

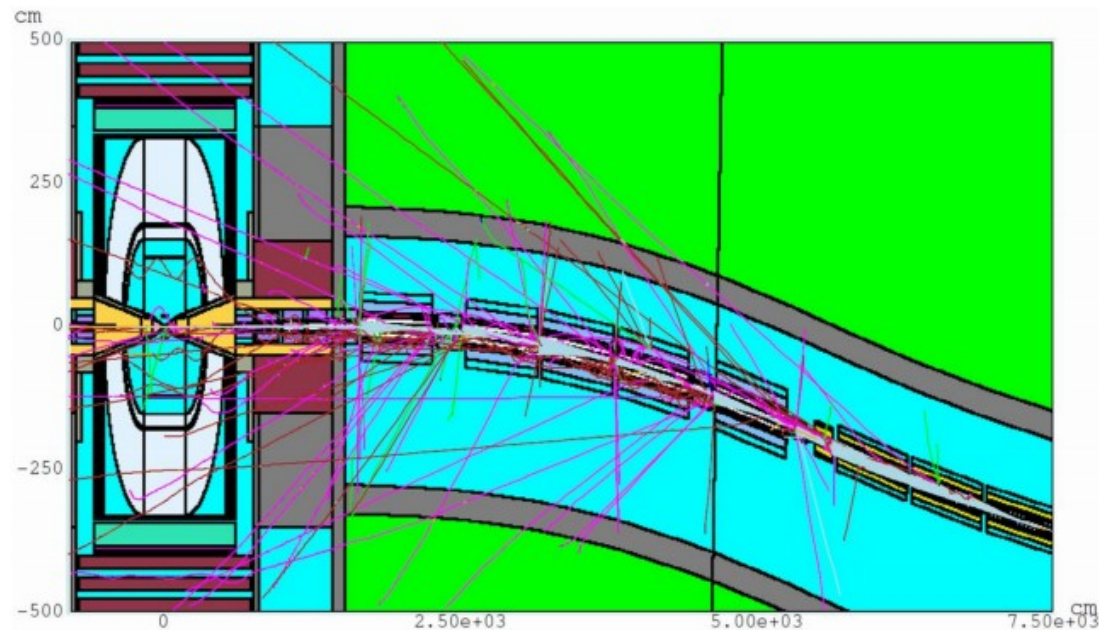
- Part of Muon Collider Symposium at APS, 10+2 talk
- At the very end, but mostly theory talks in my session

## Beam Induced Background (BIB)

- Muon decay products from the beam striking the detector
- Somewhat shielded with “nozzle”, but multiplicity still large
- Precise timing in detector will be important

## Tracker

- Vertex is made up of doublet Si layers
  - 20x20  $\mu\text{m}$  pixels, 50ps time resolution
- Remainder of tracker is single layer Si
  - 50x50  $\mu\text{m}$  pixels, 100ps time resolution



# ACTS Tracking For Muon Collider

Karol Krizka, Simone Pagan Griso

on behalf of the Muon Collider Detector and Physics Group

**April 20, 2021**



**APS April Meeting**

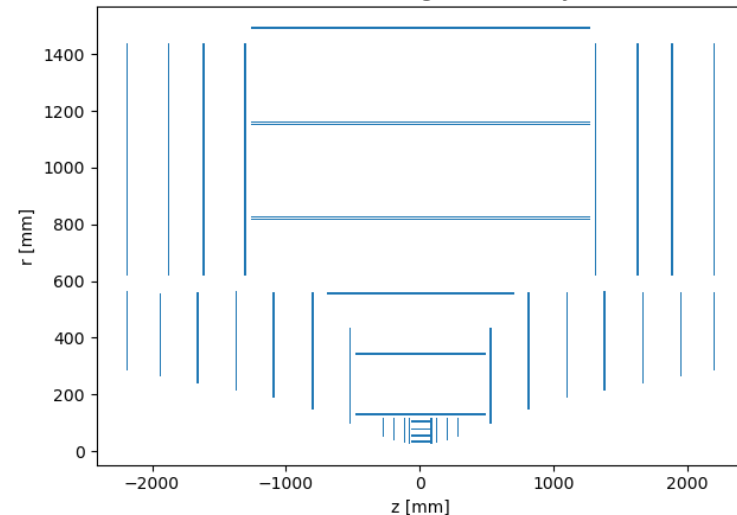
# Current Tracking Implementation

- **Designed for the  $e^+e^-$  environment**
  - Inherited as part of the ILC software framework
- **Implements conformal tracking ([1908.00256](#))**
  - Transform circular tracks into straight lines using conformal map
  - Use *cellular automata* to look for lines, allowing for deviations
- **Problem:  $\mu^+\mu^-$  collider is much busier due to Beam Induced Bkg**
  - Heavy pre-filtering of hits is necessary for conformal tracking to work

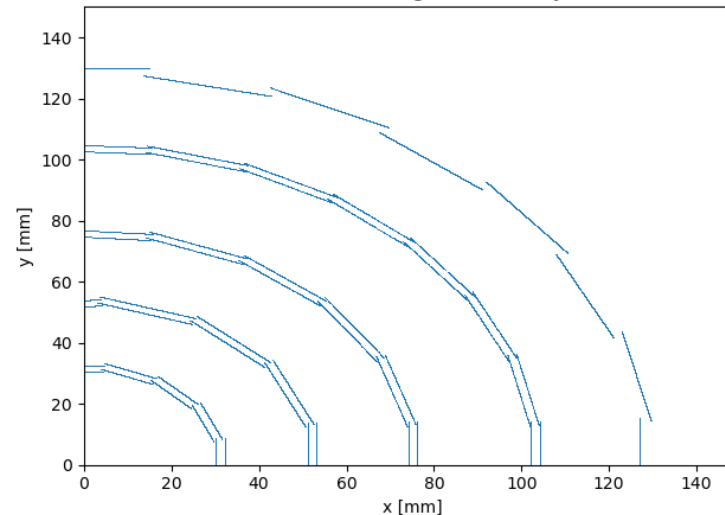
## More Information:

- [Detector overview](#) from Simone
- [Tracking overview](#) from Massimo

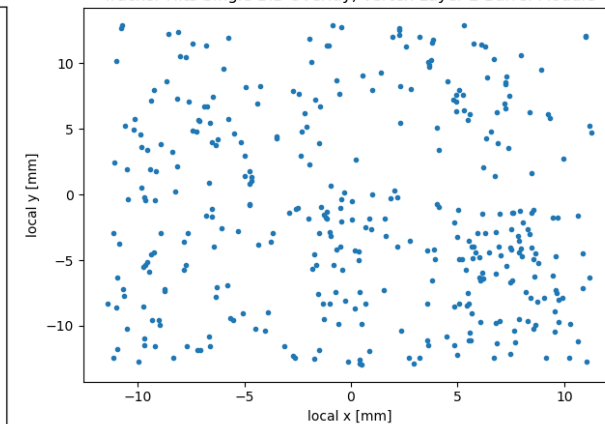
Tracker Hits Single BIB Overlay



Tracker Hits Single BIB Overlay



Tracker Hits Single BIB Overlay, Vertex Layer 2 Barrel Module



ACTS is a **generic library for track fitting** at collider experiments.

- **Dedicated team working on advancing tracking algorithms**
  - Tracking is hard!
- **Allows us explore alternate algorithms**
  - Triplet-based seeding optimized for high multiplicity environments
- **Code optimization come for free**
  - Also explores modern computing architectures (ie: CUDA)

# HOWTO: Tracking

## 1) Pattern recognition

- Create collection of hits corresponding to track candidates
- MCC: Conformal tracking
- ACTS: Triplet-based seeding

## 2) Track fit

- Kalman Filter to obtain track parameters
- [Material description](#) of detector required
- MCC: Straight Kalman Filter
- ACTS: Combinatorial Kalman Filter looks for hits compatible with seed

