

Brief overview of dark matter direct detection experiments/R&D at Berkeley Lab Aaron Manalaysay, on behalf of the group

Berkeley Lab Group

Kevin Lesko (Senior Scientist, Group Leader) Peter Sorensen (Senior Scientist) Aaron Manalaysay (Career Scientist)

<u>LZ Operations</u> Simon Fiorucci (LZ-Ops manager) David Woodward

Postdocs Scott Haselschwardt Shilo Xia Vetri Velan Dan Kodroff Emily Perry (incoming) Mike Williams (incoming)

<u>Graduate Students</u> Ryan Gibbons Taurean Zhang



QuantISED

Maurice Garcia-Sciveres (Senior Scientist) Aritoki Suzuki (Staff Scientist) Sinead Griffin (Staff Scientist) Dan Carney (Staff Scientist)

> <u>Postdocs</u> Xinran Liu

+ several others

15 March 2024

UCB Groups

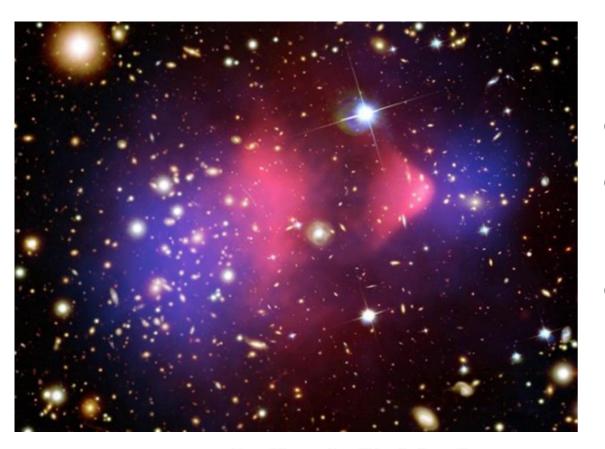
Dan McKinsey (Professor, Faculty Scientist) Matt Pyle (Professor, Faculty Scientist)

> <u>Project Scientist</u> Junsong Lin

<u>Postdocs</u> Ibles Olcina Yen-Yung Chan

Graduate Students

Yue Wang Jose Soria Will Matava Roger Romani



Direct Detection of Dark Matter

- We can "see" it and it isn't baryons
- Strongest evidence for physics beyond the Standard Model
- We would love to understand its particle nature (a P5 Science Driver)

Planck Collab

200

100

-100

-200

10

10

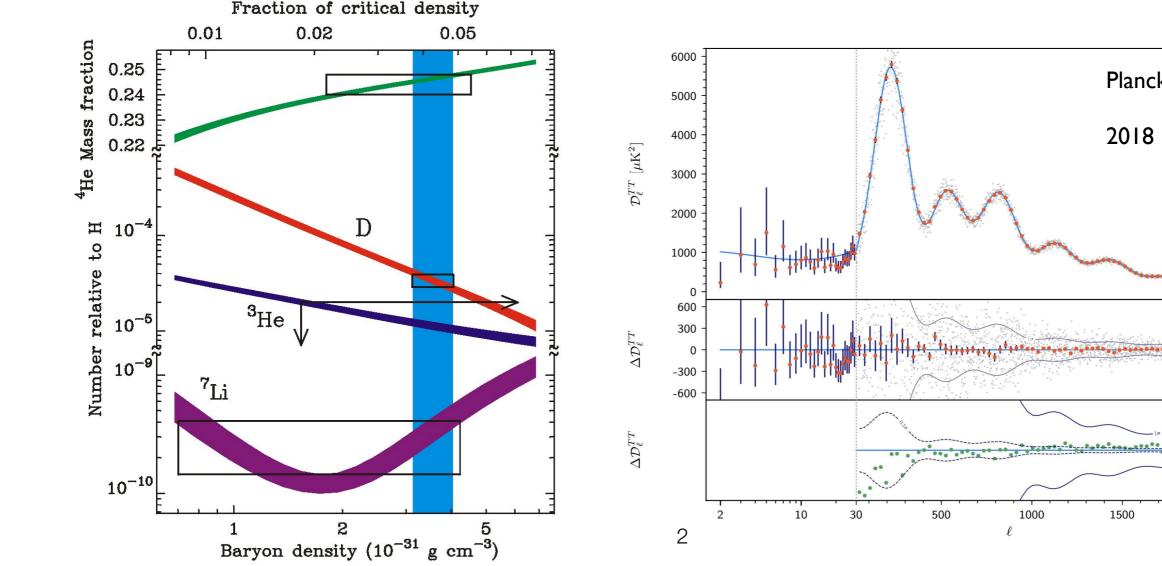
2500

0

2018

1500

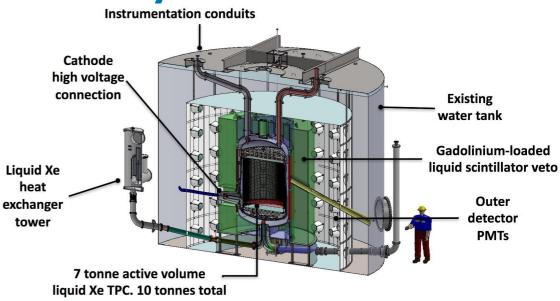
2000



DM Group Focus next ~5 years

• LZ

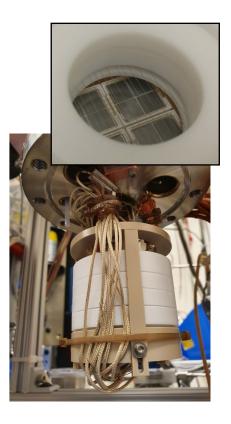
- Currently running, operations for 5+ years
- R&D towards possible LZ Upgrades
 - R&D towards optimizing/scaling xenon-target particle detectors
 - CrystaLiZe (DM mass ~10 GeV+)
 - HydroX (DM mass <10 GeV)
- TESSERACT
 - New detectors in pursuit of sub-GeV DM
- **QIS** detector R&D



