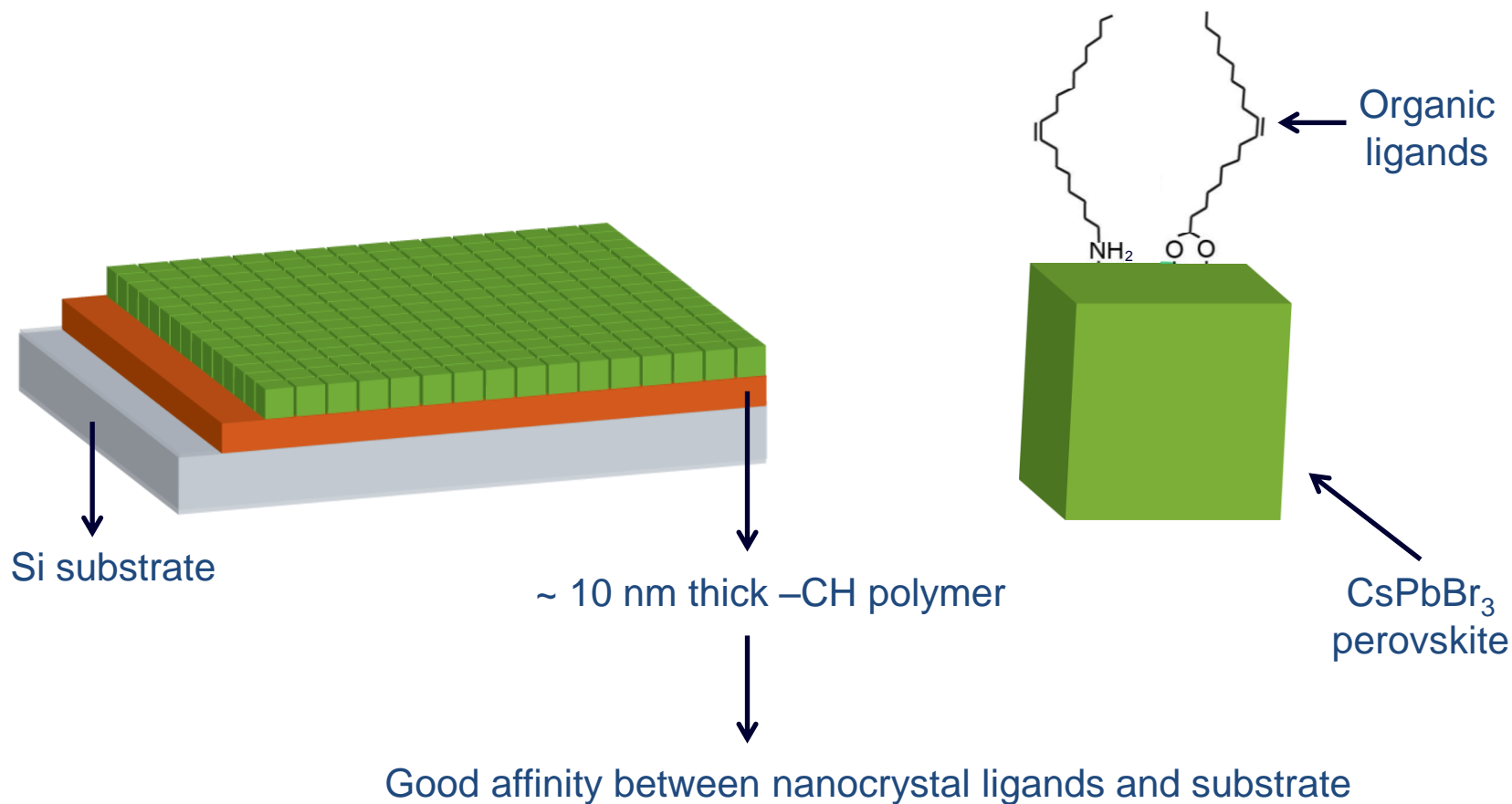
- Spatial separation $\sim R^{-6}$
- Spectral overlap
- Dipole vectors alignment

Förster Resonant Energy Transfer (FRET)