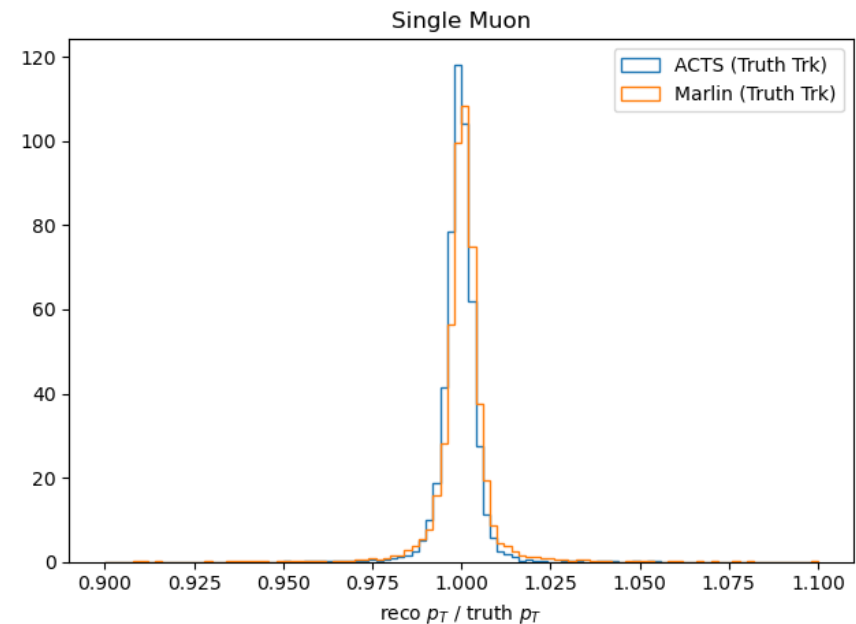
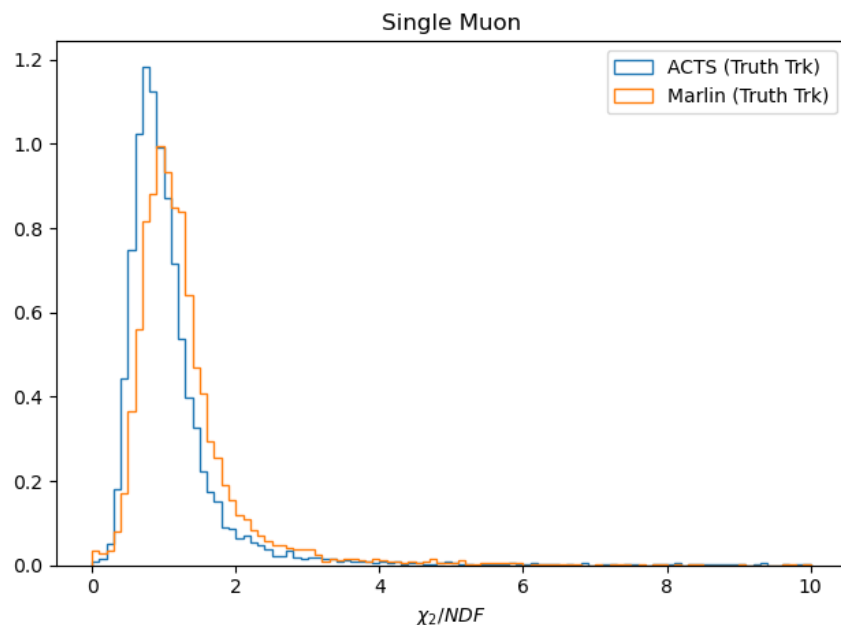
## Pattern Recognition

- Use hits associated to MC particle (100% efficiency)
- Same code for MCC and ACTS

