

High efficient H⁻ beam stripping by multi-pulse train laser with multi-reflection imaging optics

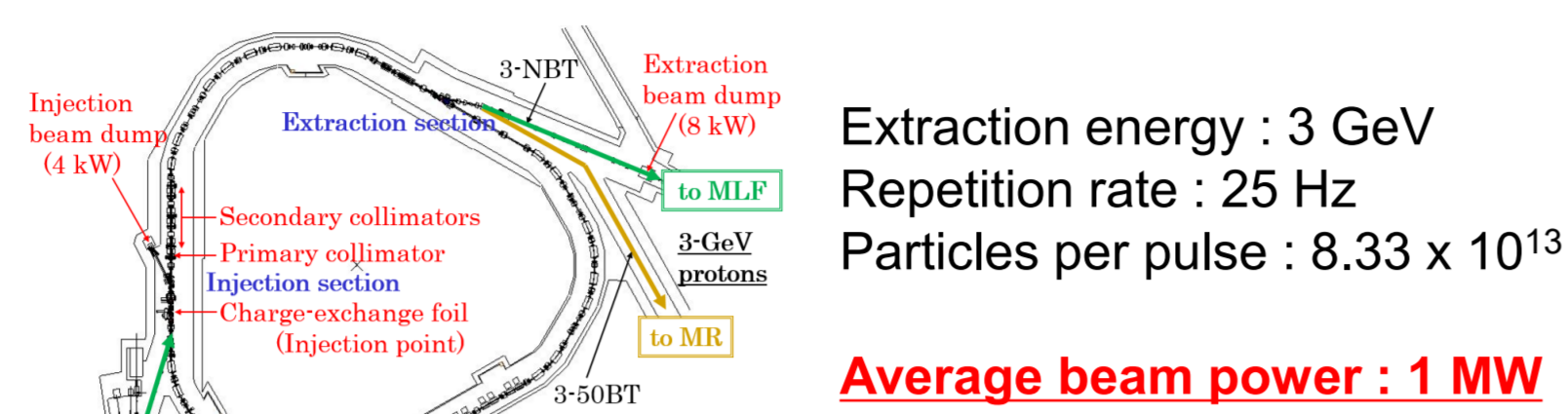
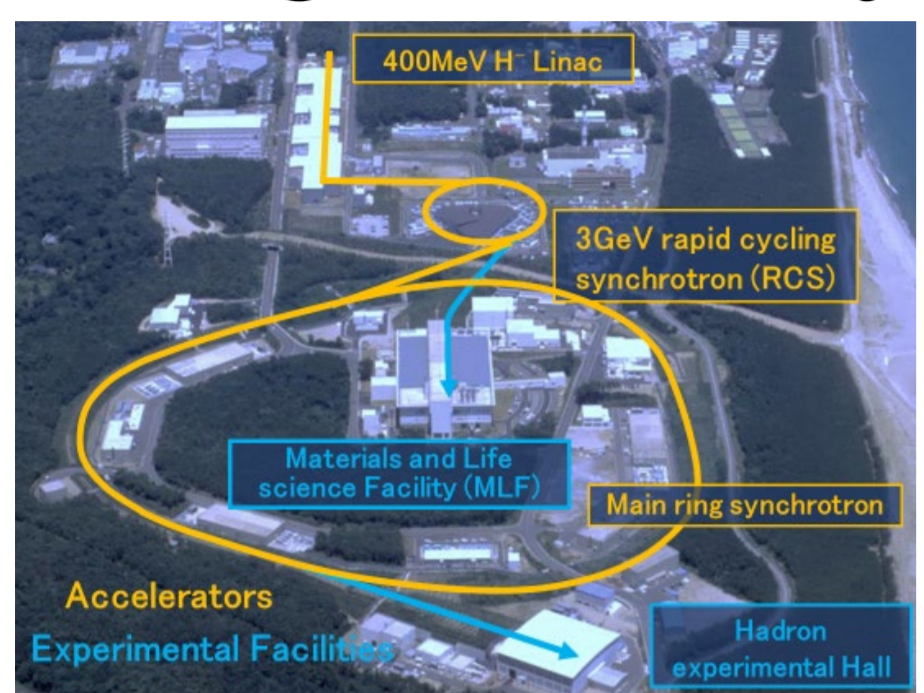
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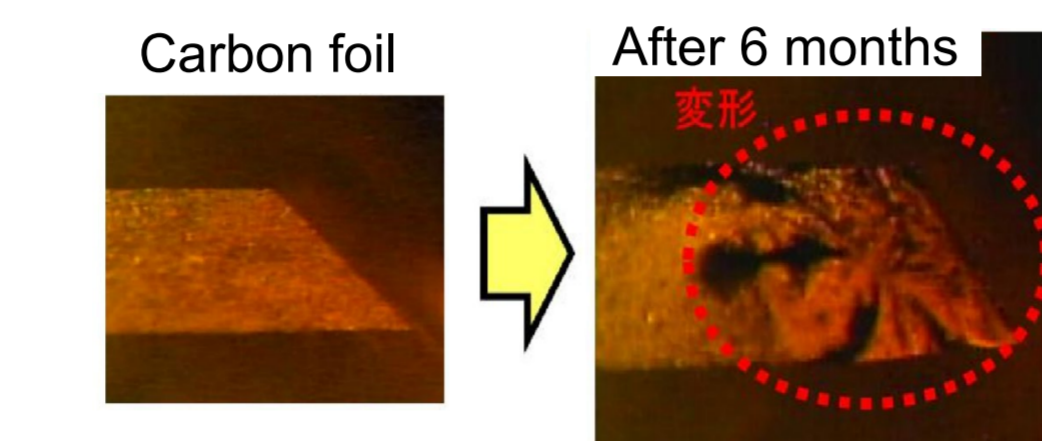
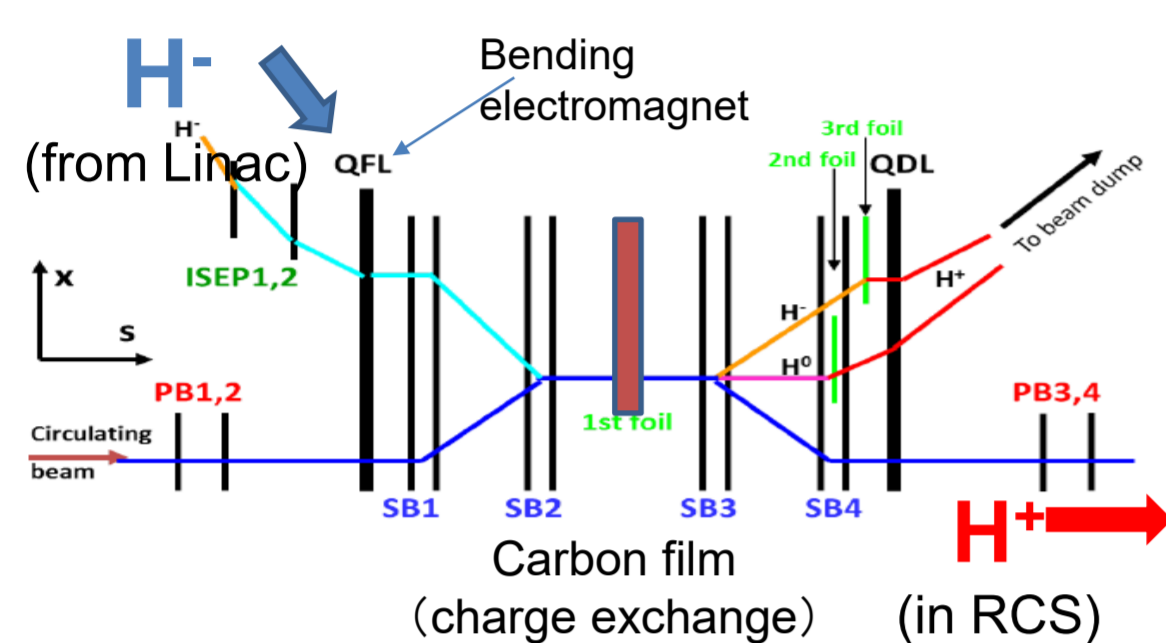
Background