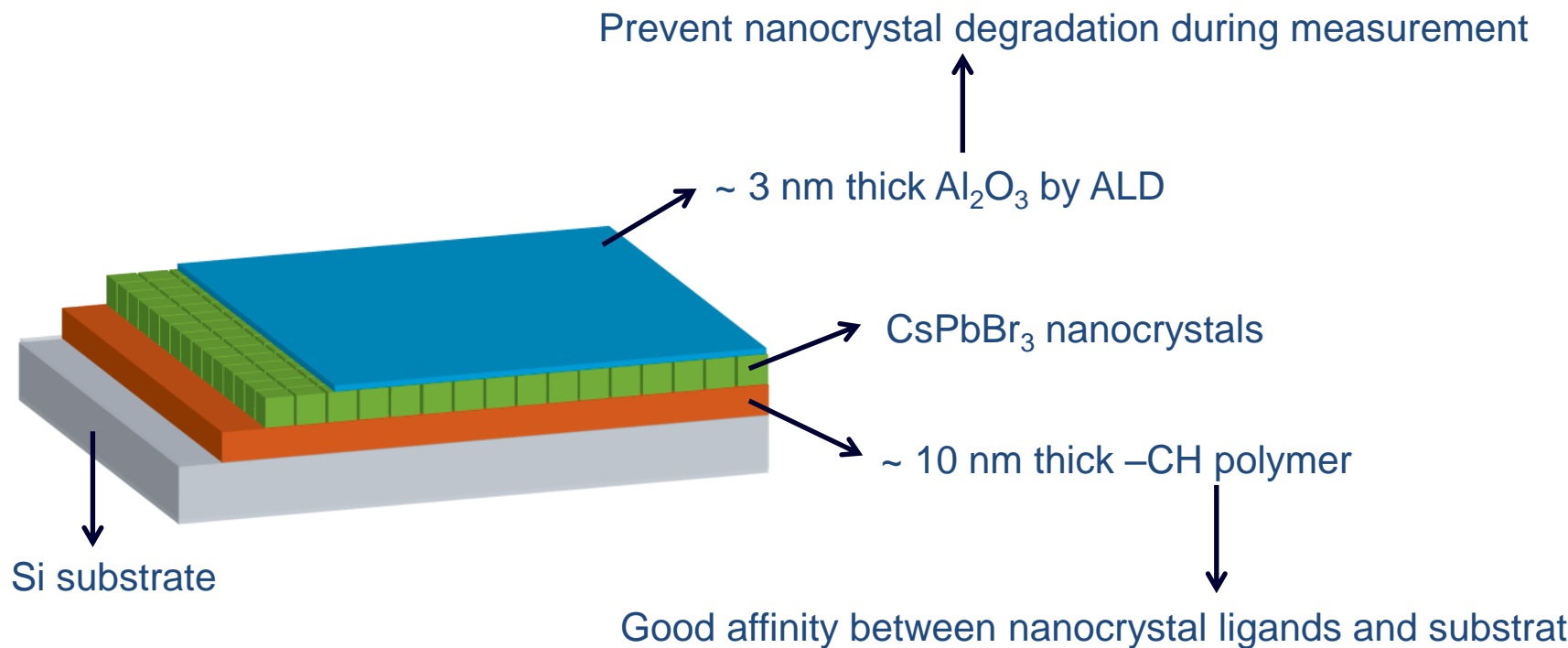


L. Protesescu *et al.* Nano Letters 15 (2015) 3692-3696

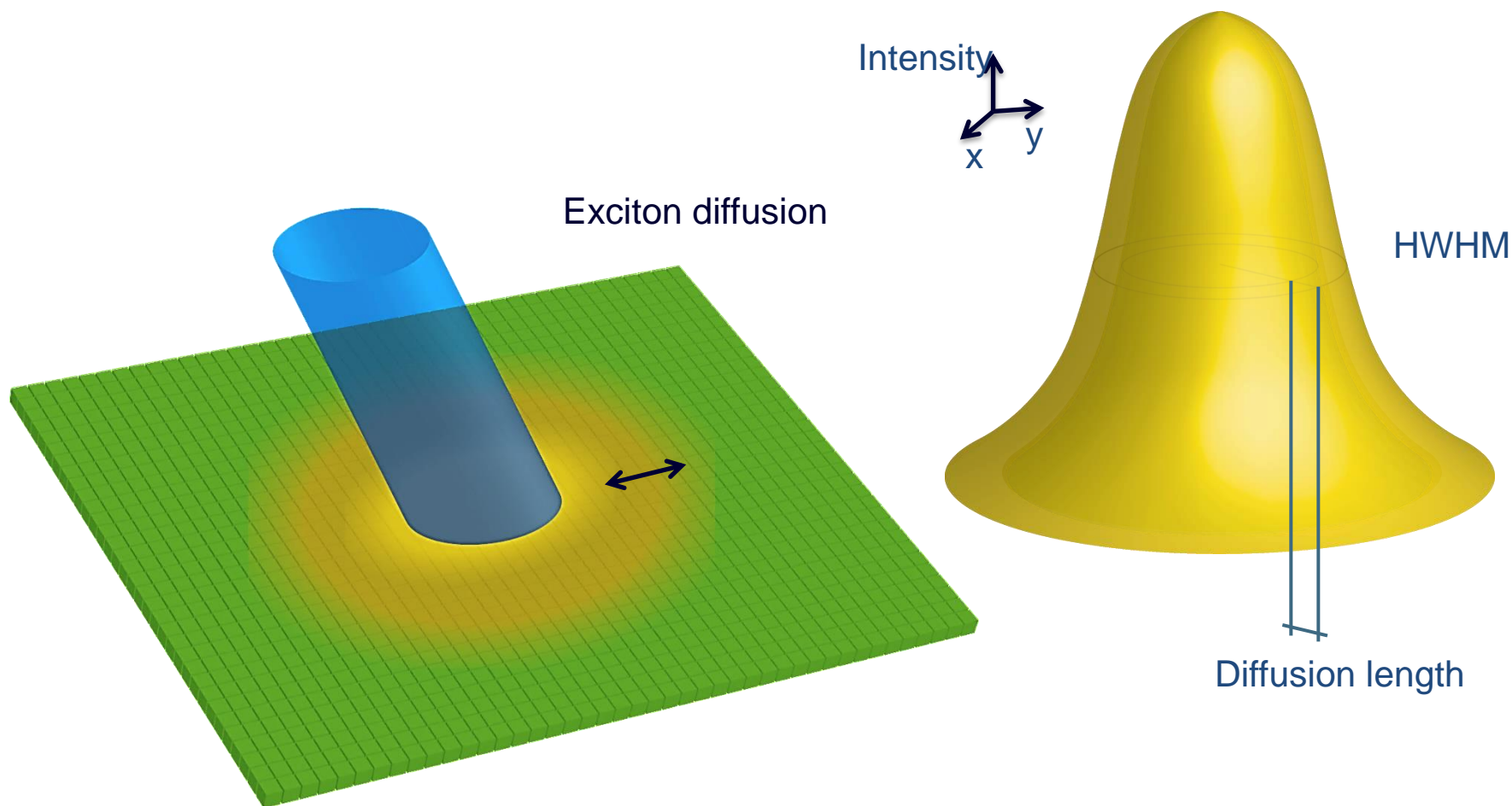
Nanocrystal monolayer fabrication