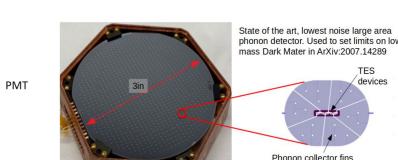


Transformer

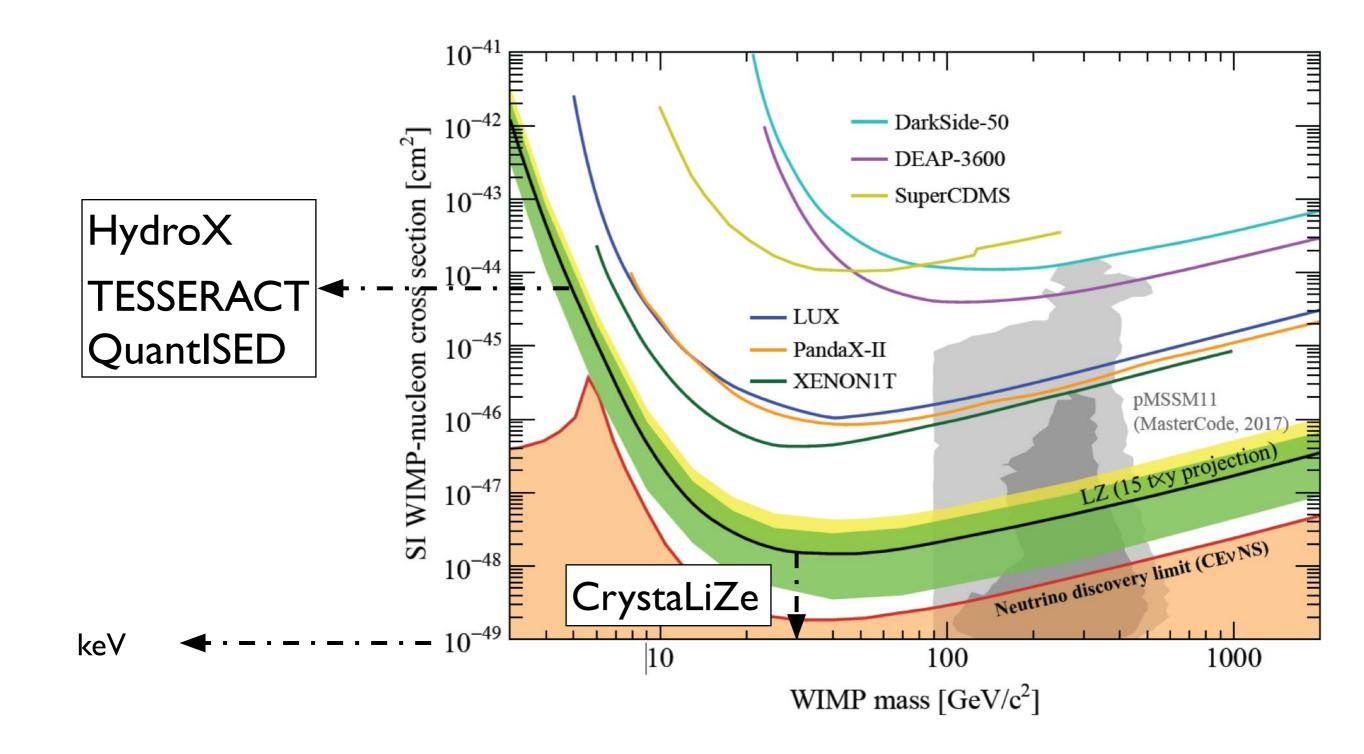
Cockcroft-Walton generator



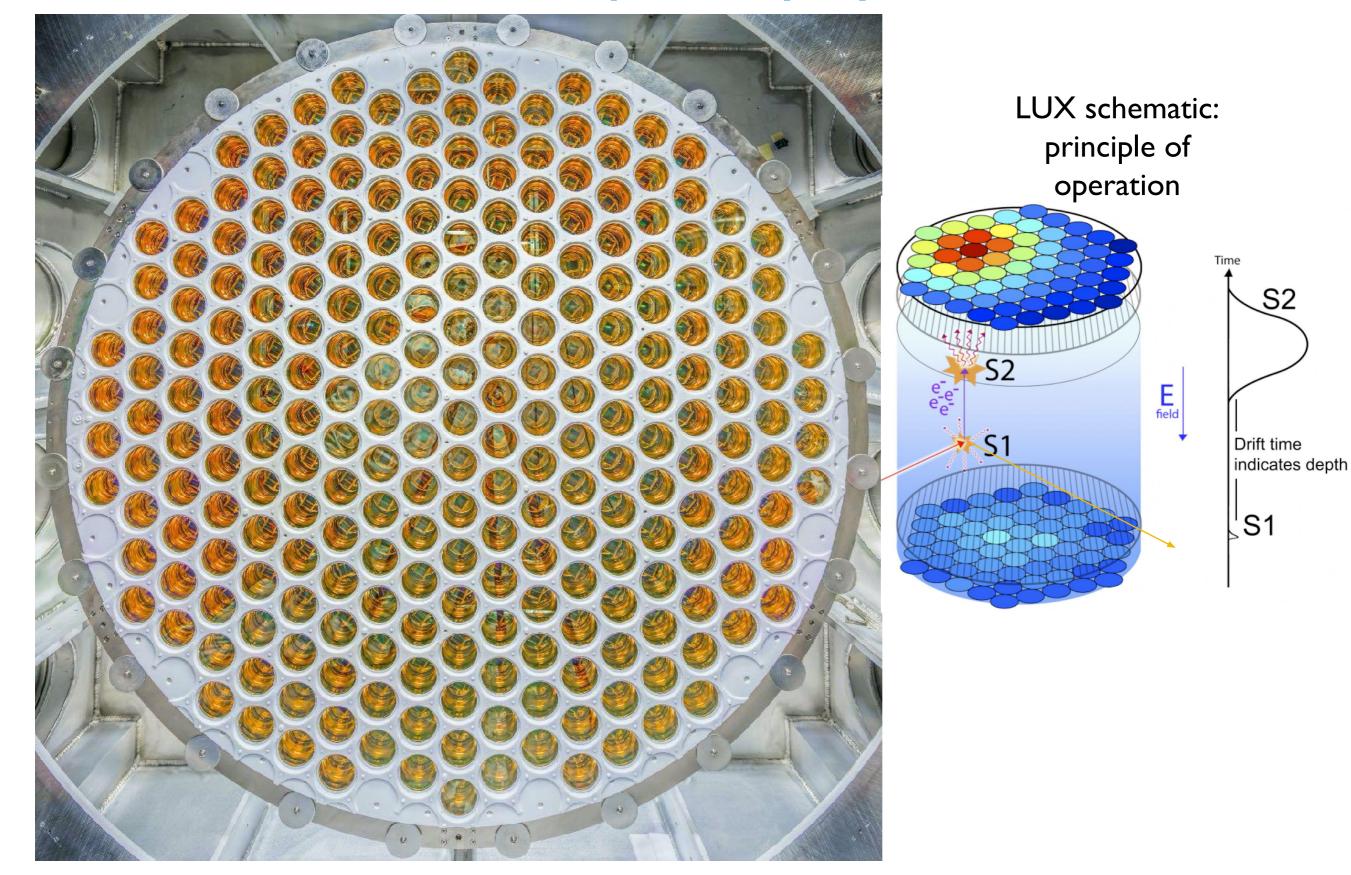
TES devices



Roadmap



LZ: 494 primary eyes





- LZ will improve direct detection sensitivity by an expected factor x40 (+discovery potential)
- Also sensitive to double beta decay, axion-like particles, neutrino magnetic moment, solar neutrinos
- On deck: operations (typical shift ~3 weeks), data, more data, analysis and publications