Generation of intense proton beam (H⁺) by negative hydrogen ion (H⁻) charge exchange in J-PARC

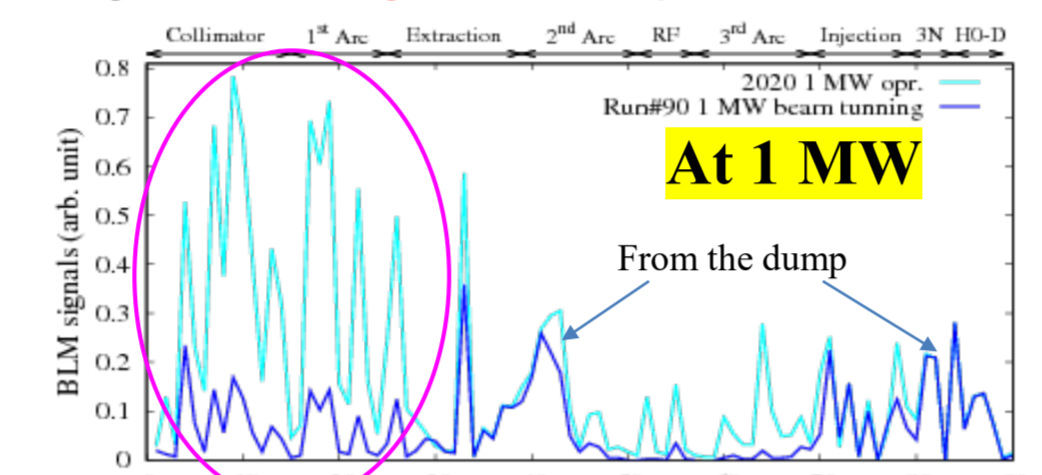
J-PARC @ Ibaraki, Tokai village



Charge exchange process by carbon film



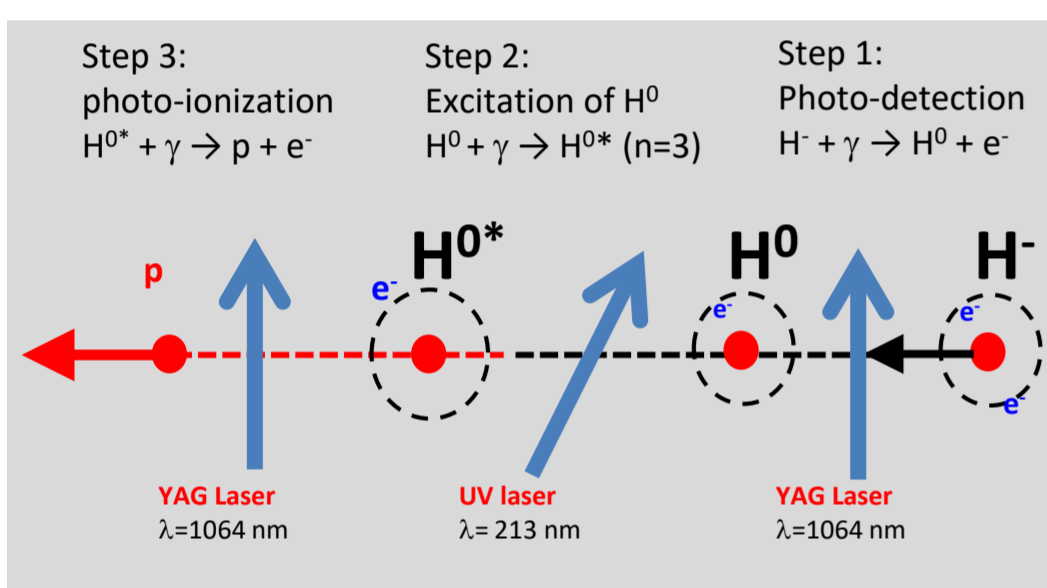
Large scattering loss → exposed to radiation



A short lifetime of the stripper foil and uncontrolled residual radiation caused by the foil scattering beam losses are two serious concerns for existing high-intensity proton accelerators as well as for considering next-generation multi-MW proton machines.