Nanocrystal monolayer fabrication

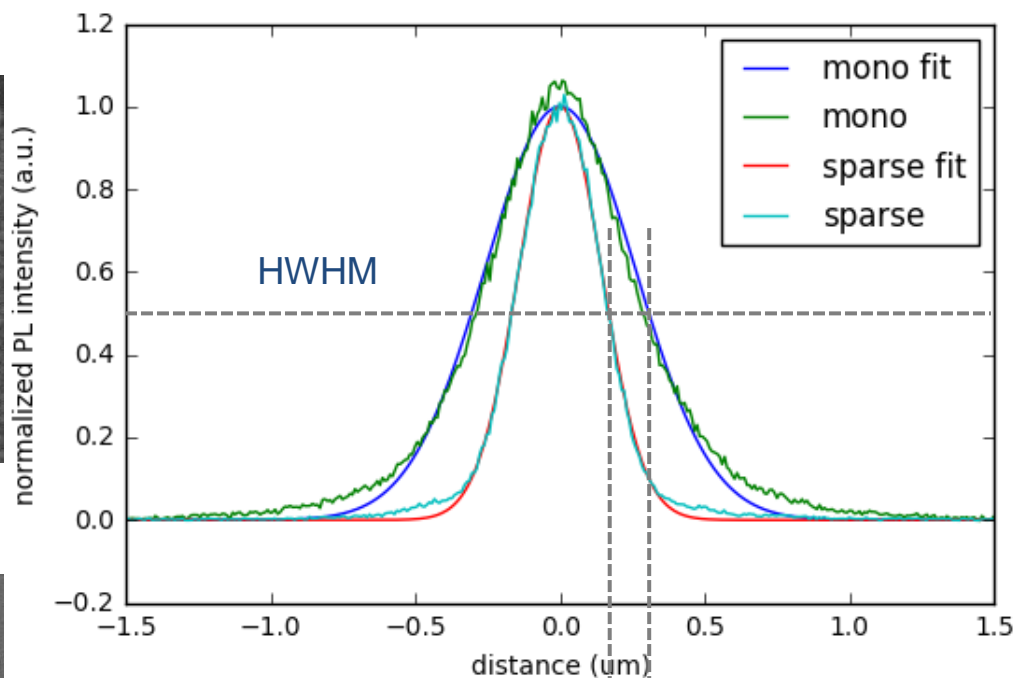
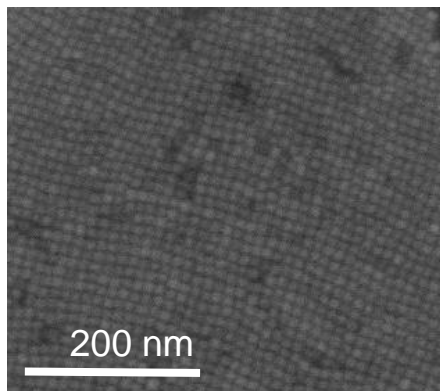
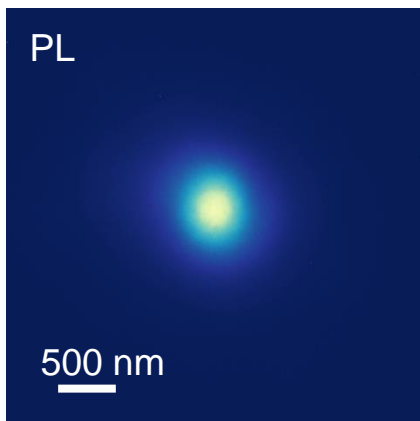