## Track Fit

- Kalman Filter, but ACTS vs MCC implementation

Fit Library	Execution Time
ACTS	0.5 ms / evt
MCC	100 ms / evt



## 1) Choose $N$ layers for seeding

- $N=4$  in our case

## 2) Form seeds containing three hits

- All possible combinations in  $N$  layers

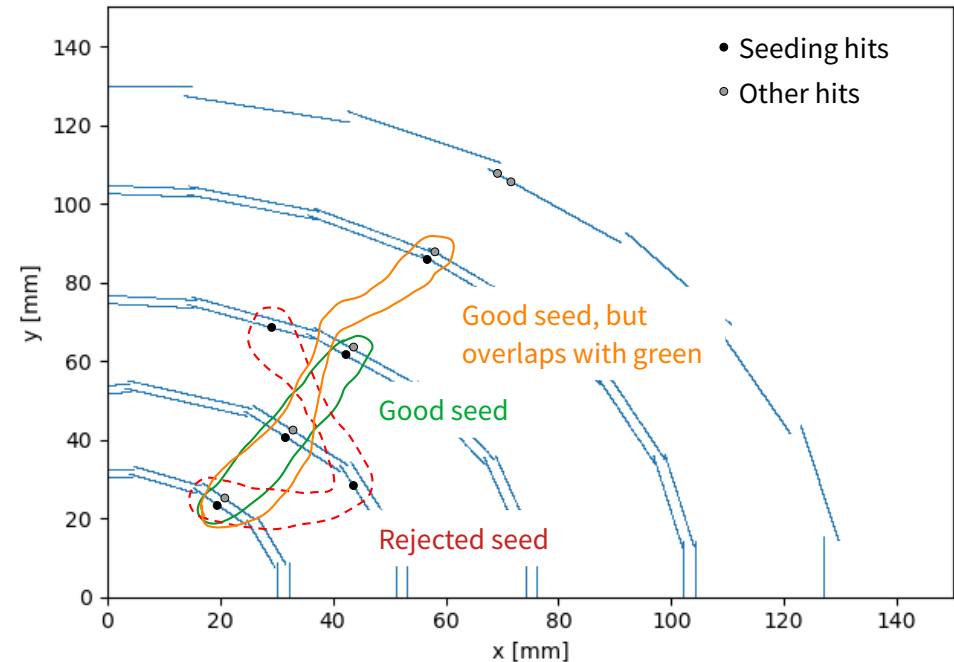
## 3) Remove bad seeds

- Based on compatibility with helix

## 4) Remove overlap between seeds

- Based on middle hit in seed

## 5) Use estimated track parameters as input to CKF



# Combinatorial Kalman Filter

## 1) Start with an estimate of track parameters

- ie: from seeding stage

## 2) Propagate track to next layer

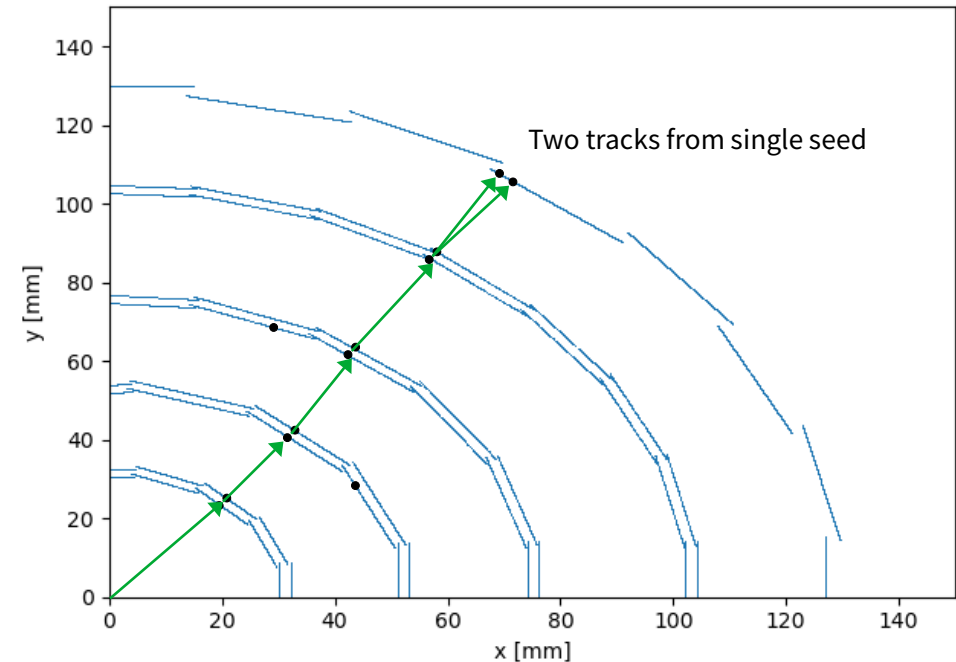
## 3) Look for compatible hits

## 4) Update track with new hit

- Multiple compatible hits  $\rightarrow$  create multiple tracks

## 5) Repeat steps 2)-5) with all track parameters until last layer

## 6) Refit all resulting tracks



**Note:** Doublet layers are currently treated as individual layers.



# Truth CKF Tracking

## Seeding (the truth part)

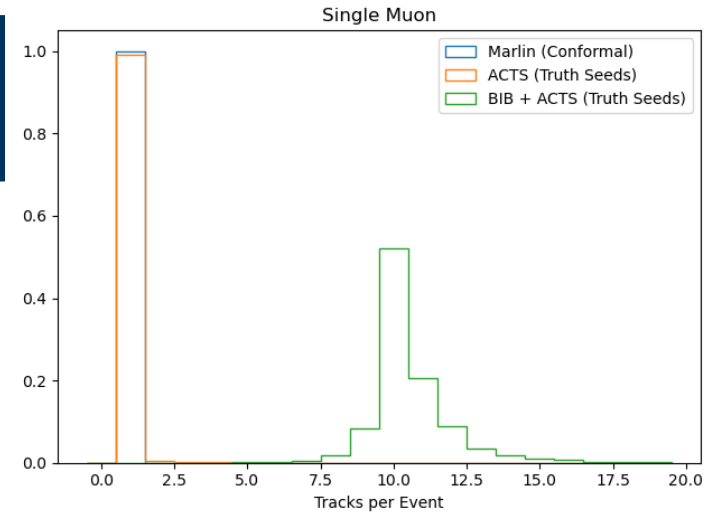
- Use MC particle kinematics

## Track Fit

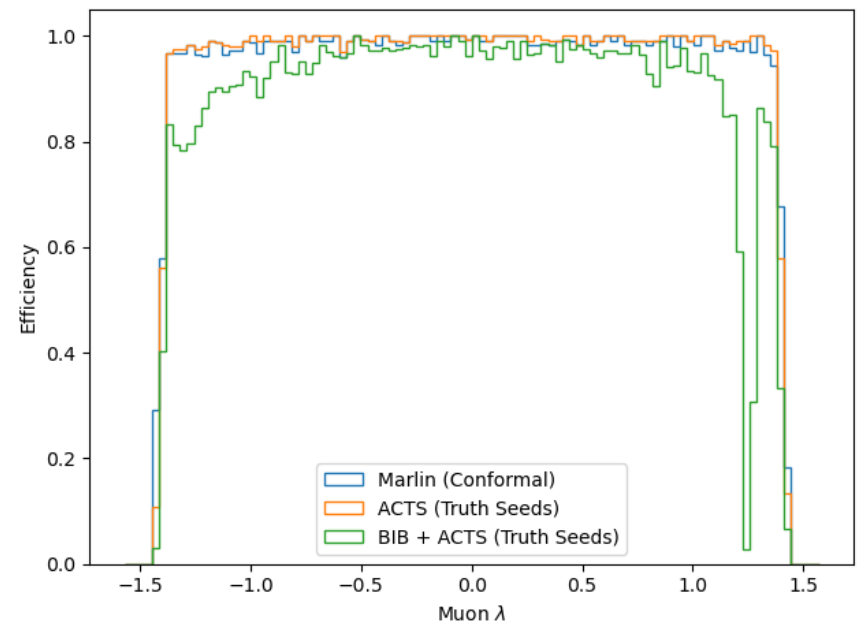
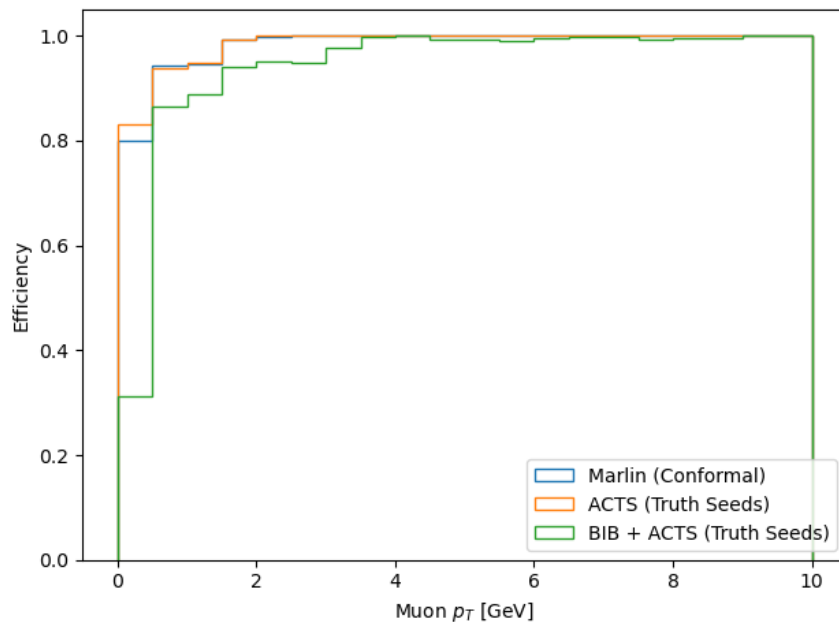
- Combinatorial Kalman Filter in ACTS

## Overlap Removal

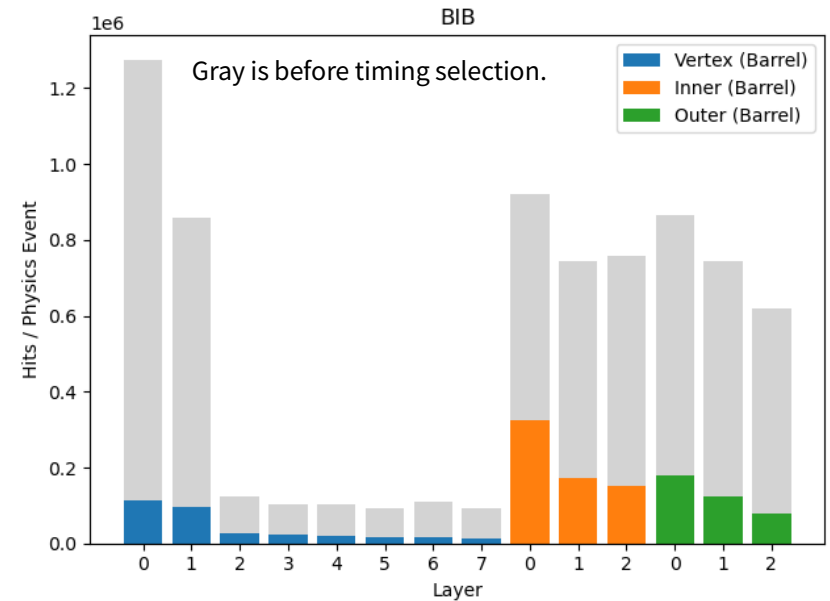
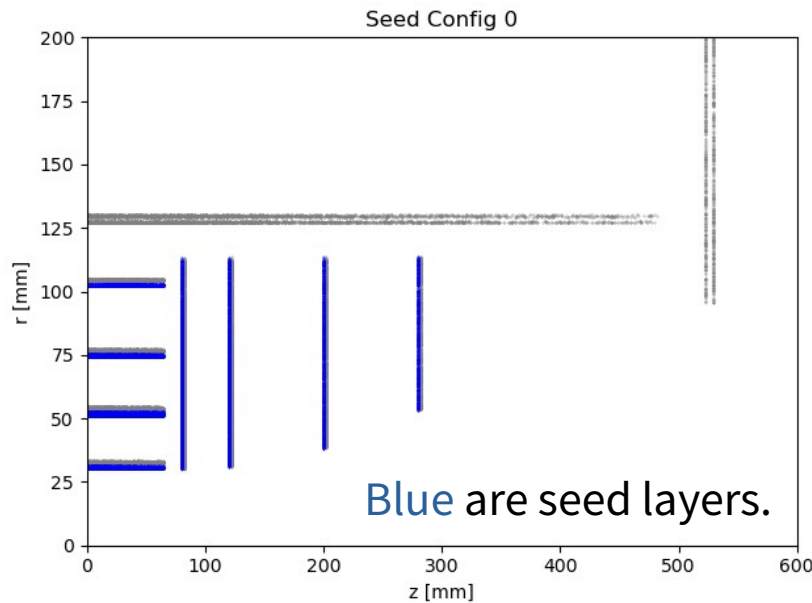
- Group by tracks sharing 50% of the hits, pick one with most (or highest  $\chi^2$ )



Fit Library	Execution Time
Conformal	120 ms / evt
ACTS	0.5 ms / evt
BIB + ACTS	5 s / evt



# Seeding Layers



- **Using only inner part of the Vertex doubles**

- Prevents redundant “too close together” combinations
- Future: Reduce hits with doublet requirements in double layer?

