DESI and DESI-II

Kyle Dawson, University of Utah DESI co-Spokesperson

P5 Cosmic Frontier Town Hall February 22, 2023 Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

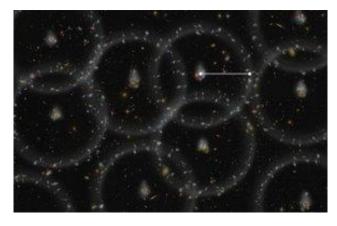


SPECTROSCOPIC Cosmology with Spectroscopic Surveys

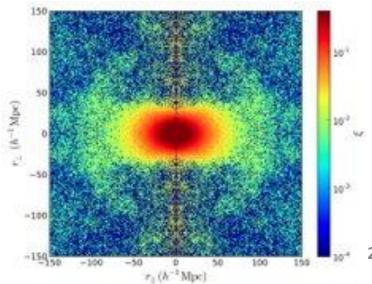
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- Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (BAO)
 - Preferred scale in clustering of matter and galaxies
 - Direct expansion measurement
- Redshift Space Distortions (RSD)
 - Anisotropy in clustering due to peculiar velocities induced by gravitational collapse
 - Growth of structure
- Stage-IV Dark Energy Experiment
 - Expansion history and growth of structure to probe accelerating expansion
 - IOX improvement to w₀w_a posterior area compared to Stage-II measurements

Artist Rendition of BAO



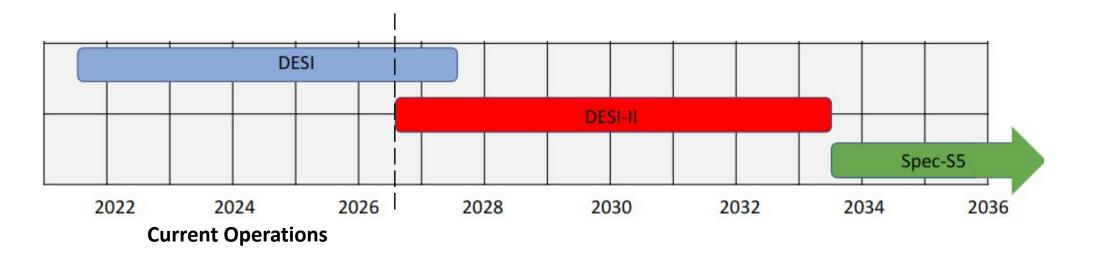
RSD as measured in galaxy clustering



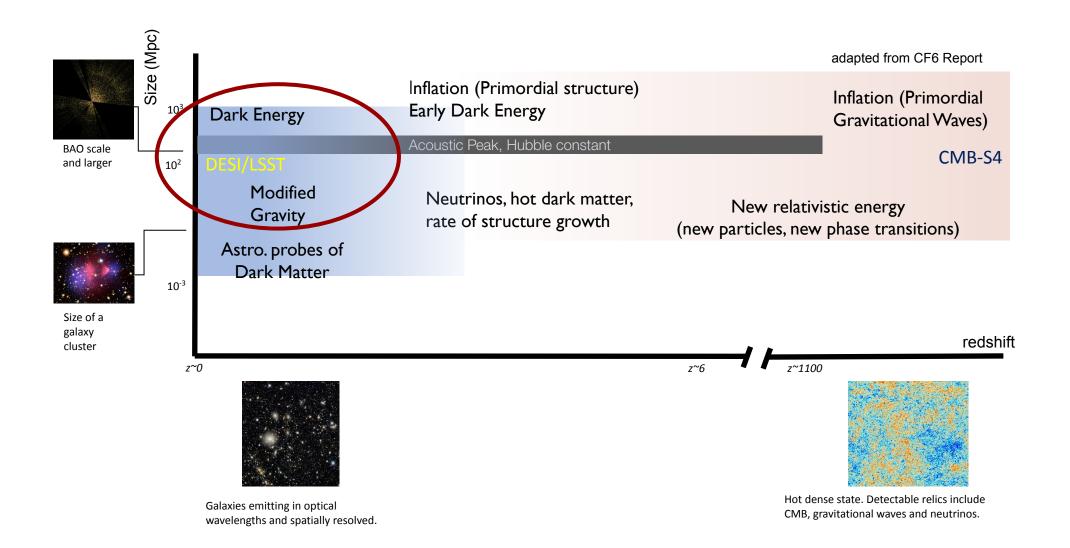


DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT Staging Spectroscopic Surveys