Excited state ensemble expansion due to exciton diffusion



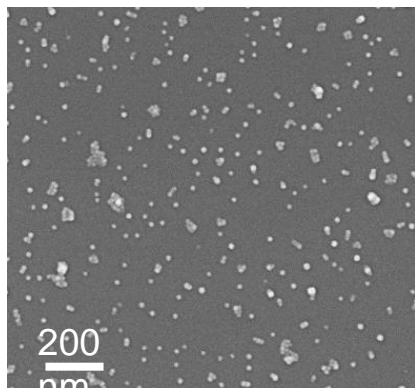
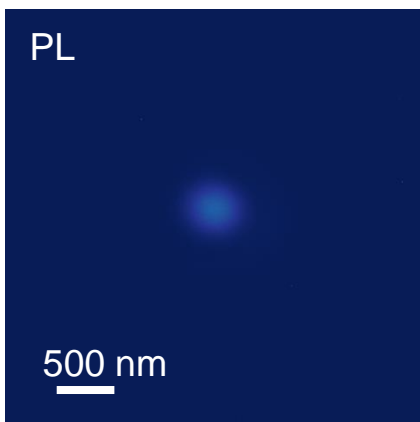
Exciton diffusion length from PL profile

Monolayer sample



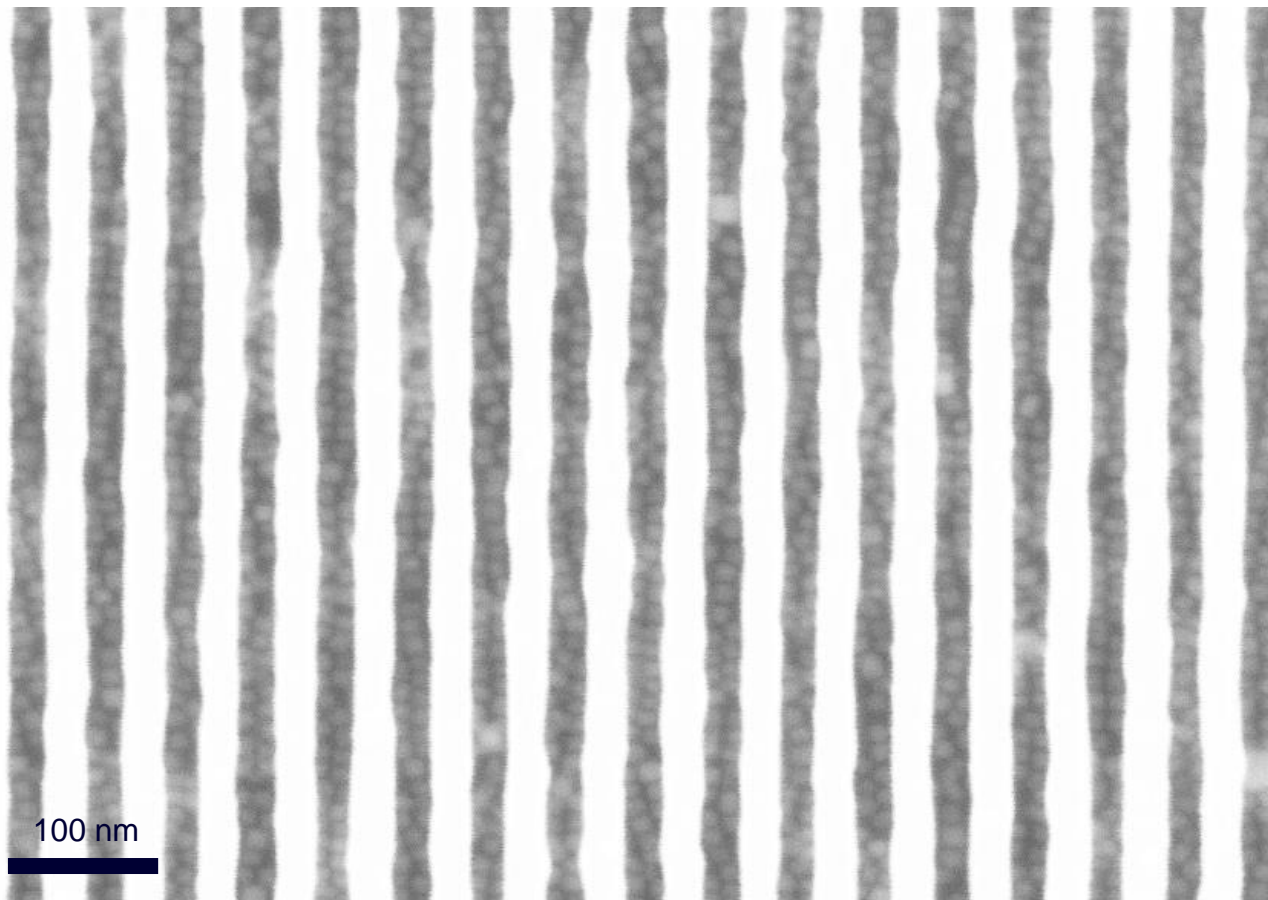