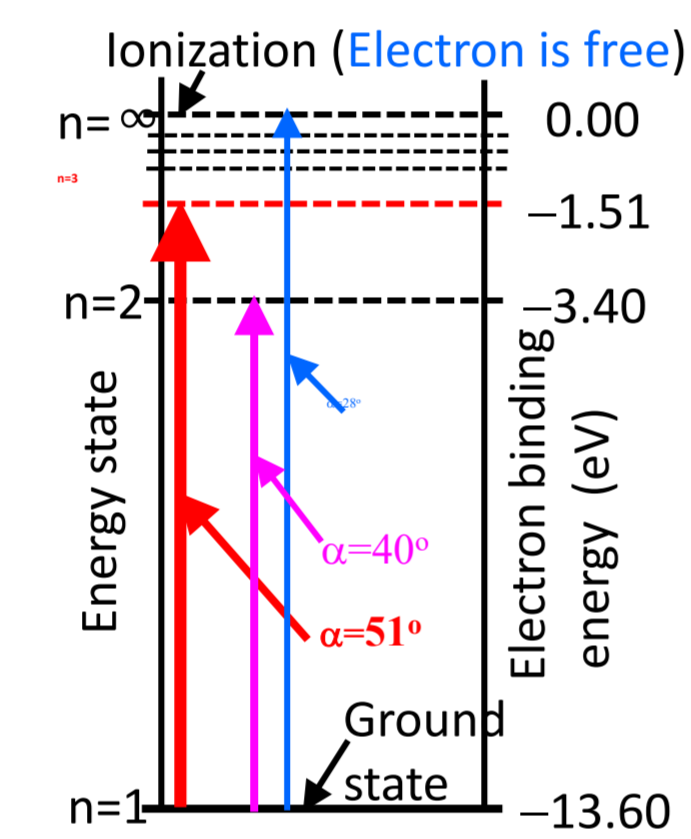
J-PARC laser stripping

Three step charge exchange process from H⁻ ion to H⁺ ion

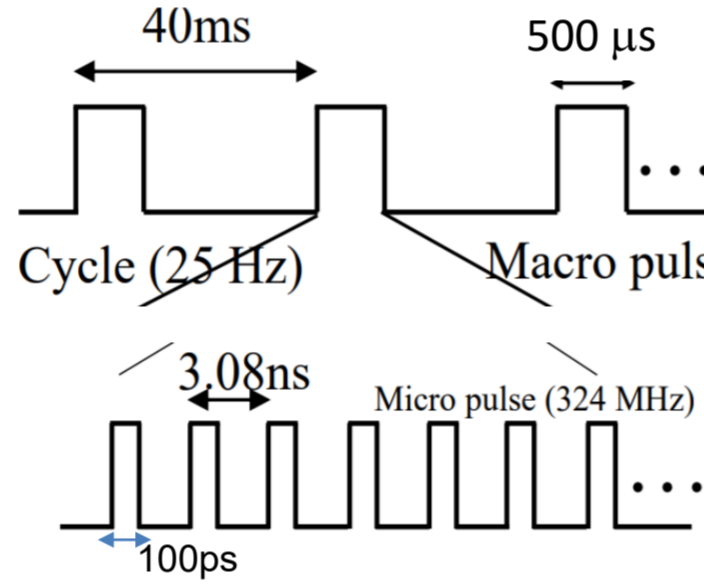


Principle of 400 MeV H⁻ laser stripping at J-PARC

Process	E _{ph} (eV)	λ (nm)	α (deg.)	λ ₀ (nm)
H ⁻ → H ⁰	1.67	1064	90	743
H ⁰ → H ^{0*}	12.1	213	50	102
H ^{0*} → p	1.67	1064	90	743