- Dark Energy Spectroscopic Instrument (DESI; primarily z<1.5)
 - Dark Energy with Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (BAO) and Redshift Space Distortions (RSD)
- **DESI-II** (primarily z>2)
 - As powerful as DESI, but at z>2
 - Early dark energy and growth of structure in matter-dominated regime
 - Synergies with other Cosmic Frontier experiments
- Spec-S5
 - Primordial physics (more constraining than the CMB in important areas)

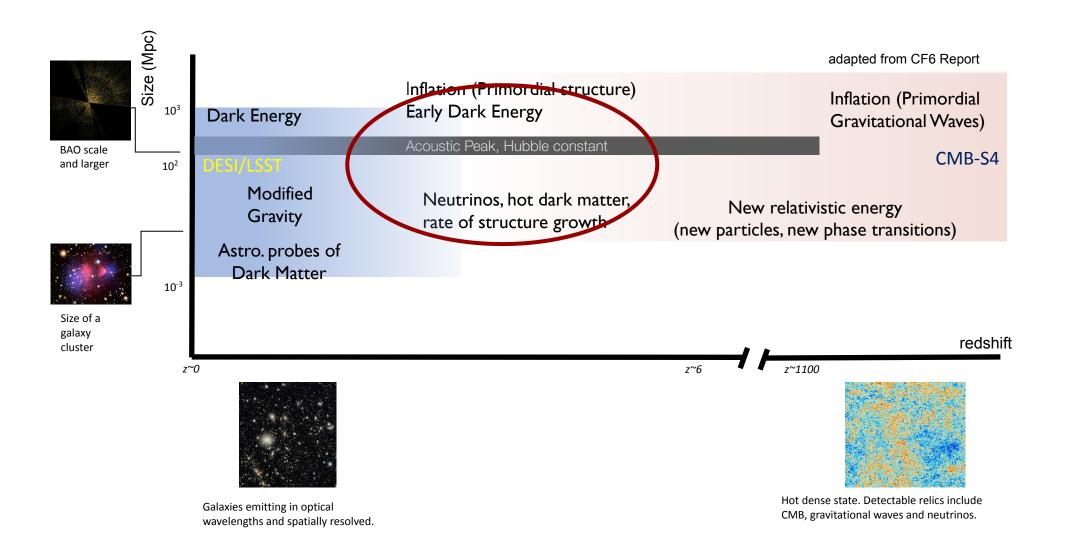


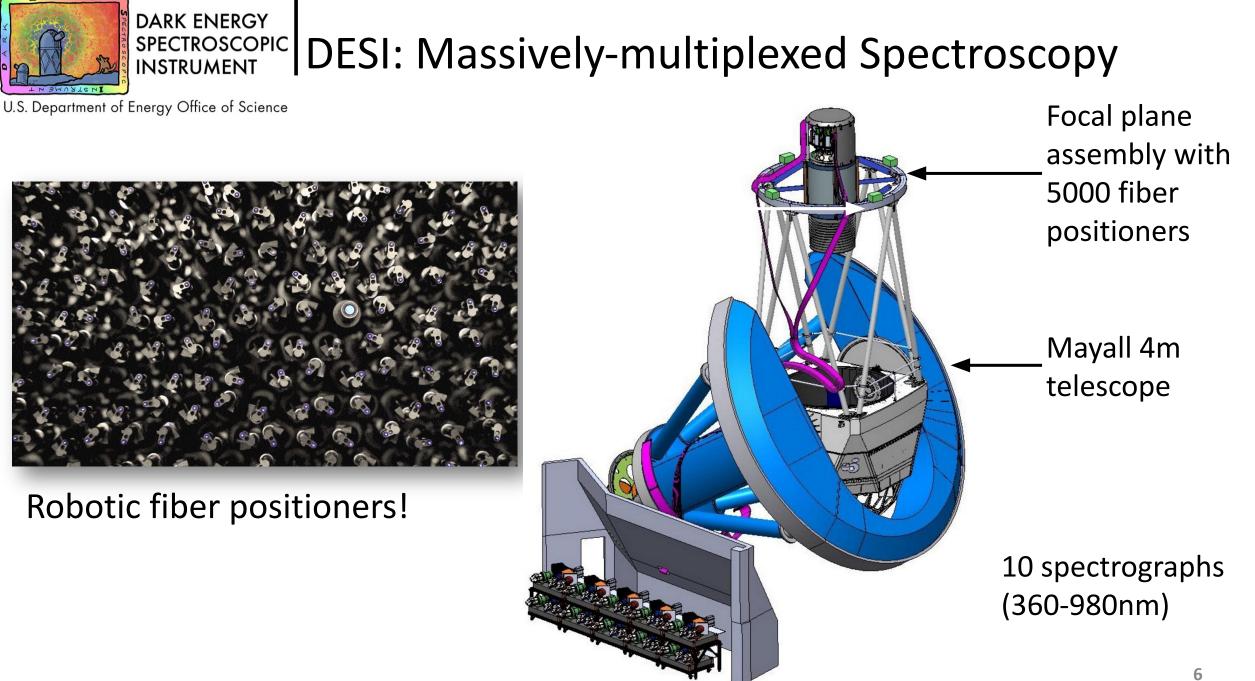






DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT DESI-II and Spec-S5

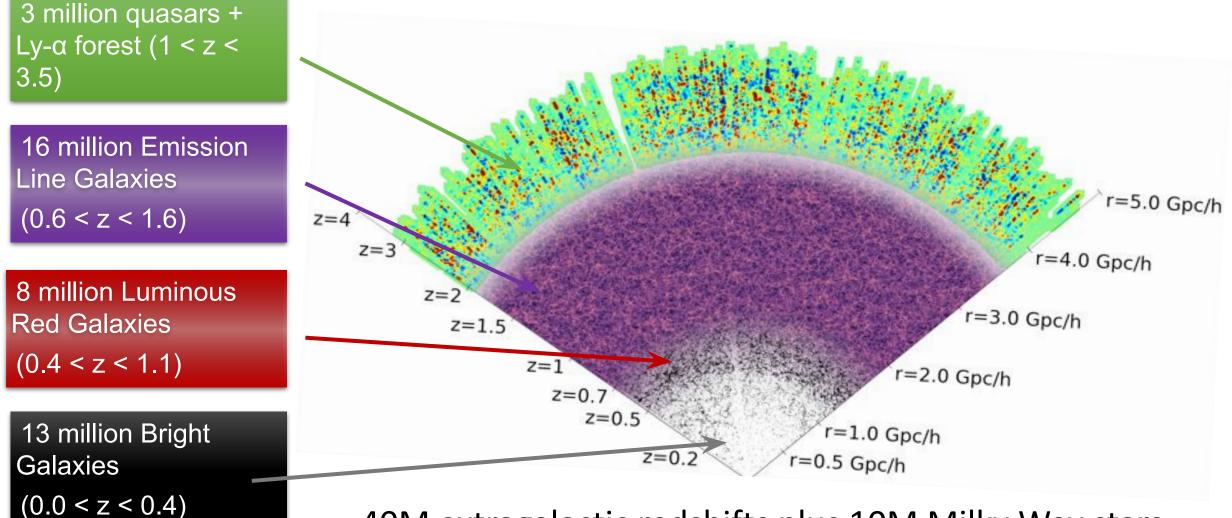






SPECTROSCOPIC Uninterrupted Galaxy and Quasars from 0<z<3.5

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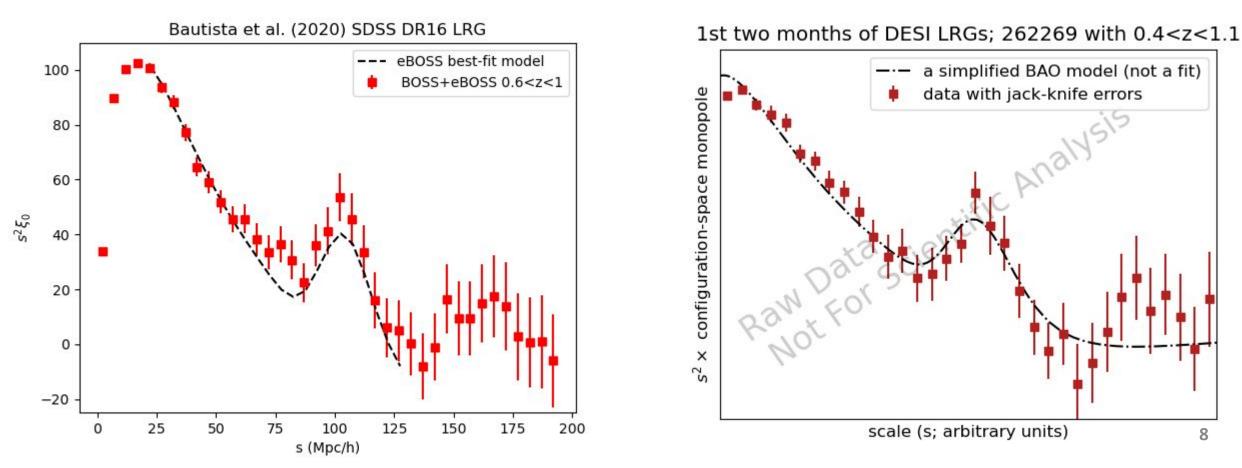
40M extragalactic redshifts plus 10M Milky Way stars