Exciton diffusion length

$$L_{\text{diff}} = [\sigma^2(\tau) - \sigma^2(0)]^{1/2} = 194 \text{ nm}$$



Sparse sample

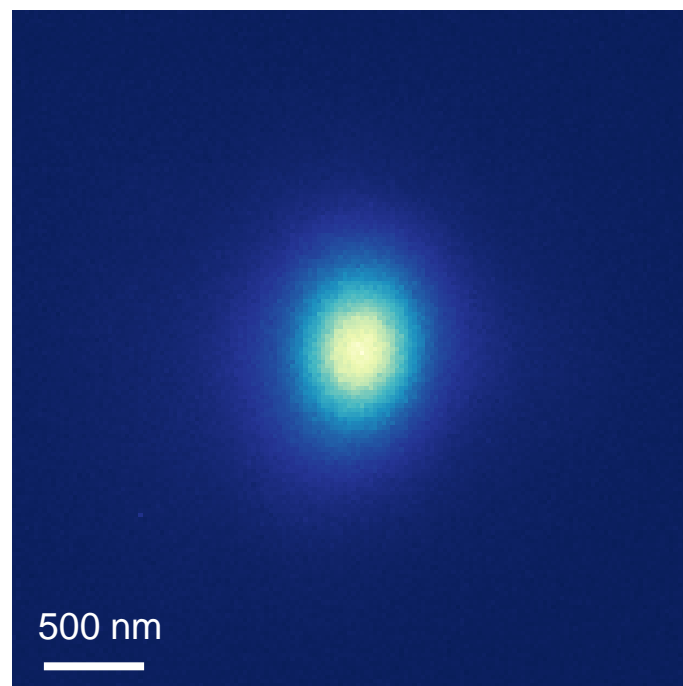
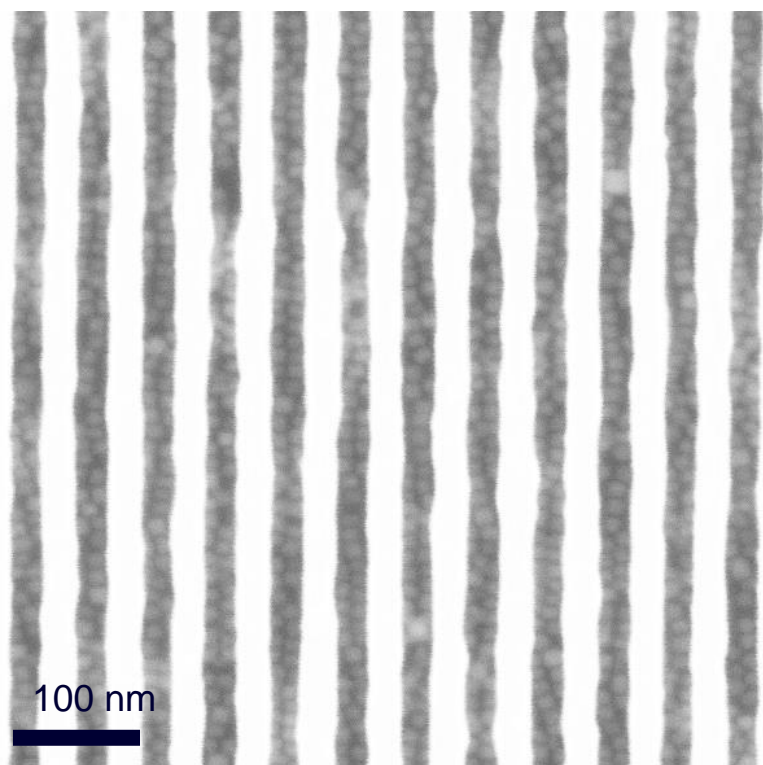
Directed assembly of nanocrystals in patterned trenches