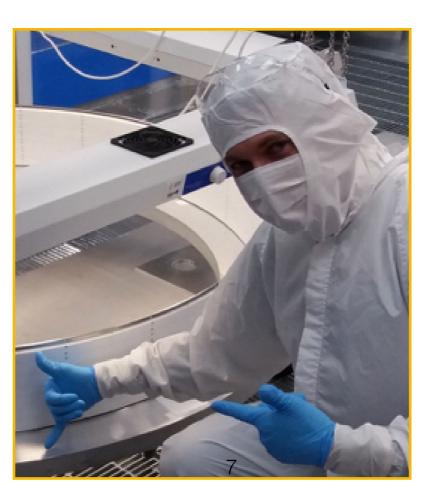






Faces / LZ

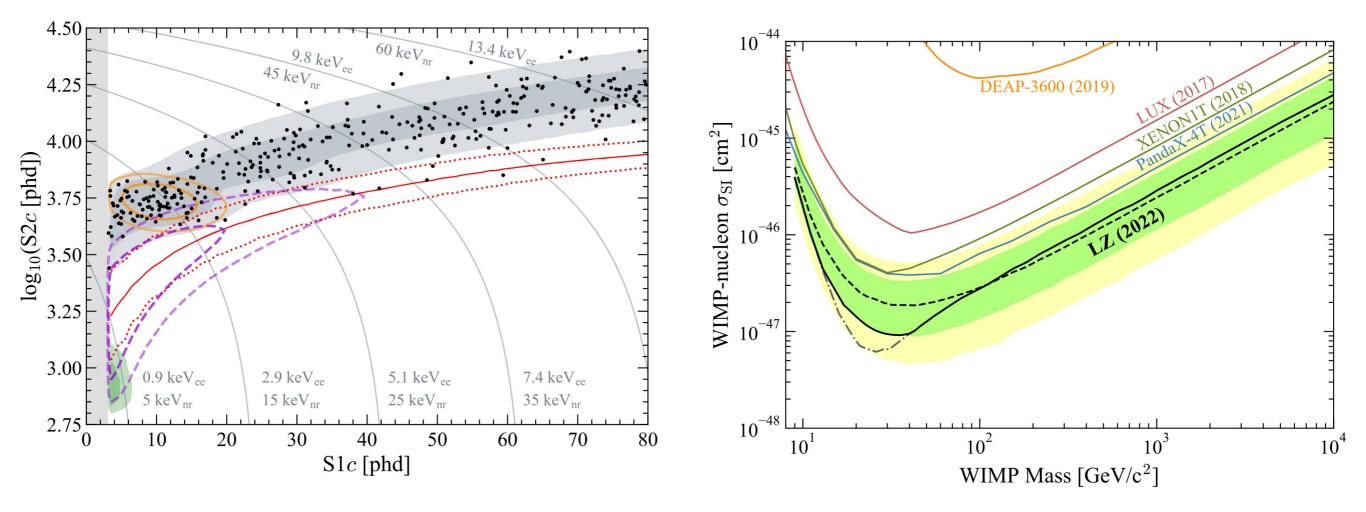








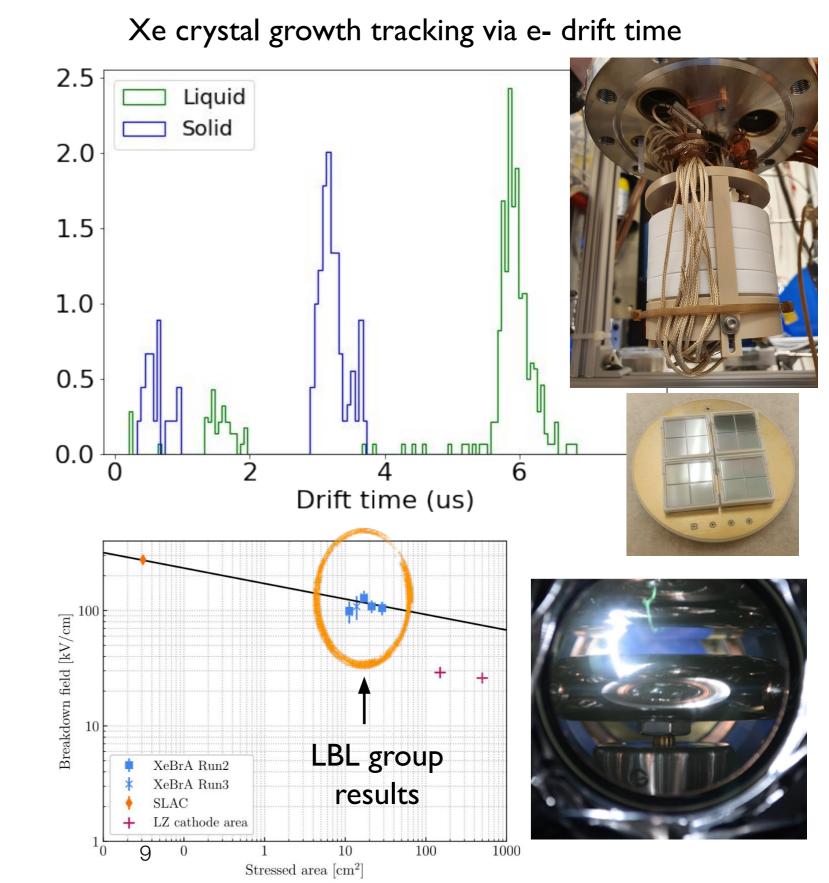
LZ First Results - world's strongest constraints on WIMP dark matter

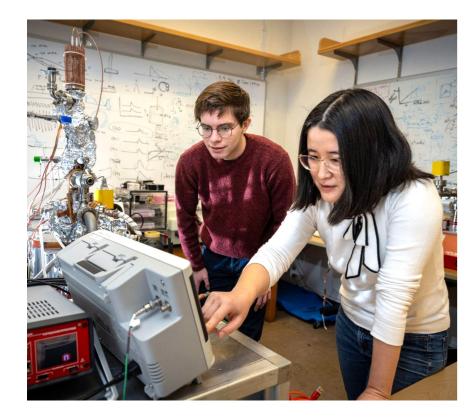


J. Aalbers et al., PRL 131, 041002 (2023)

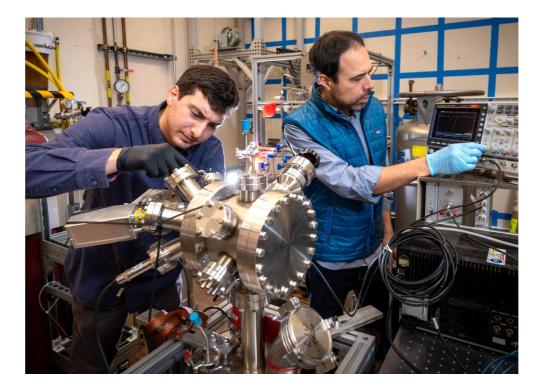
Instrumentation and detector R&D

- crystaLiZe (LZ-upgrade concept): R&D on crystallizing liquid xenon TPC
 - Would allow nearly complete Rn-tagging, neutrino-limited search sensitivity
- HydroX (LZ-upgrade concept): helium-doping of LZ
 - Working towards first measurement of He recoils in liquid Xe using a novel degraded alpha source
- XeBrA (scaling laws study): high voltage delivery is critical to success of LZ and similar large TPCs