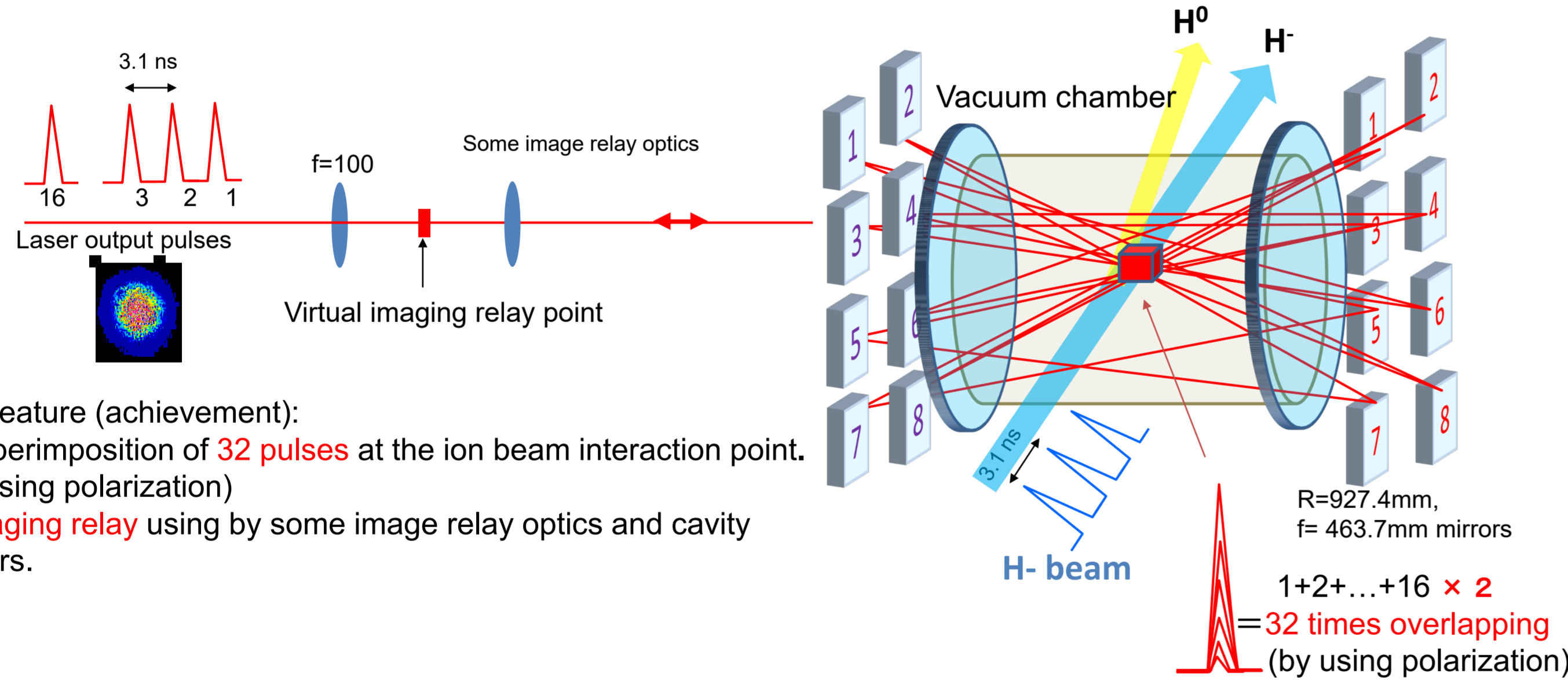
H⁻ beam bunch structure (324MHz pulse train in 25Hz Macro pulse)



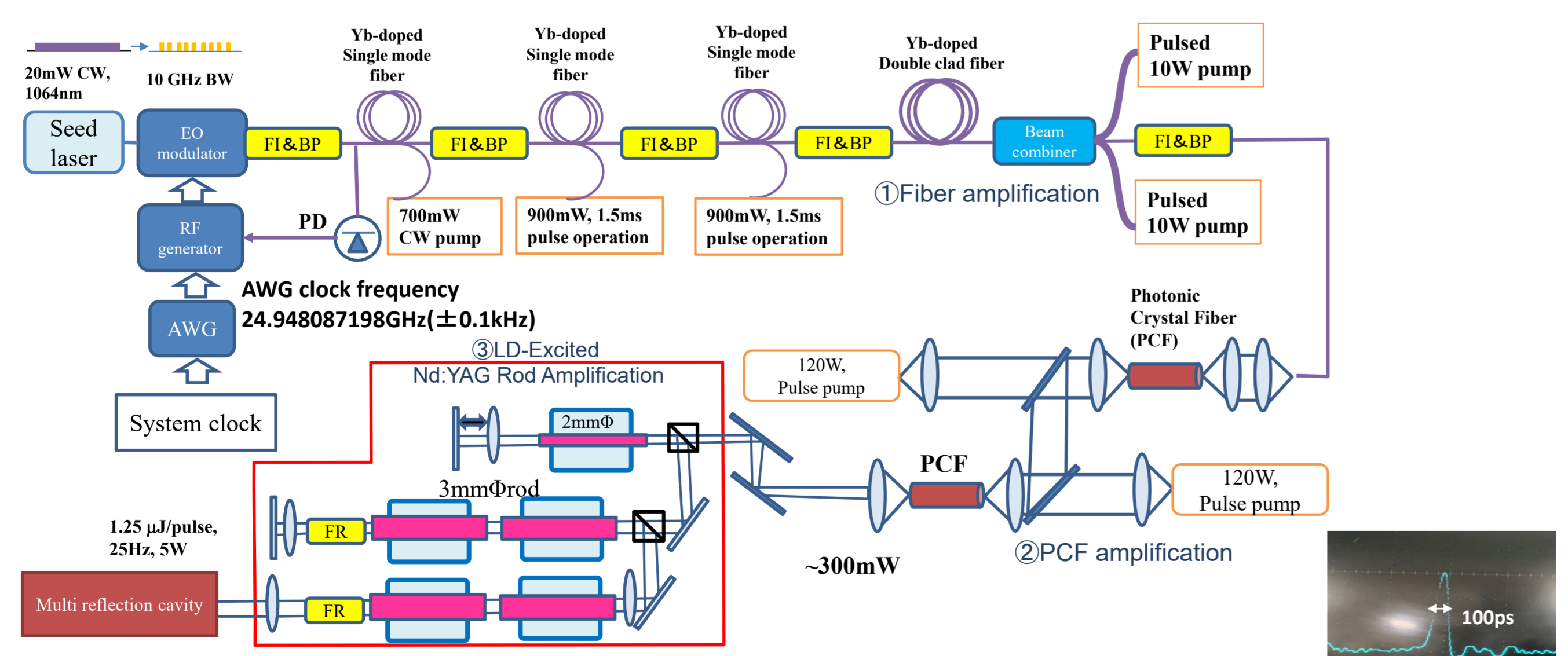
7mJ × 324MHz = 2.3 MW (impossible)
 duty ratio at 25Hz
 2.3 MW × 1/80 ≈ 28.8 kW
 + pulse energy recycling (reasonable)

Multi-reflection laser cavity system (Pulse recycling)