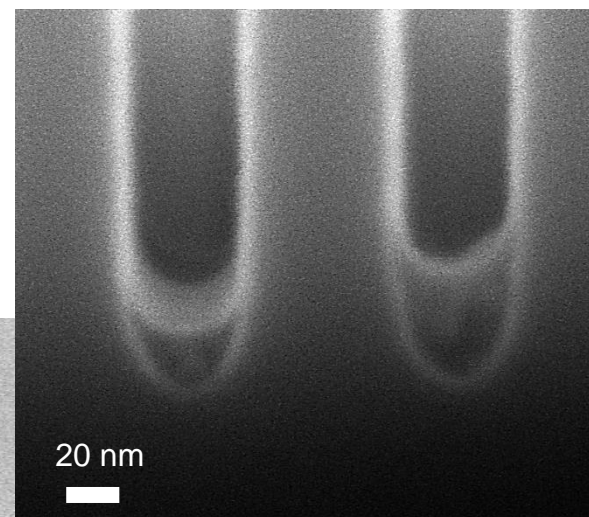
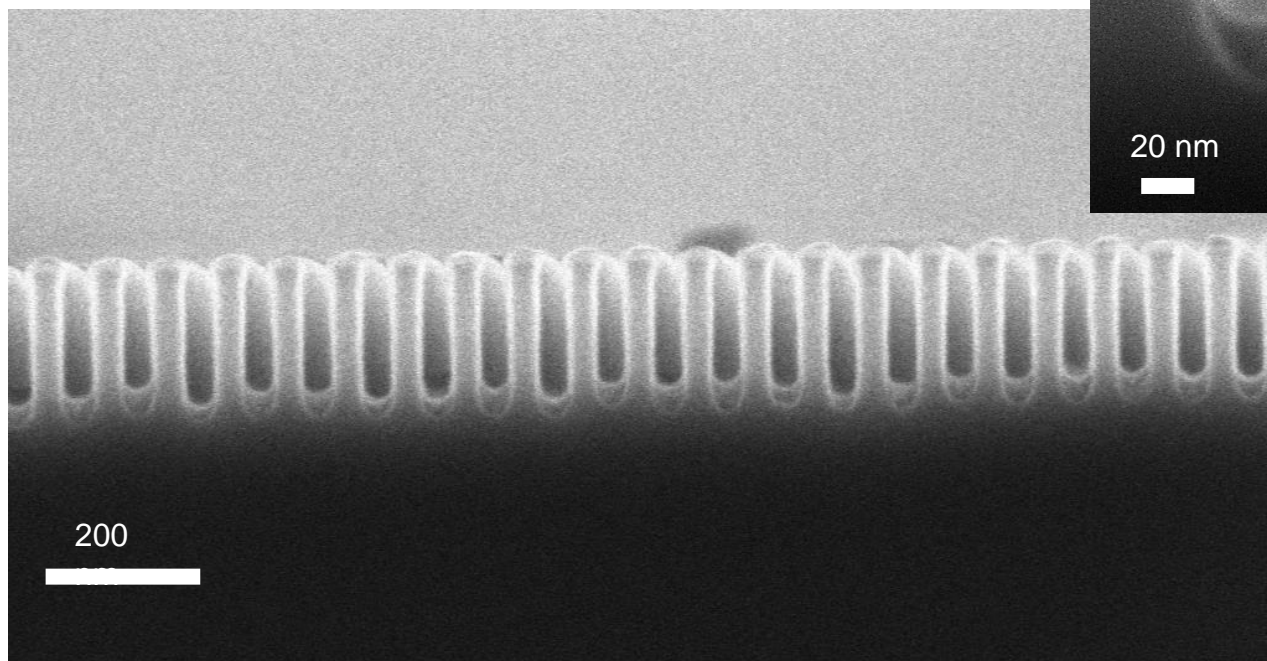
Trench width \approx 25 nm