- **~300k seeds per event**

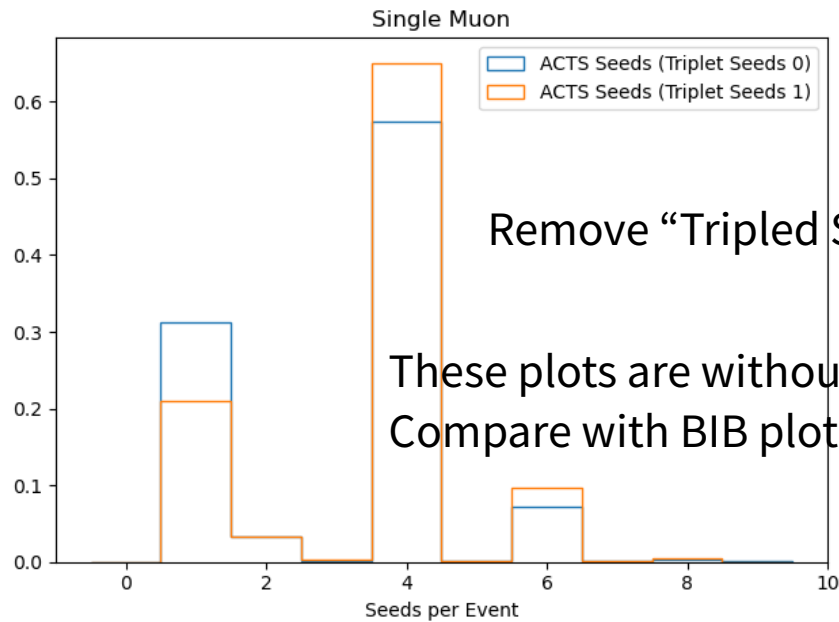
- 200 ms / seed x 300k seeds / event = ~16 hours / event

	Combinations
All Triplets	700B
Seeds	2000

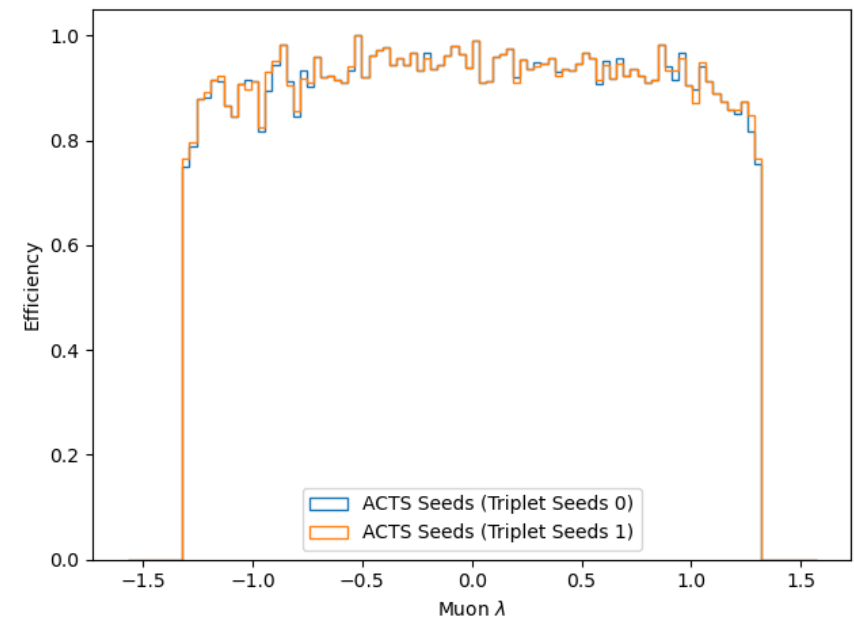
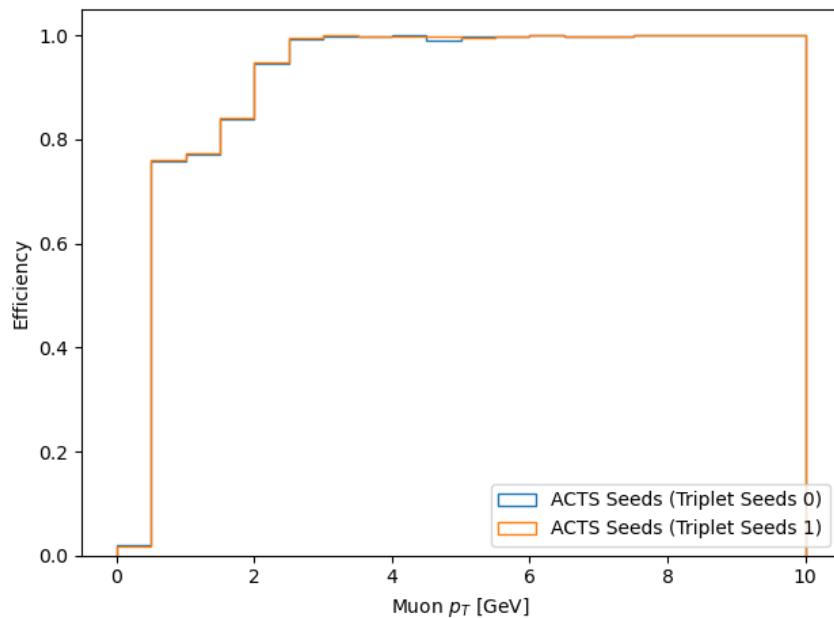
Per region, x144 regions

April 20, 2021

# Found Seeds in Full BIB



- Assume hit in all 4 layers
  - 3 choose 4 = 4
- Missing seeds at low  $p_T$
- Same efficiency in both



# Towards Seeded CKF

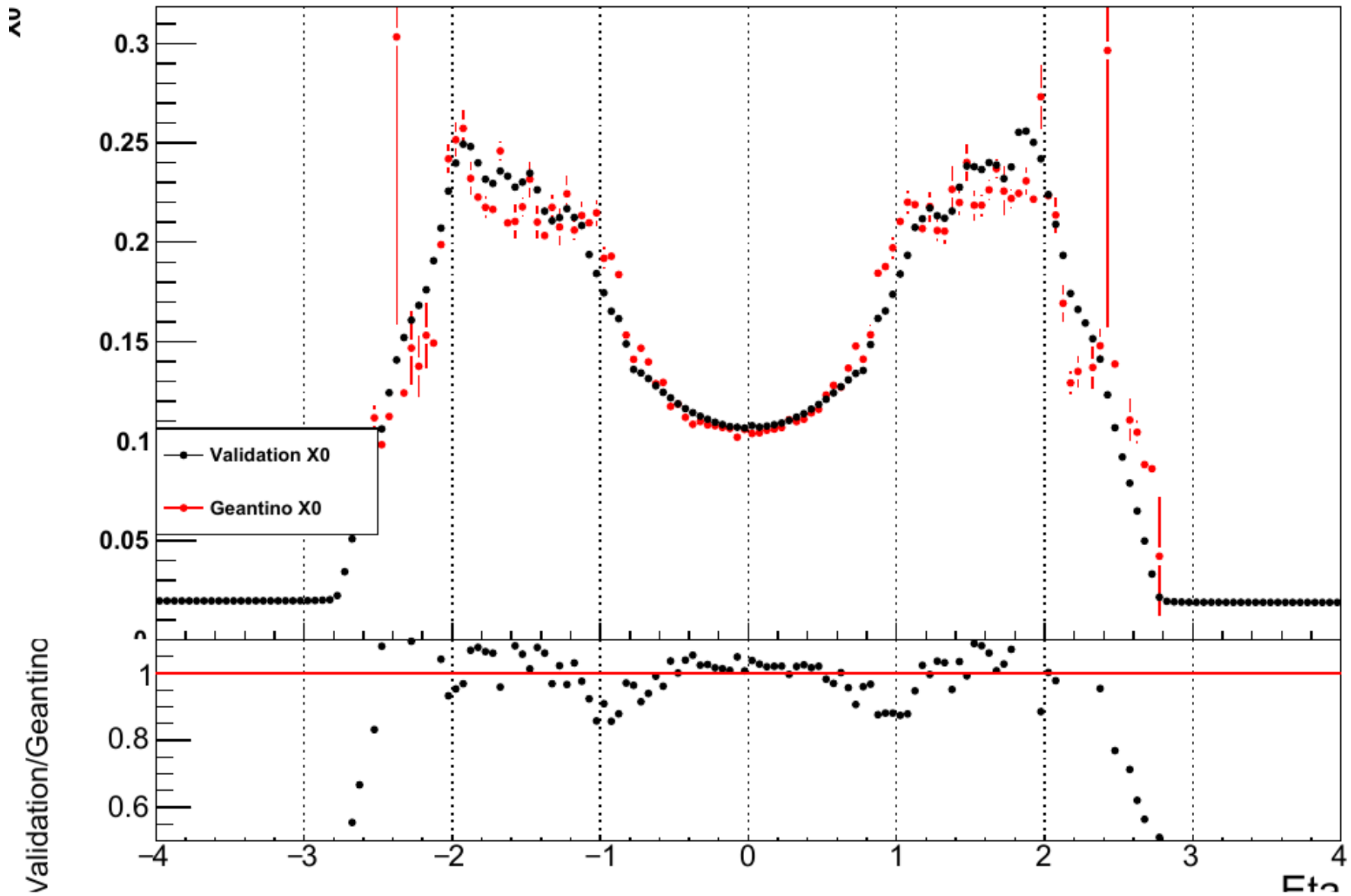
- **Need to reduce number of seeds by at least x10**
  - Reduce hits via more realistic digitization (Simone?)
  - Optimization of seed finding configuration
  - Consistent timing of hits within a triplet
  - Consistent hits within doublet layers
- **Need to recover seed efficiency at low  $p_T$** 
  - Optimization of seed finding configuration

# Conclusions

- **Current baseline for tracking is conformal tracking**
  - Found to be sub-optimal in the  $\mu+\mu^-$  environment
- **Tried to use algorithms from the LHC experiments**
  - Triplet-seeding + combinatorial kalman filter
  - Implemented using the ACTS library
- **BIB is too much even for triplet seeding out-of-the-box**
  - $X$  seeds  $\rightarrow$  1 day / per event
  - Might need to exploit detector features for practical performance
- **ACTS implementation of common algorithms is faster**

# BACKUP

# Material Validation



Add notes about importing MCC geometry into ACTS.