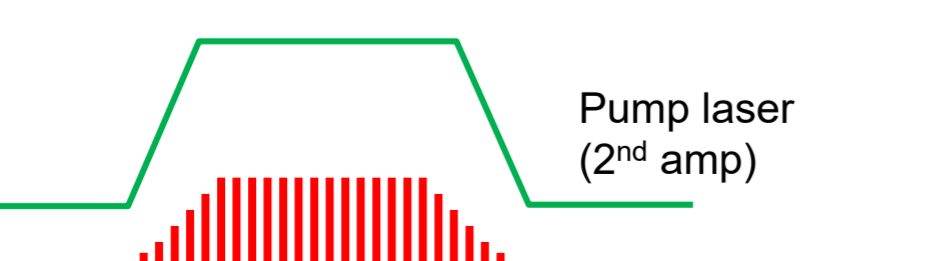
⇒ To significantly reduce the laser power



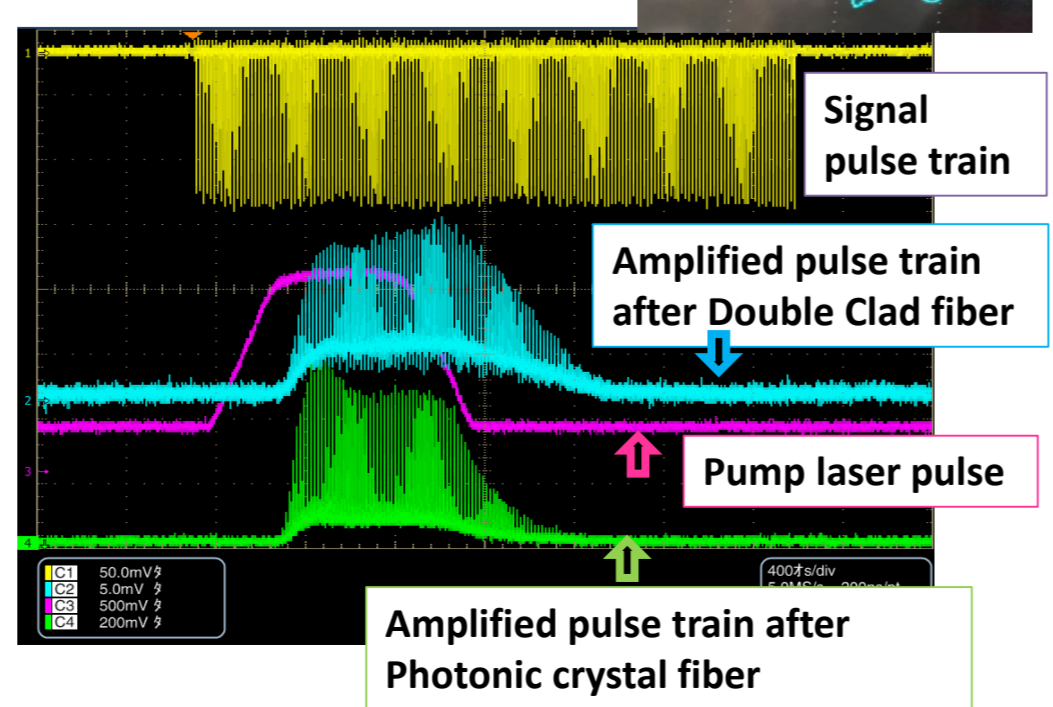
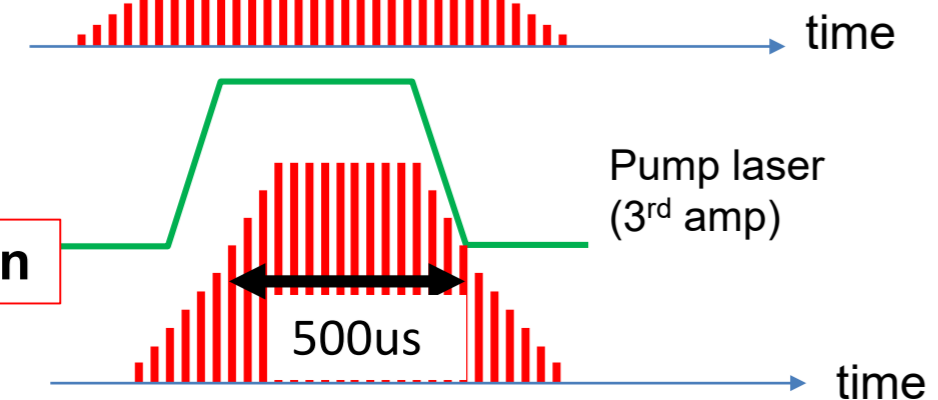
Laser system for charge exchange



Point 1. Input the slow-slope rectangular pump laser.

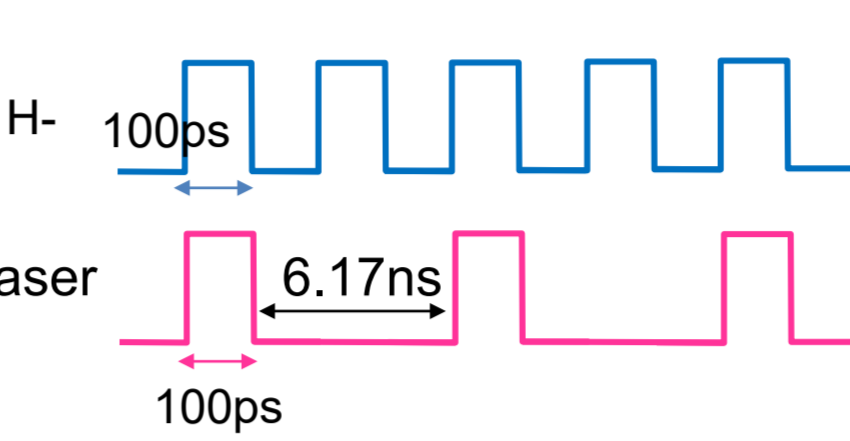


Point 2. Seed pulse train should be longer than pump laser.