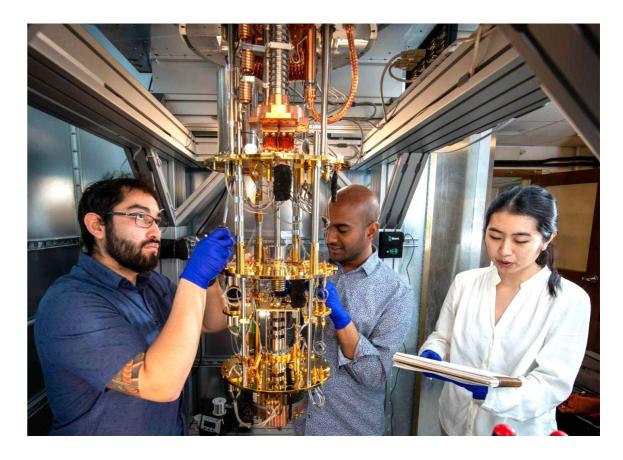


Faces / lab

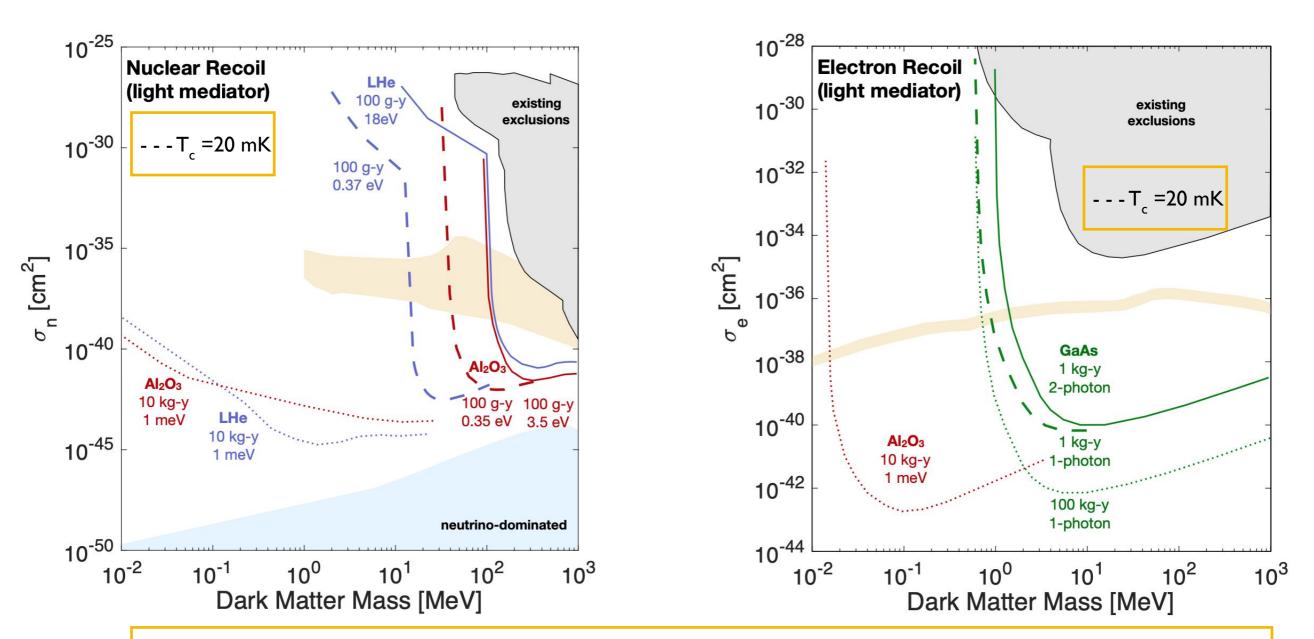






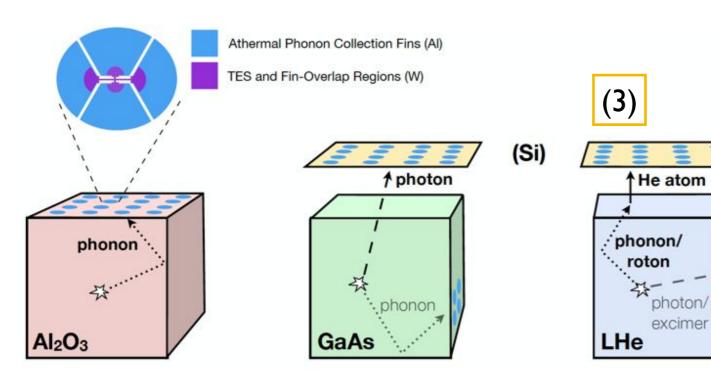


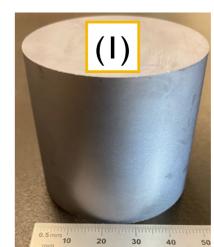
TESSERACT

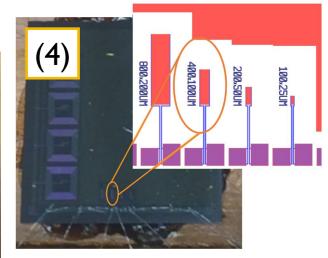


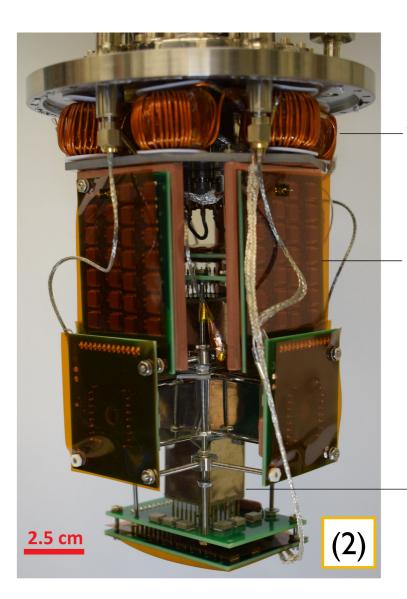
- Multiple detector targets (LHe, GaAs, Al₂O₃)
- Multiple DM candidates (Asymmetric, Hidden Sector ...)