# Truth CKF Tracking

## Seeding (the truth part)

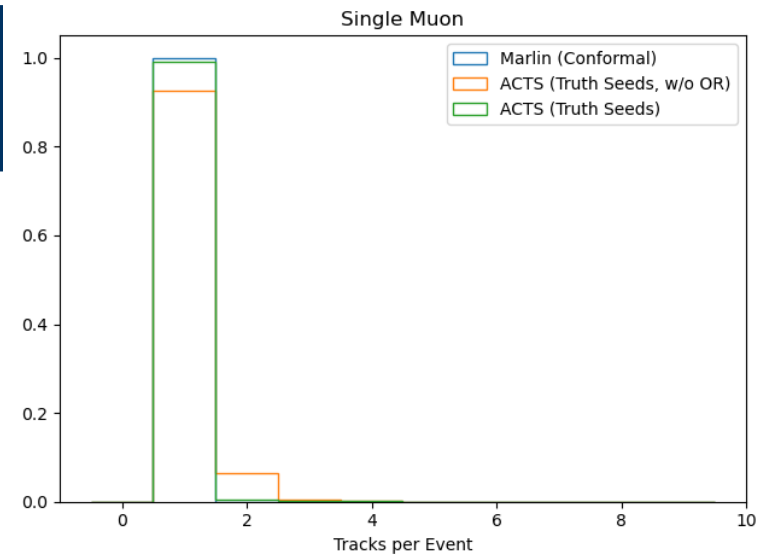
- Use MC particle kinematics

## Track Fit

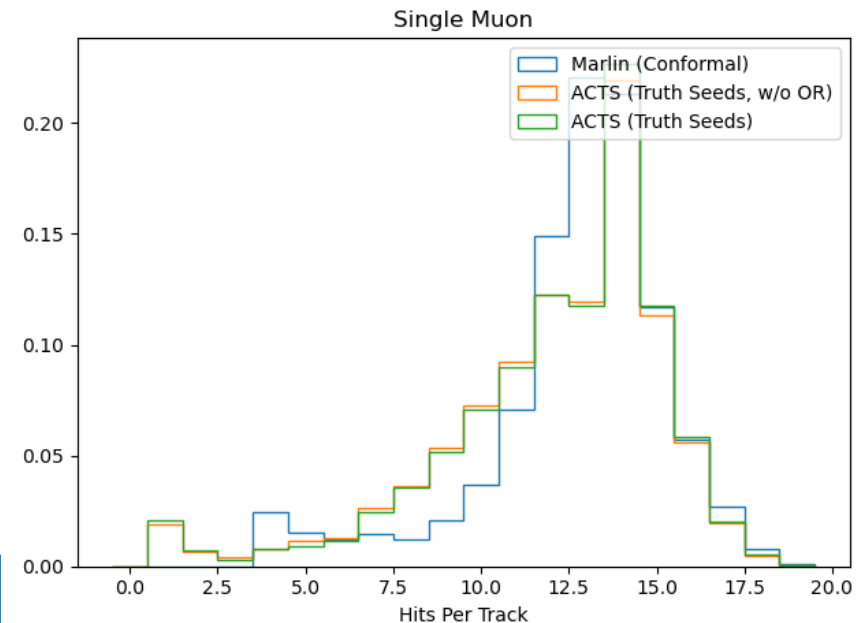
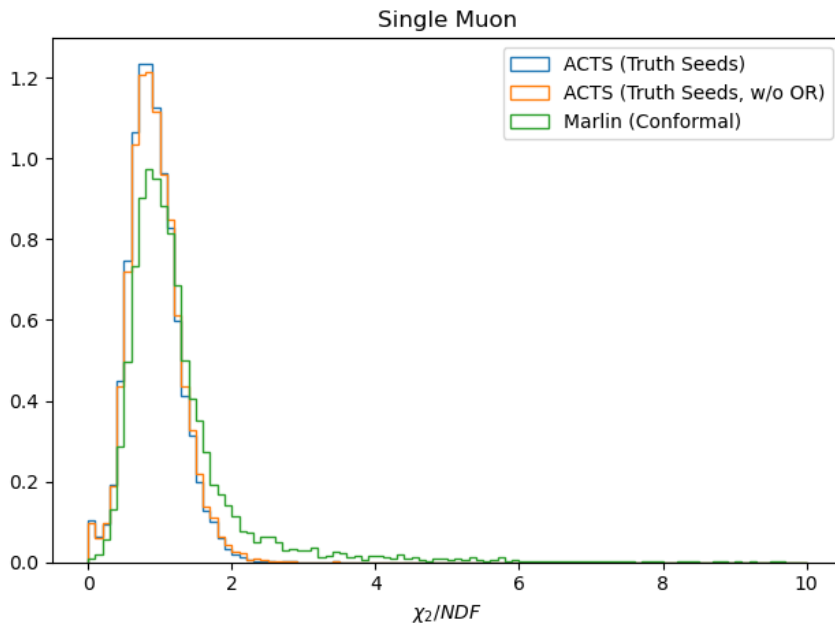
- Combinatorial Kalman Filter in ACTS

## Overlap Removal

- Group by tracks sharing 50% of the hits, pick one with most (or highest  $\chi^2$ )