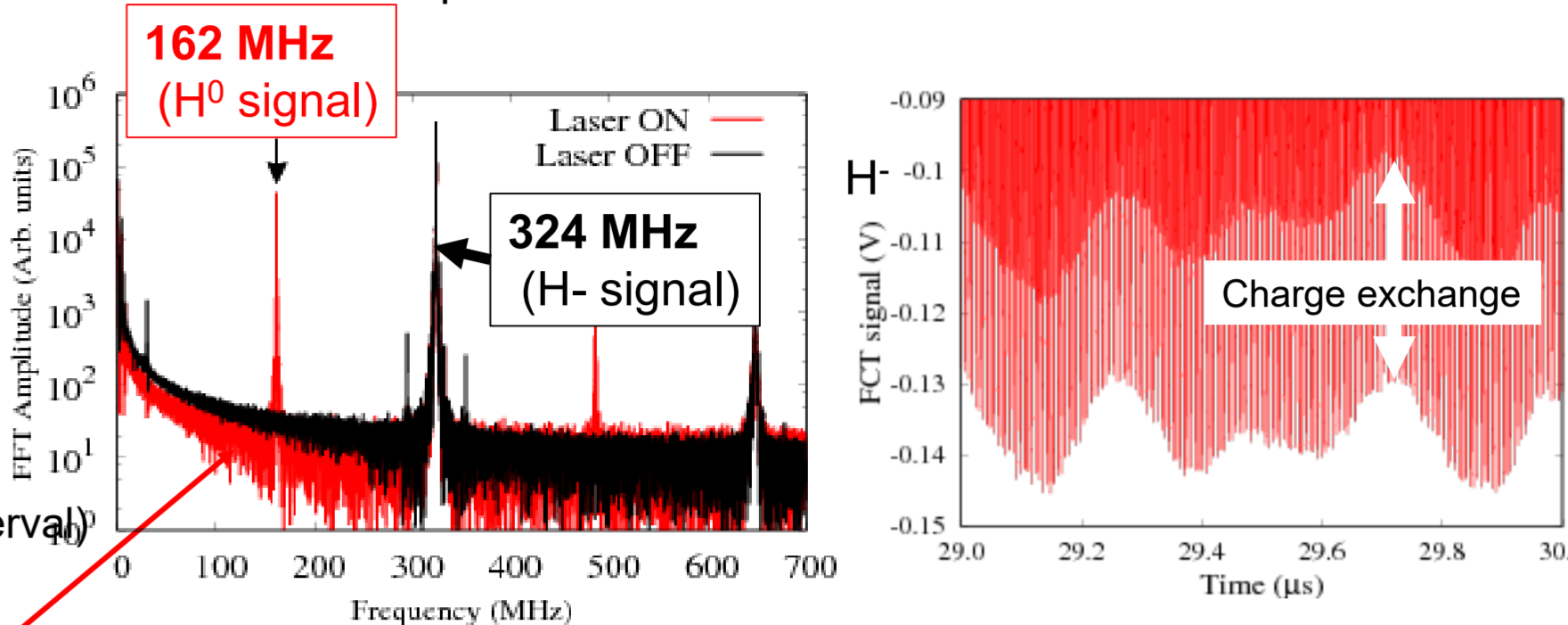


3 MeV H⁻ neutralization study in 2022

Laser operation at 162.00000 MHz for 324 MHz ion beam



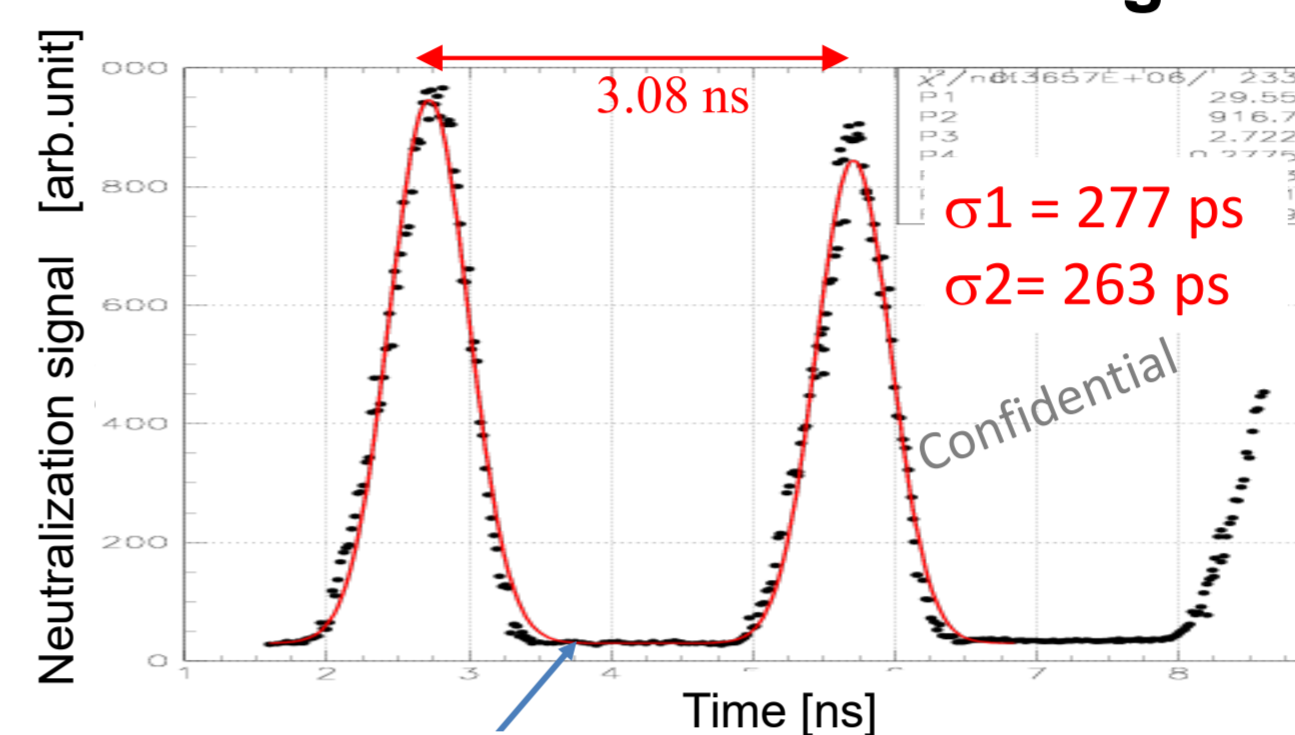
FFT Spectrum : Laser ON



Laser pulse frequency synchronized to alternative H⁻ pulse (6.17 ns interval)
 → Should appear signal at 162 MHz peak if H⁻ stripping occurs.