SPECTROSCOPIC TWO Months of DESI

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(e)BOSS: 2-3M extragalactic redshifts Two Months: Competitive with all of Stage-III One year: More than 14M extragalactic redshifts



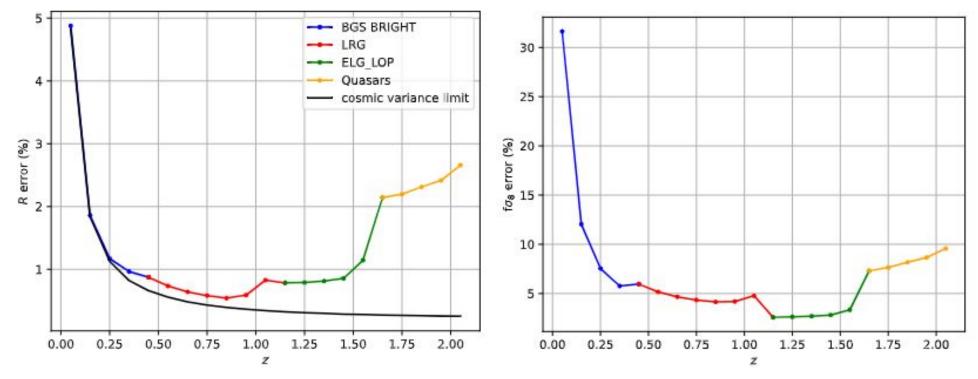


DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT Forecasts from DESI Main Samples

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- Nearly all BAO information available in 14,000 sq deg survey (Cosmic Variance limit)
- DESI is and will remain the most competitive instrument for wide-field spectroscopic surveys on the planet!

Redshift Space Distortions

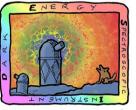


Baryon Acoustic Oscillations

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- Recommended project by P5 in 2014
 - First science observations in 2020
- ~1200 person collaboration
 - 280+ grad students
 - 69 Institutional members
 - 39 International partners
- Expects to meet mission goals (demonstrated by survey validation data):
 - Measure the isotropic cosmic distance scale R(z) from the BAO method to 0.28% precision aggregated over the redshift bin 0.0 < z < 1.1
 - Measure the isotropic cosmic distance scale R(z) from the BAO method to 0.39% precision in the redshift bin 1.1 < z < 1.9.
 - Measure the Hubble parameter at 1.9 < z < 3.7 from the BAO method to 1.05%.
- Constructed on schedule and within budget



DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT Beyond the Main DESI Samples

- **Snowmass:** "Continue operation of DESI (via a new DESI-II program) to constrain dark energy in new domains and as a step towards a Stage V spectroscopic facility (Spec-S5)."
 - Provide new insights into the high redshift Universe
 - Strengthen synergies with other Cosmic Frontier facilities
 - \circ $\,$ Provide a bridge to a Stage V experiment.
- Pilot Surveys
 - Explore capabilities of DESI spectrograph beyond core BAO/RSD program
- >100,000 spectra collected in Rubin Deep Drilling fields
 - z>2 galaxies for primordial physics
 - host galaxies for supernova cosmology
 - \circ $\$ faint galaxies for photometric redshift calibration
 - z<1 galaxies for galaxy-galaxy lensing science
 - dwarf galaxies for dark matter



DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC Wide reaching DESI-II program

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- Confirmed by pilot surveys
 - Dark Time: dedicated LSS survey at z>2 for early dark energy
 - Dark Time: spare fibers for faint Rubin source galaxies
 - Gray Time: time-series observations of Rubin deep drilling fields
 - Gray Time: z<1 galaxies to characterize Rubin lens population
 - Bright Time: stellar spectroscopy to probe Milky Way dark matter

Designed for broad BSM discovery potential while being sensitive to existing tensions.