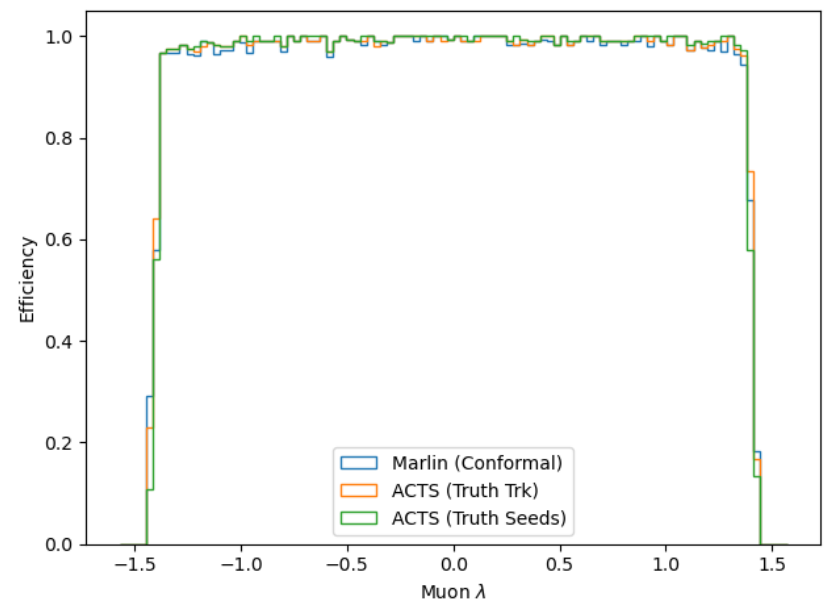
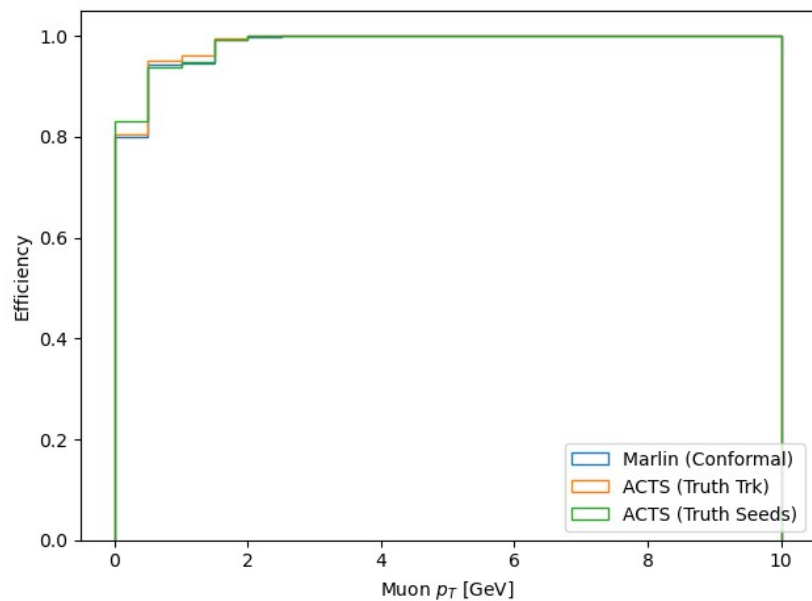
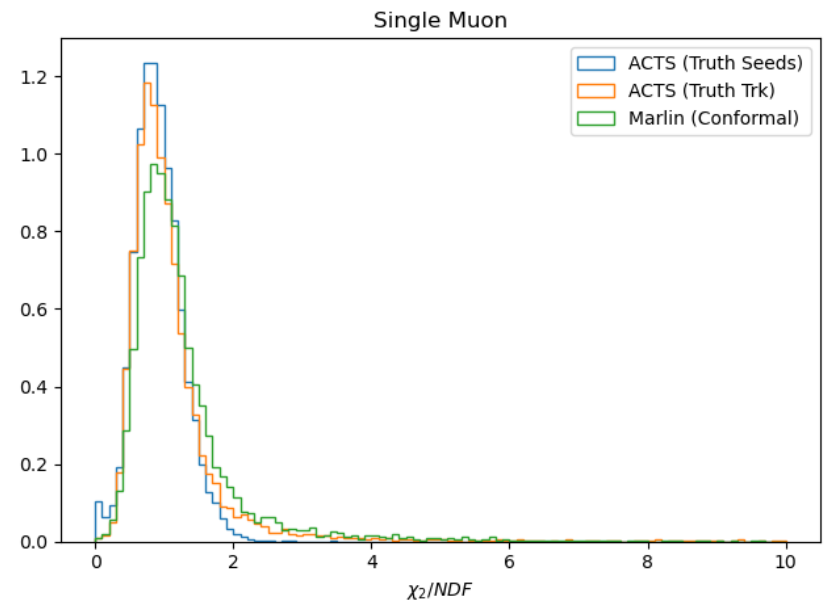
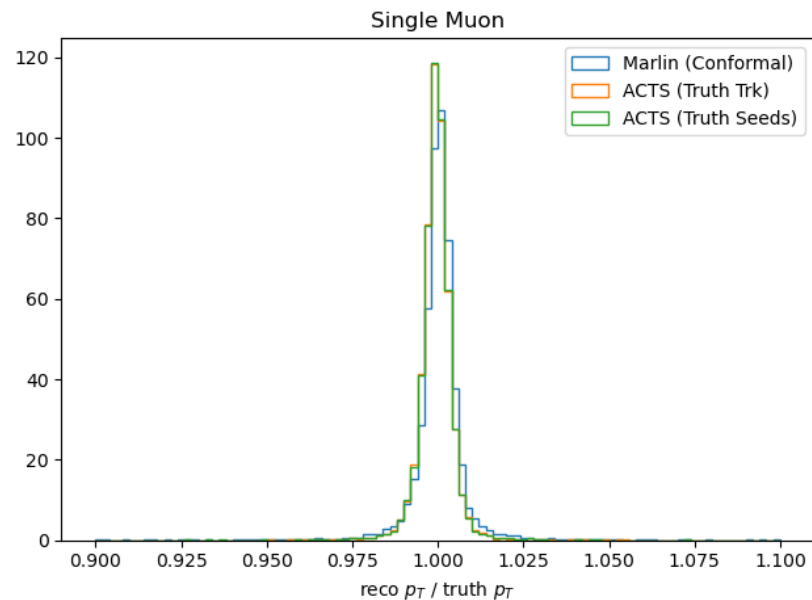


Fit Library	Execution Time
ACTS	0.5 ms / evt
Conformal	120 ms / evt



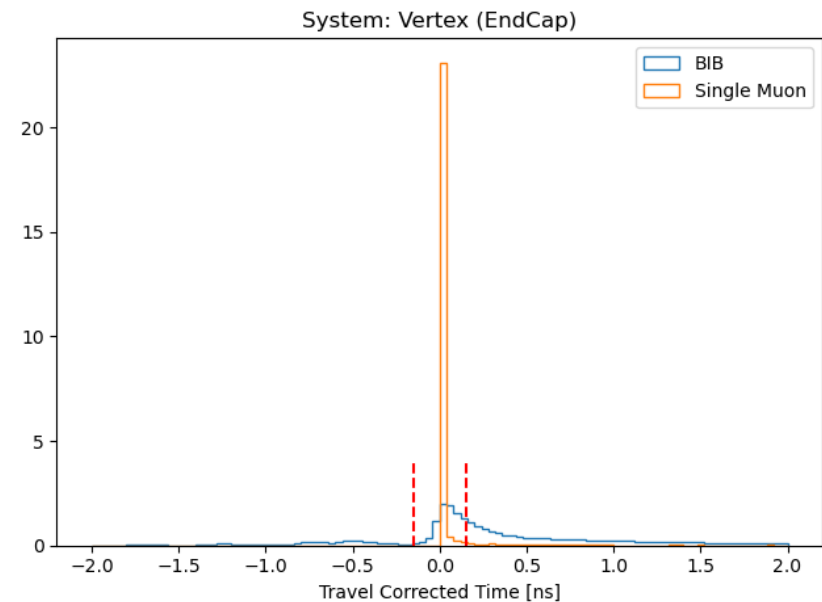
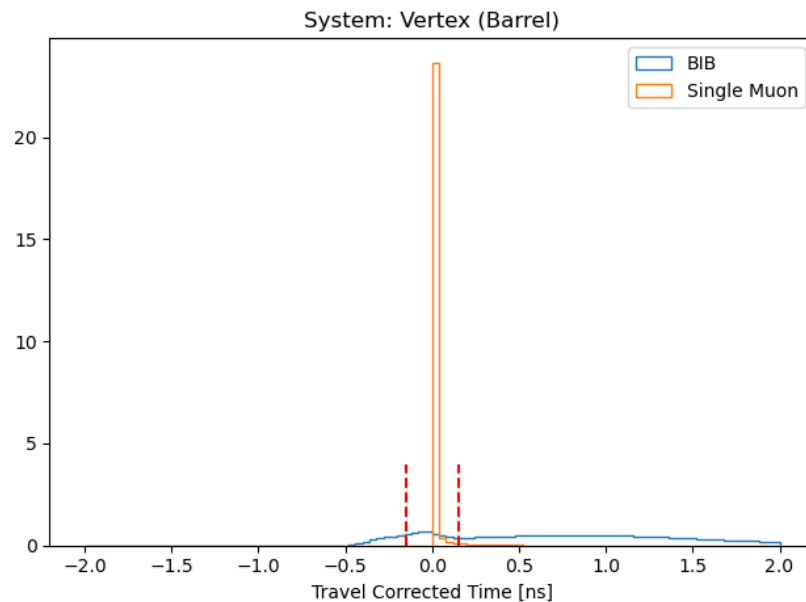