- Multiple signal modes (scintillation, phonon, roton, quantum evaporation)
- No dark counts

TESSERACT





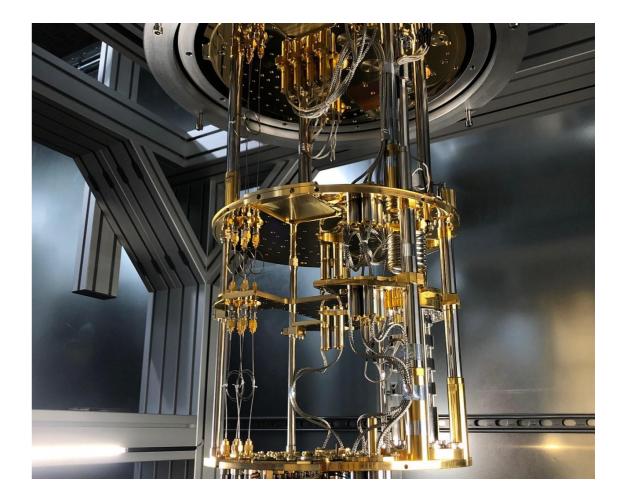


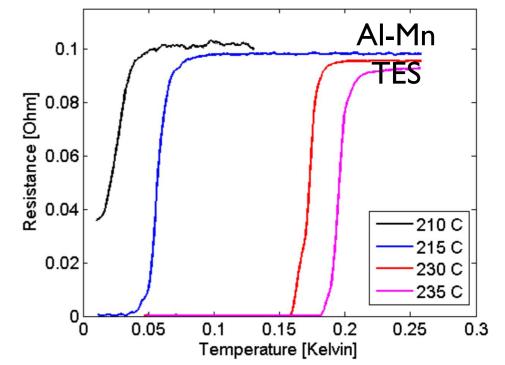


- (1) Developing and characterizing GaAs vs dopant species and concentration
- (2) Superfluid helium light yield (campus)
- (3) To be read-out by novel transition-edge sensor (TES) IR photon detectors
- (4) TES testing underway at LBL