Snowmass: "New data from other facilities will be needed as a complement to unlock the full constraining power of LSST, including follow-up observations of strong gravitational lenses, supernovae, and gravitational wave standard sirens, as well as measurements of spectroscopic redshifts for deep training samples of objects to enable precision photometric redshift measurements."

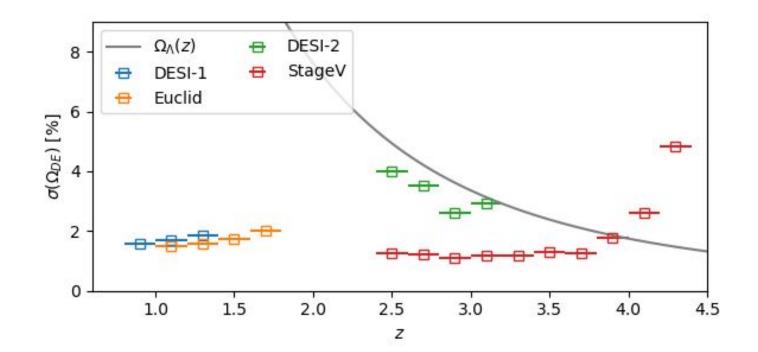


DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT DESI-II Science: Early Dark Energy

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- Baryon Acoustic Oscillations
 - \circ 5000 square degrees
 - sub-percent precision distance measurements at z>2

Measurement of dark energy deep in matter-dominated regime



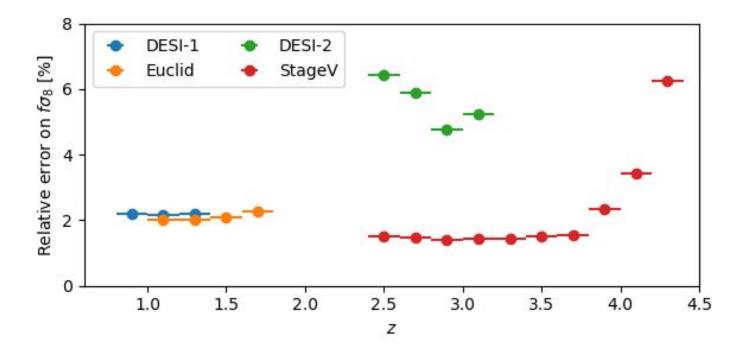


DESI-II Science: Growth of Structure

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- Sigma8 tension: Redshift Space Distortions
 - Identical to BAO sample
 - Independent measurements in growth-dominated regime

Test "low redshift low sigma8" and "CMB lensing average sigma8" at z>2 Stepping stone to Spec-S5 for BAO and RSD measurements



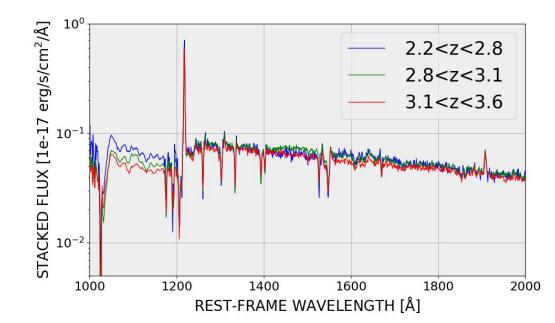


DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC Capabilities: LSS at z>2

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- DESI at z>2
 - <u>Snowmass2021 Cosmic Frontier White Paper: Cosmology and Fundamental Physics</u> <u>from the three-dimensional Large Scale Structure</u>
 - Pilot studies prove we can measure redshifts of faint, distant galaxies
 - Can match volume of current DESI program in entirely new redshift range

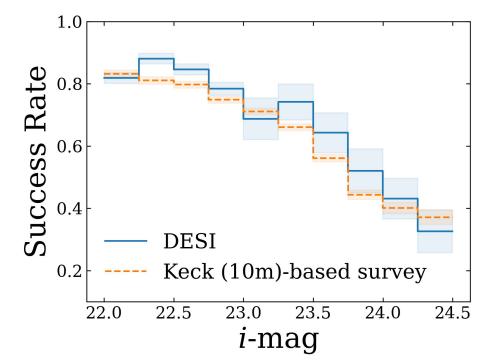
Composite DESI Spectra: based on preliminary target selection algorithm





DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC Capabilities: Supporting Rubin Cosmology

- 99% redshift completeness for z<1 galaxies
 - order of magnitude increase in surface density relative to DESI
- Galaxies at 22<i<24.5
 - Comparable to 10m class telescopes in only 50% more observing time
 - 40 times more galaxies per exposure
- Characterize lens and source populations for cosmic shear and lensing studies