Nanocrystals are confined inside the trenches

Asymmetric PL of nanocrystals assembled in patterned trenches

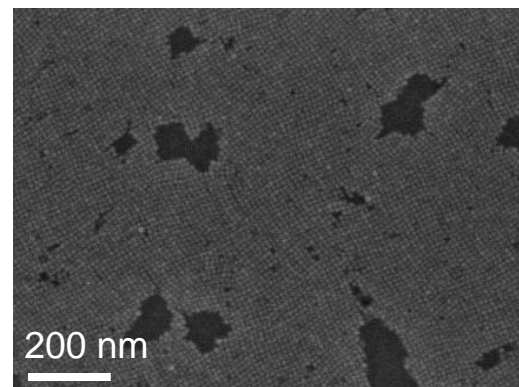
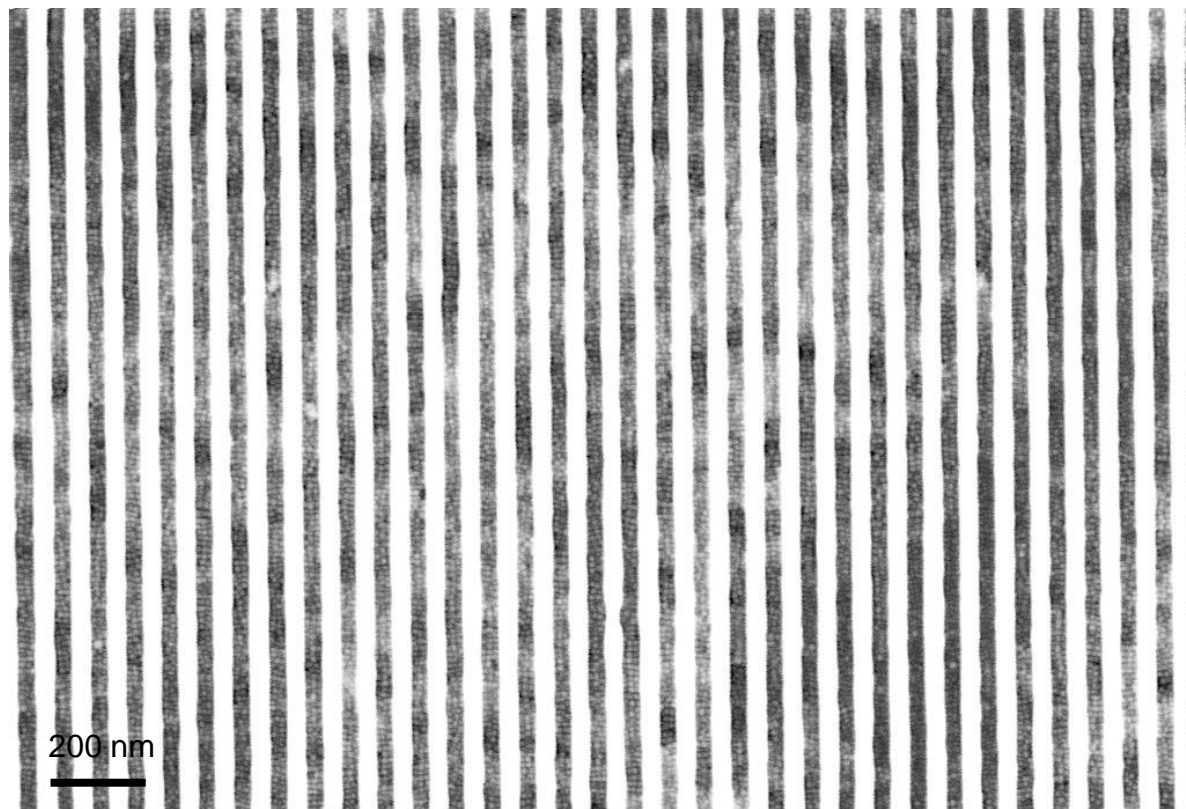