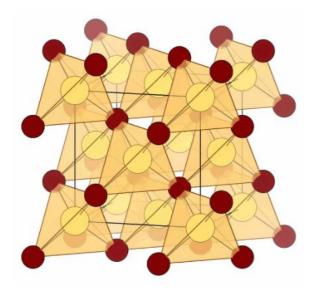
QuantISED

- Broad collaboration with Caltech, JPL, Princeton, U Mass, UCB, Yale
 - (theory => experiment)
- A primary goal is to develop next-gen sensor technology to reach I meV threshold with no dark counts
 - TES (would like $T_c < 20 \text{ mK}$)
 - KIDS (can they compete with TES?)
 - SNSPD
- Also to identify and produce new quantum materials for DM detection targets (e.g. Si-, B-doped GaAs)
- Develop quantum evaporation of He as an amplifier for phonon excitations

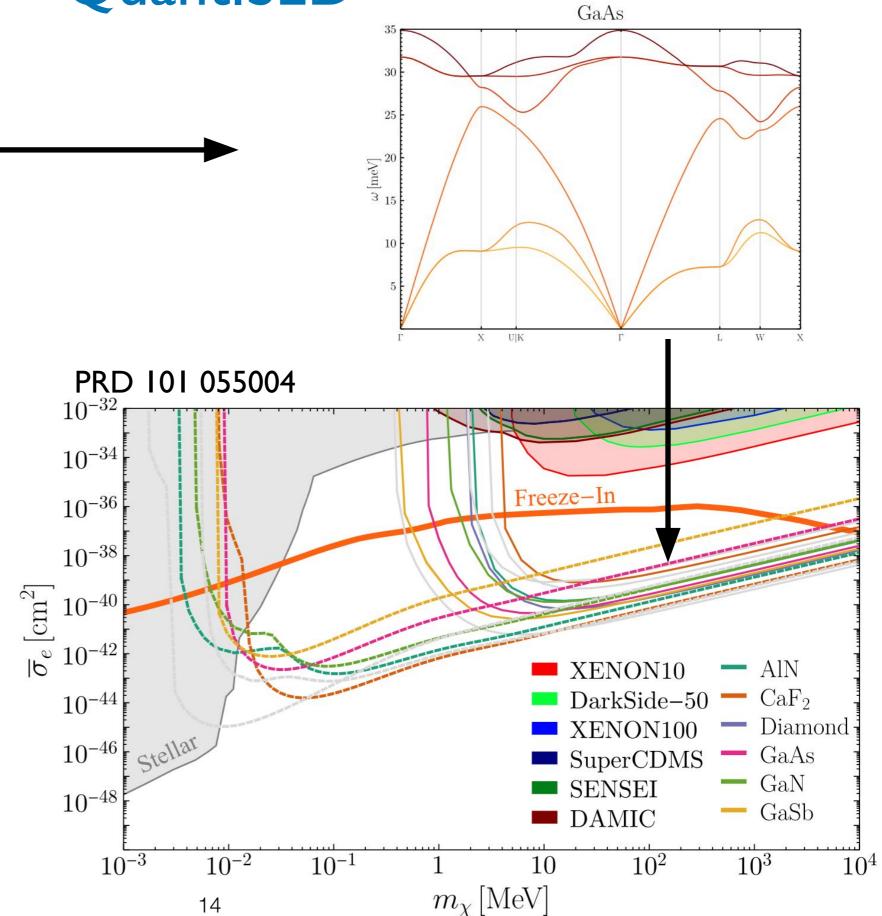




QuantISED



(b) Zincblende: ZnS, GaAs, InSb, GaSb. Same arrangement as diamond cubic, but with two atom types, each occupying one of the face centered cubic lattices.