= Easy to check exchange efficiency on-time.

Measurement of longitudinal H⁻ bunch profile



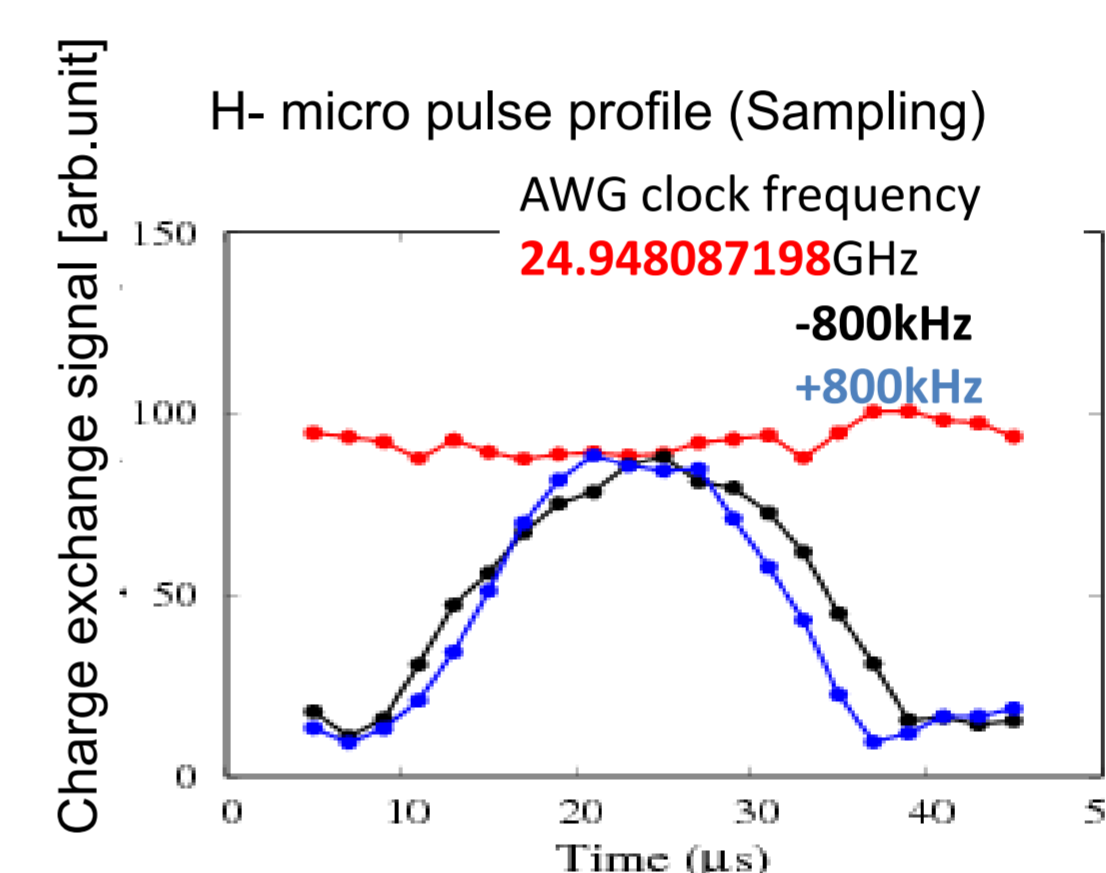
◆ Laser scanned through the H⁻ bunch with 20 ps interval.

Bunch profile obtained from the neutralization yield.

◆ Potential application for simultaneous and online monitoring of the H⁻ bunch profiles throughout the linac.
 → Next effort

◆ Also, easily applicable to present FNAL Linac / PIP III linac.

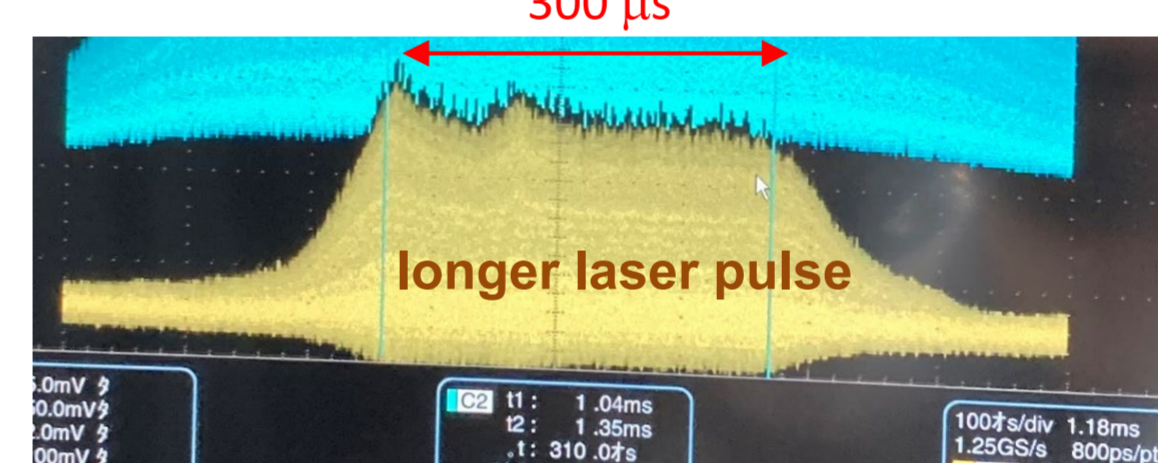
Single shot measurement of H⁻ micro pulse temporal profile: Sampling oscilloscope by the shift of laser repetition frequency