Nanocrystals confined inside patterned trenches

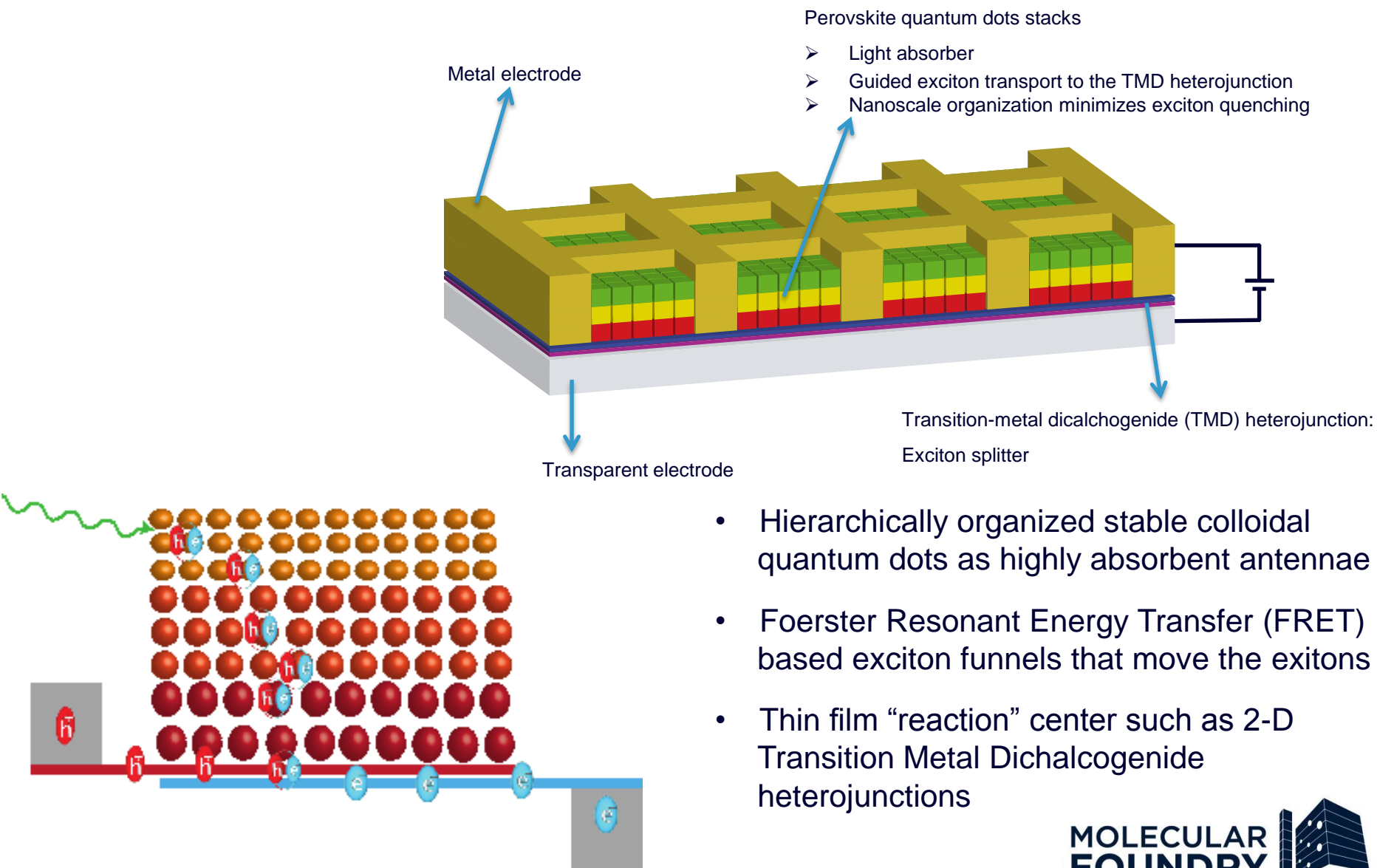


Just a few layers
of nanocrystals

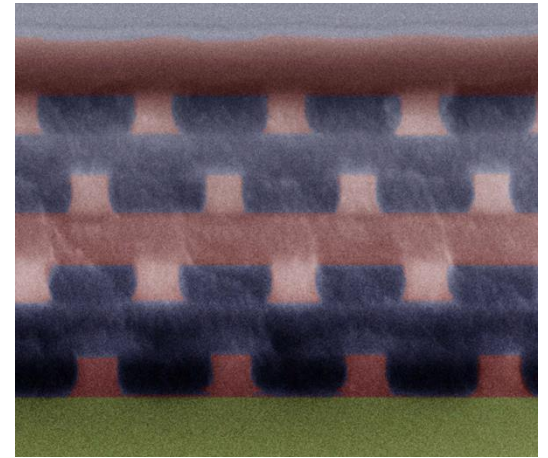
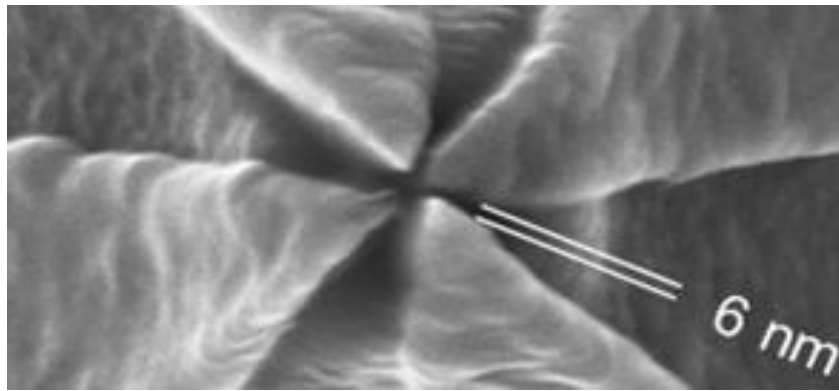
Directed assembly extends the range of ordered structures



Exciton manipulation: Proposed device

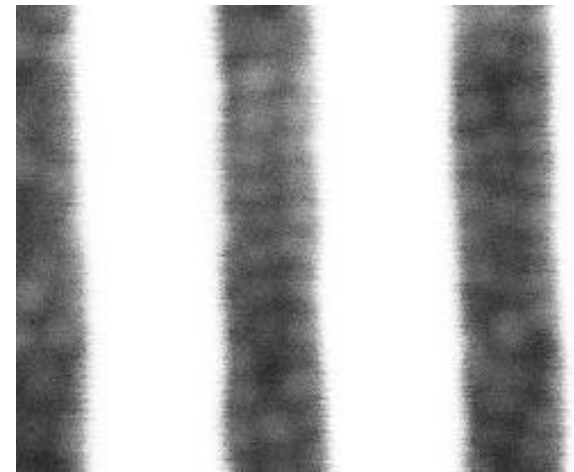


- Hierarchically organized stable colloidal quantum dots as highly absorbent antennae
- Foerster Resonant Energy Transfer (FRET) based exciton funnels that move the excitons
- Thin film “reaction” center such as 2-D Transition Metal Dichalcogenide heterojunctions



Conclusion

- Molecular Foundry as User Facility for Science at nanoscale
- Organizing material at nanoscale
- Nanofabrication 2D: SDN.
- New opportunities Controlling the patterning in 3D
- Combining top down with bottom up:
Directed self-assembly of nanoparticles



Acknowledgments

**And thank you for
your attention!**

Adam Schwartzberg, Scott Dhuey, Michael Elowson, Simone Sassolini, Erika Penzo, Deirdre Olynick, Stefano Dallorto, Alex Weber Bargioni, Ed Barnard, Nicholas Borys, Matthew Jurow

Keiko Munechika, Aleks Koshelev, Giuseppe Calafiore, Andy Goodyear, Mike Cooke, Craig Ward, Ivo W. Rangelow, Daniel Staaks

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Office of Basic Energy
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DE-C0013109.