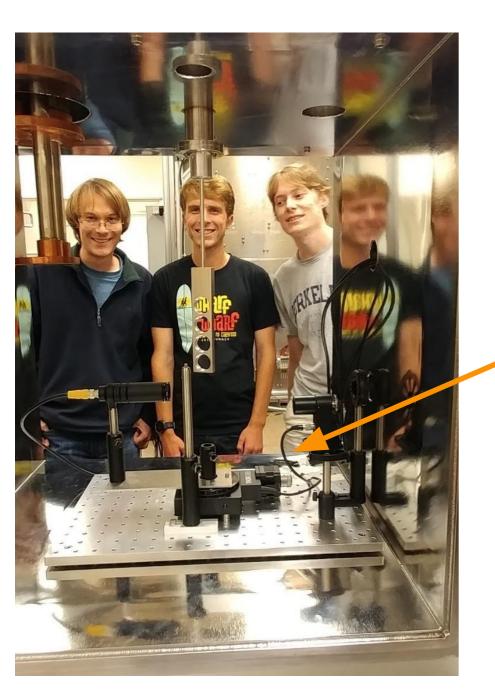
Summary

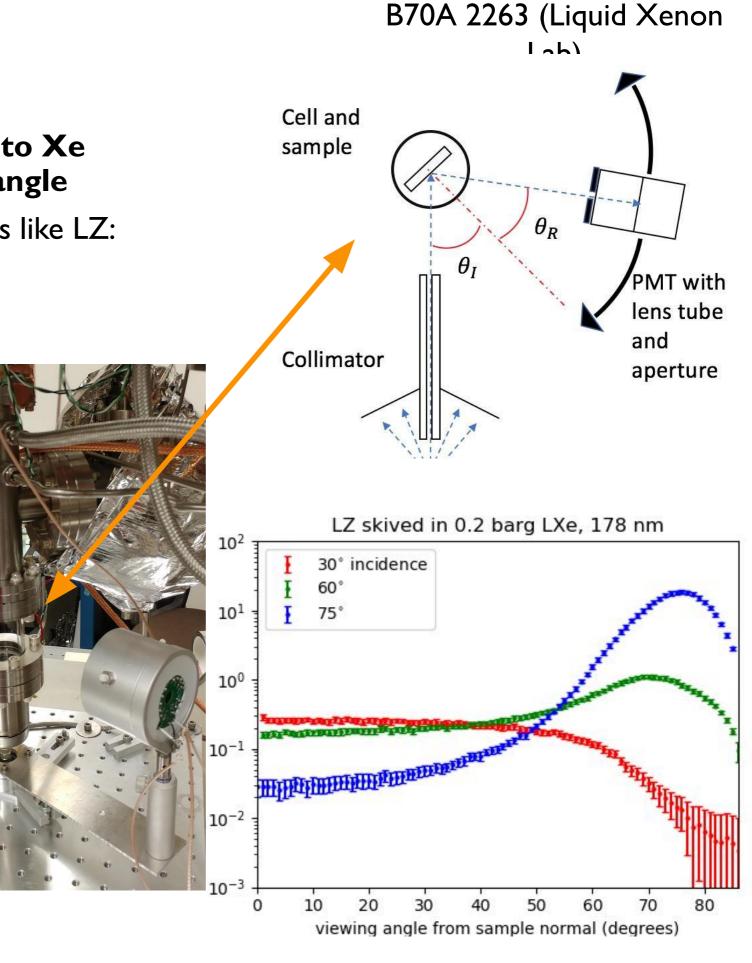
- Berkeley Lab dark matter direct detection group maintains an exciting, multi-faceted experimental program with singular aim of directly detecting dark matter
- In addition to UCB campus connection, Berkeley Lab offers significant expertise/resources/collaboration from its other divisions
- Graduate students will find broad training in HEP / instrumentation
 / analysis / AI-ML / "big data" / etc

Extra Material Follows

"Completed" R&D

- Measure/model Teflon reflectivity to Xe scintillation light as a function of angle
- Informs Xe-based dark matter searches like LZ: Teflon reflectors collect light

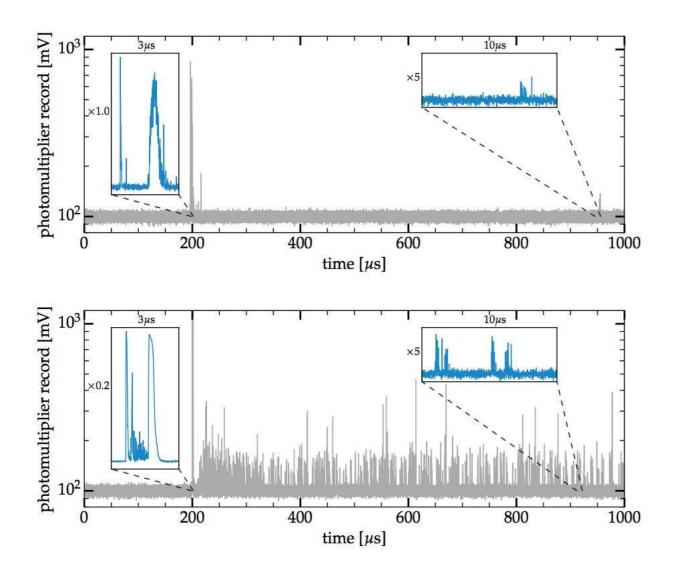


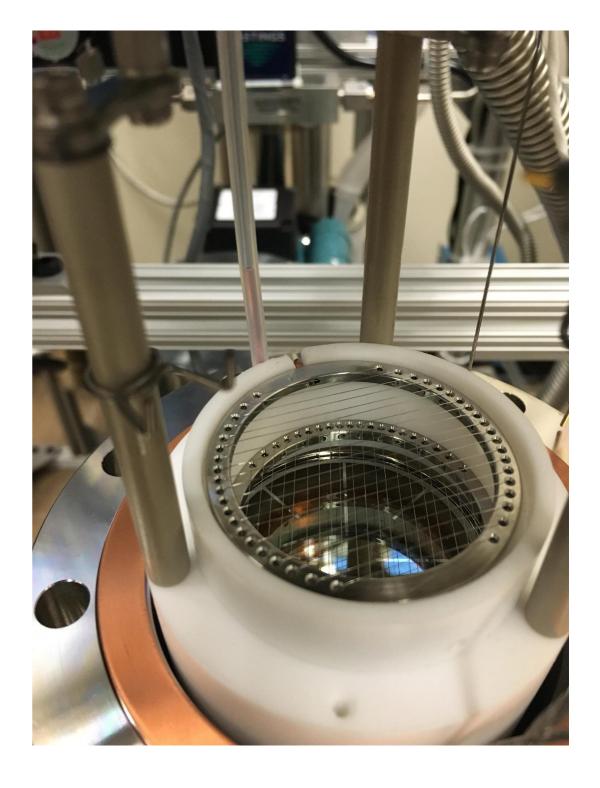


B70A 2263 (Liquid Xenon Lab)