# More Truth CKF

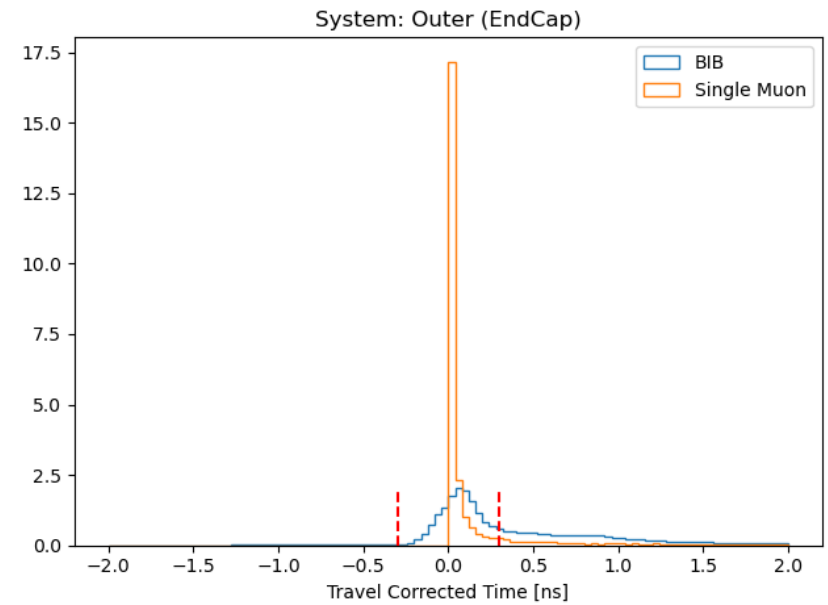
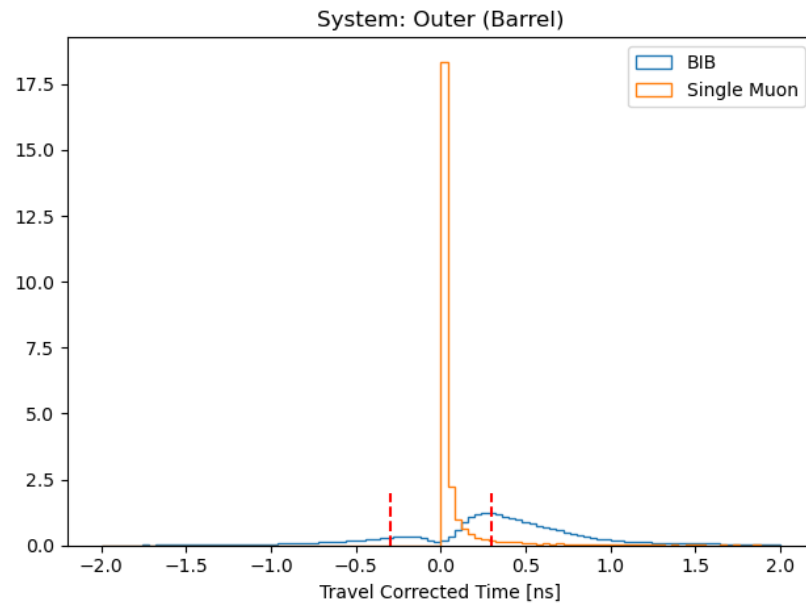
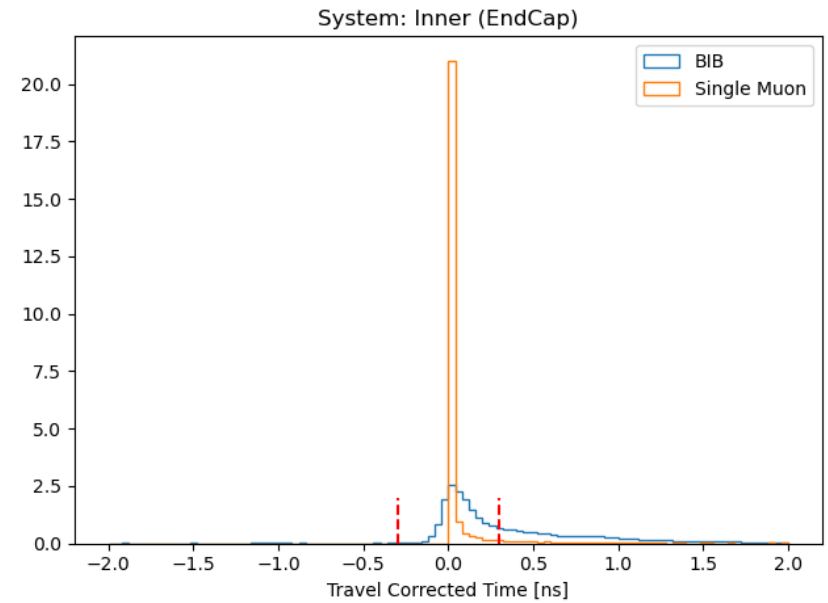
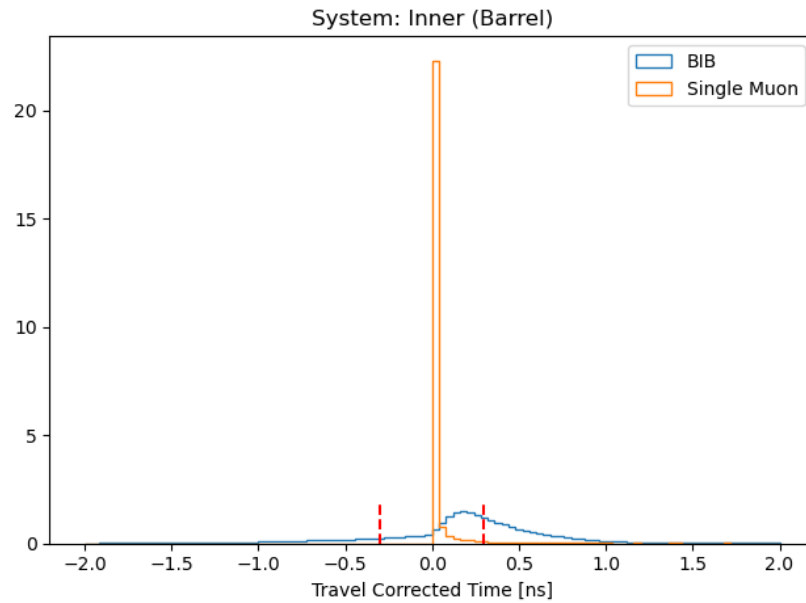