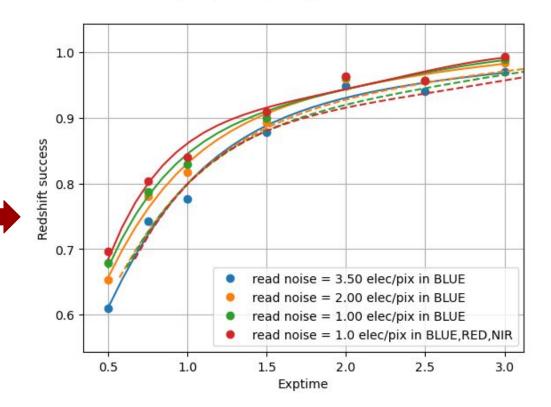


DESI-II: Pathway to Better Performance

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- R&D: up to 50% improvement in survey speed possible
 - \circ Implement for DESI-II
 - Early deployment of Spec-S5 technologies
- Single electron counting CCDs (Skipper CCDs)
 - Developed by Berkeley Lab & Fermilab for dark matter detectors
 - read noise <1 electron
- Upgraded gratings
- Facility improvements
 - \circ Improved mirror cooling

LBG (template 0), rmag=23.5, 2.4<z<3.4





DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT

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- Operations and minor hardware upgrades
- \$11M/yr are the current operating costs of DESI
 - \circ $\,$ includes cost of operating and maintaining the Mayall 4m telescope
 - \circ $\,$ includes cost of operating and maintaining the DESI instrument
 - includes cost of the lead observers (night-shift operators)
 - includes cost of the nightly data reductions/QA and nightly selection of targets
 - includes cost of the major data releases, calibrations, redshift catalogs
- Expect this level of operating costs to continue into DESI-II
- Cost of hardware upgrades: approximately \$5M
 - new skipper-CCDs
 - new blue channel gratings
 - improved mirror cooling

While DESI-II does not require these upgrades, together they greatly improve the survey speed and are needed improvements for Spec-S5. ¹⁸



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- DESI
 - Order of magnitude increase over preceding spectroscopic samples
 - Sub-percent distance and growth measurements to z<2
 - Lyman-alpha forest distance measurements at z>2
- DESI capabilities
 - Tens of millions of galaxies accessible with current instrument
 - Even more powerful with modest upgrades
- Wide reaching DESI-II program
 - Dark Time: dedicated LSS survey at z>2 for primordial physics
 - Dark Time: spare fibers for faint Rubin source galaxies
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DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC INSTRUMENT

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Thanks to our sponsors and 69 Participating Institutions!

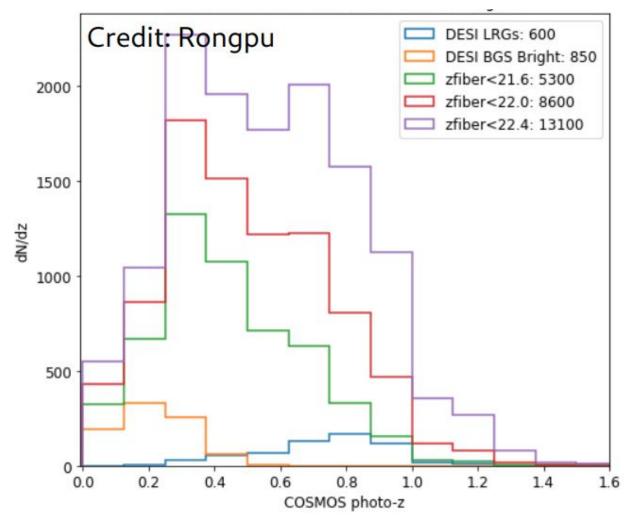


DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC Capabilities: Supporting Rubin Cosmology

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- 99% redshift completeness for z<1 galaxies
 - z_fib<21.6
 - \circ 5300 per sqdeg

Characterize low-mass end of halo-mass function for galaxy-galaxy lensing studies





DARK ENERGY SPECTROSCOPIC Target Selection: LSS at z>2

- Select galaxy targets in the redshift range(s) that we want: 2.0<z<3.5.
 - UNIONS deep imaging: targets at high declination
 - Rubin ugriz: targets in LSST-DESC overlap
 - DECam medium band filters: emission line galaxies for efficient redshift classification
- Densities well matched to DESI focal plane for BAO and RSD