"Completed" R&D

- Measure delayed electron noise in liquid Xe TPC (a mini-LZ) as a function of applied electric field
- Informs analysis of small S2 signals, especially in the absence of S1
- First results just published in JINST 13 P02032

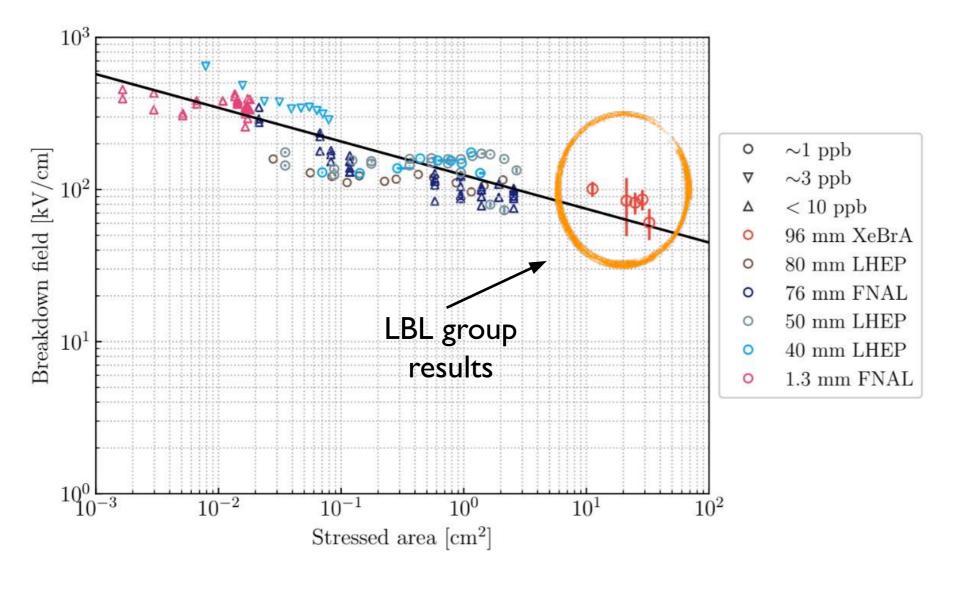




"Completed" R&D

• Measure effects of very high electric field ad breakdown in in liquid Xe

 scaling laws Inform behavior and performance of operating detectors

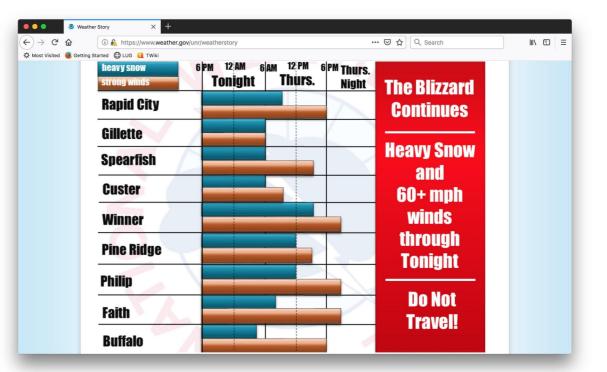


B70A 2263 (Liquid Xenon Lab)



Typical February Fun at SURF

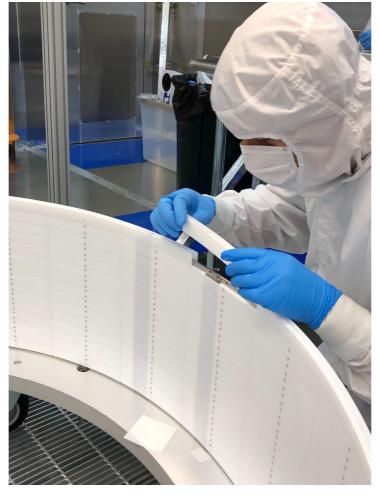






Building LZ



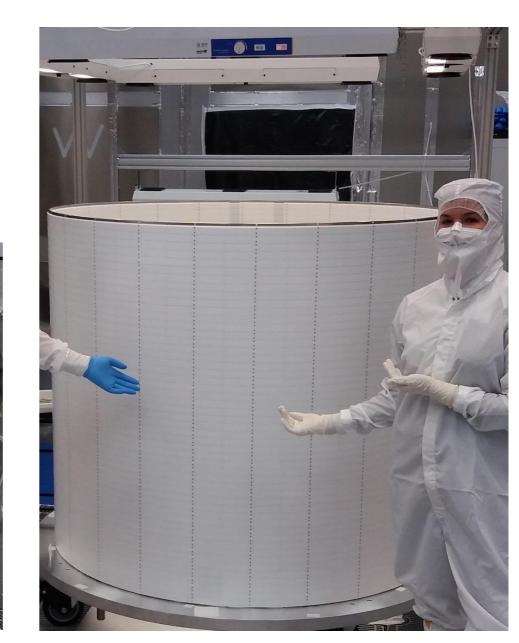




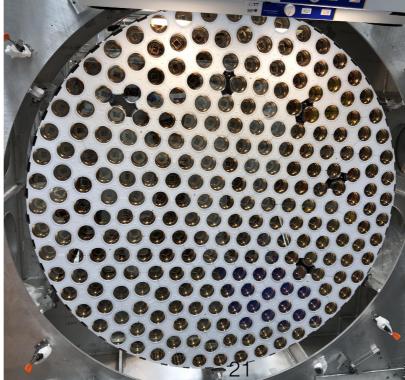




WIRED







down the corridor from the Davis Campus*

BLBF



- Measure the radio purity of every last component that we will use to build LZ
- Informs shape and normalization of the "material" histogram with respect to the signals we are chasing
- Plot from LZ sensitivity paper