Measurement of charge exchange efficiency for each pulses ↓
 H⁻ micro pulse (324MHz fixed)

→ Real-time bunch shape monitor of H⁻ macro pulses

A step forward to approach J-PARC injection pulse length of 500 μs

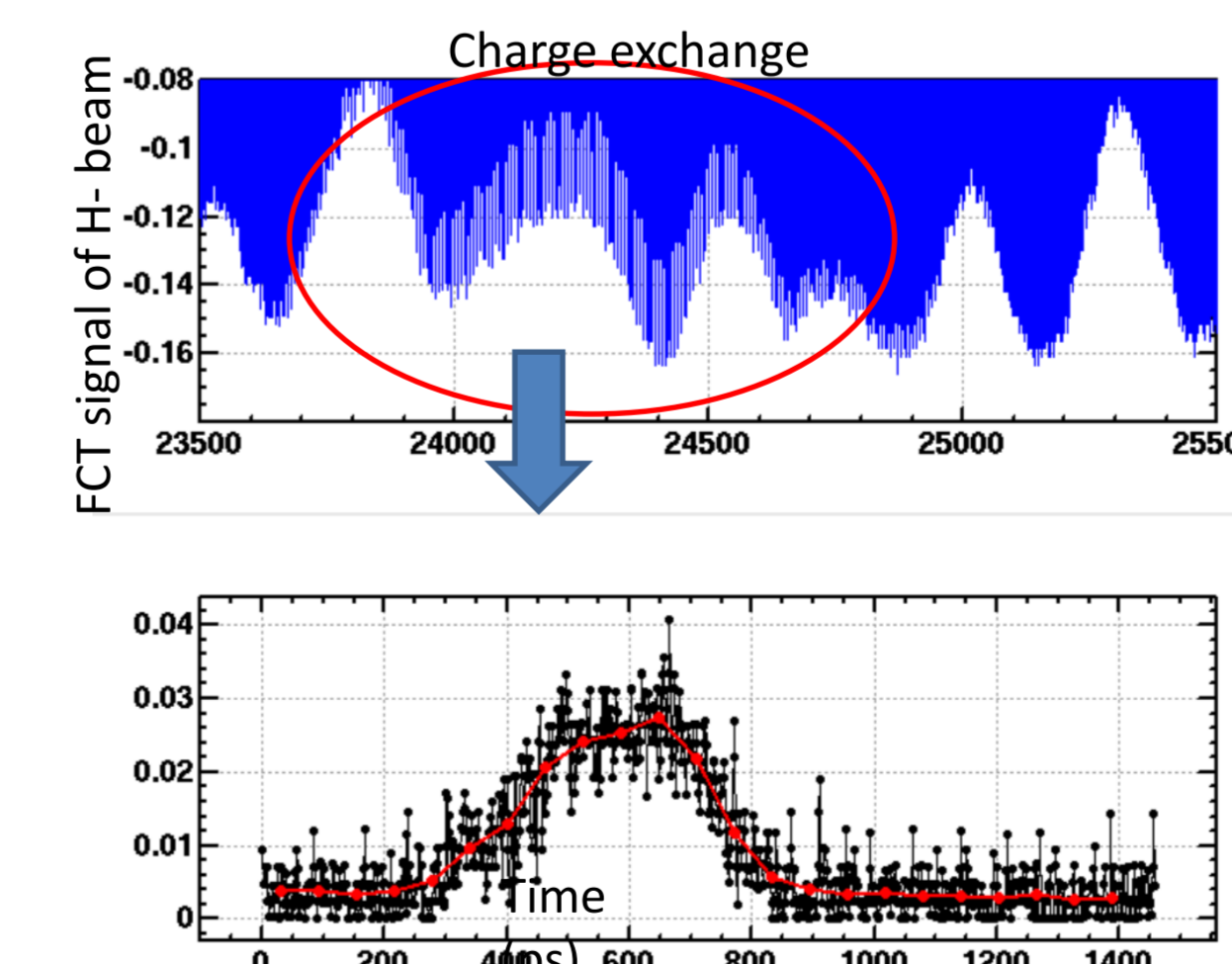


• Laser pulse length was extended by reducing the energy.
 • Laser scanned at 30 μs step delay through the 50 μs ion beam pulse.

τ_{laser} ~ 300 μs,
 τ_{ionbeam} ~ 50 μs (@RFQ - 3MeV Test stand)
 Scanning H⁻ macro pulse

• The charge exchange efficiency was lower but, obtained almost flat neutralization for about 300 μs pulse duration.
 → A step forward to approach J-PARC injection pulse length of 500 μs.

Single shot longitudinal profile measurement throughout the macro pulse by intentional (arbitrary) deviation of the laser pulse frequency



Conclusion

- EO modulated ps pulse laser system are successfully developed.
- Accuracy in temporal axis is better than 10⁻⁸ in 25GHz.
- We obtained full flat neutralization for 50μs duration at RFQ test stand.
- 25% neutralization efficiency is achieved with only 1.25μJ pulse energy.
- New temporal bunch shape monitoring method for relativistic proton is demonstrated.

This research work is partially supported by US-Japan Collaboration, JSPS grants-in-aid: (2016~2019), (2019~2024 J-PARC, UEC, KEK), JAEA director's fund for innovative research: 2018-2020, 2020-2022, 2023-2025