# BIB Overlay Technical Notes

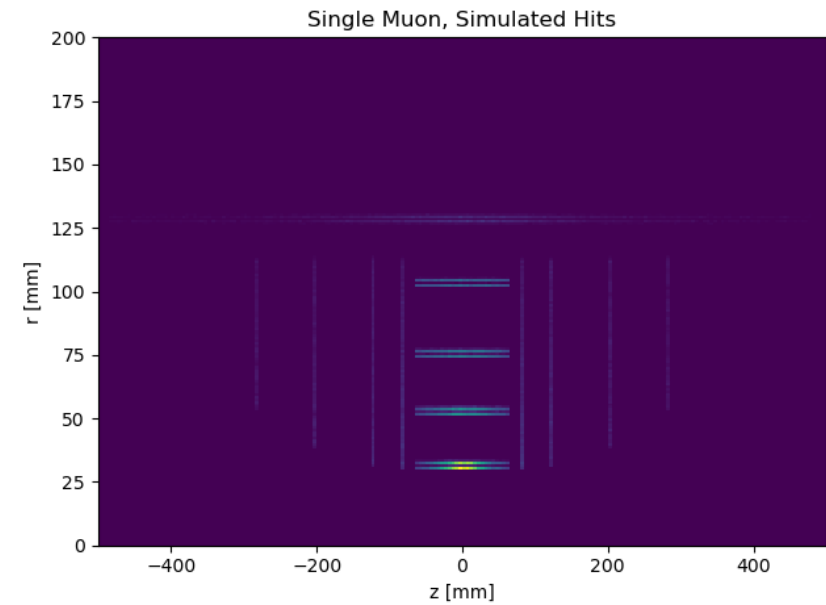
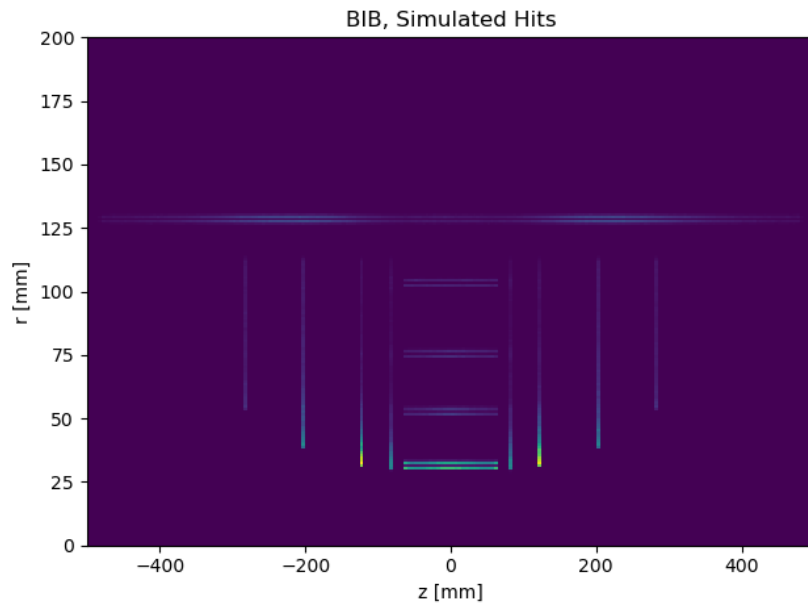
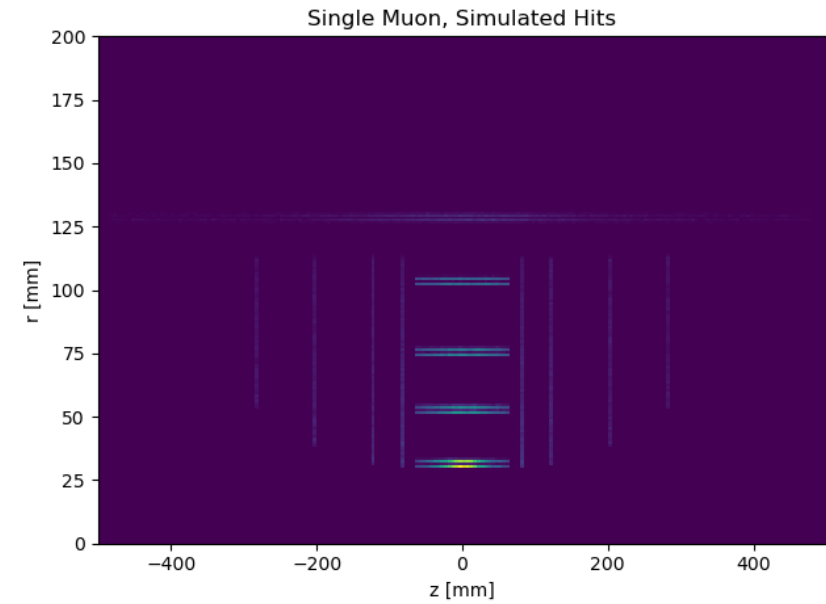
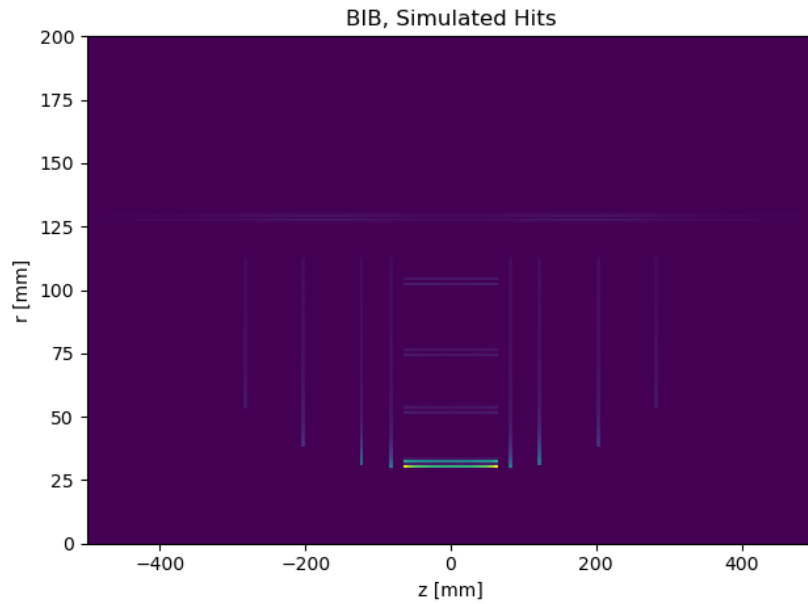
- **Using new BIB overlay files from Massimo**
  - Enough events to only overlay *five events* in “100% BIB”
- **Overlaying a single event takes ~6 min**
- **Performing overlay is limited by disk reads**
  - Load 8GB worth of (compressed) data for each event...
  - start-stop timing shows most of the time is reading next BIB event
  - Callgrind also confirms this
- **Speed-up via pre-skimming MCParticle collection**
  - *Remove the MCParticle collection before using BIB files*
  - Drops size of single overlay to 4GB (*three times as fast!*)
  - Still need to fix some broken links...



- **Based on SimTrackerHit (no smearing)**
  - Current default is 50 ps time resolution
- **Does not include cuts from Overlay processor**

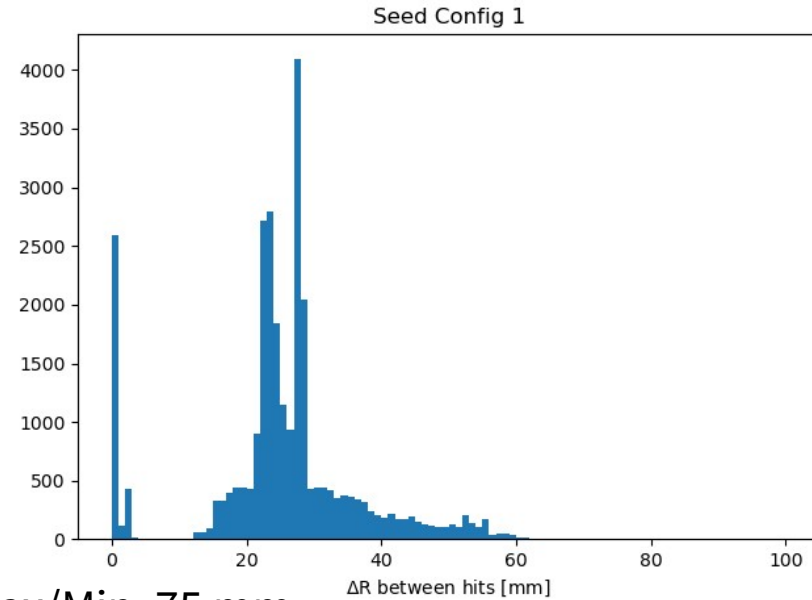
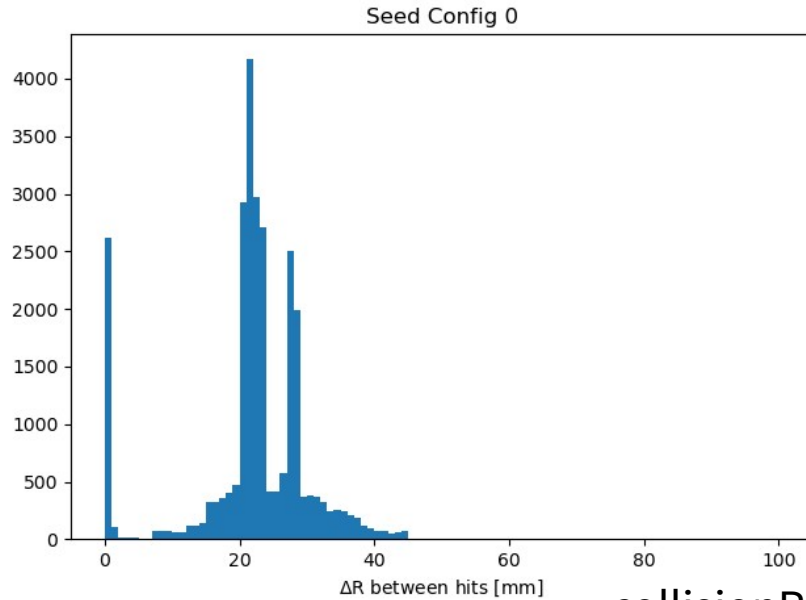


# BIB Distribution



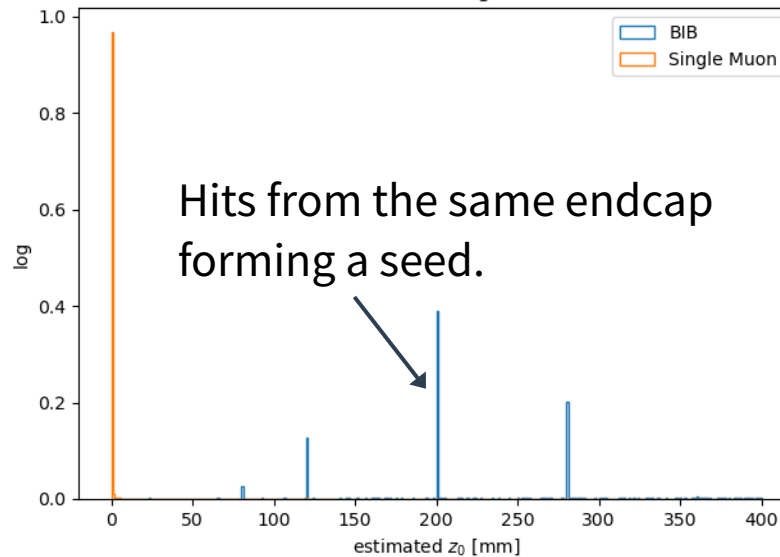
# Optimizing Seeding Settings

deltaRMin: 5 mm to remove same layer    deltaRMax: 80 mm



collisionRegionMax/Min: 75 mm  
Seed Config 0

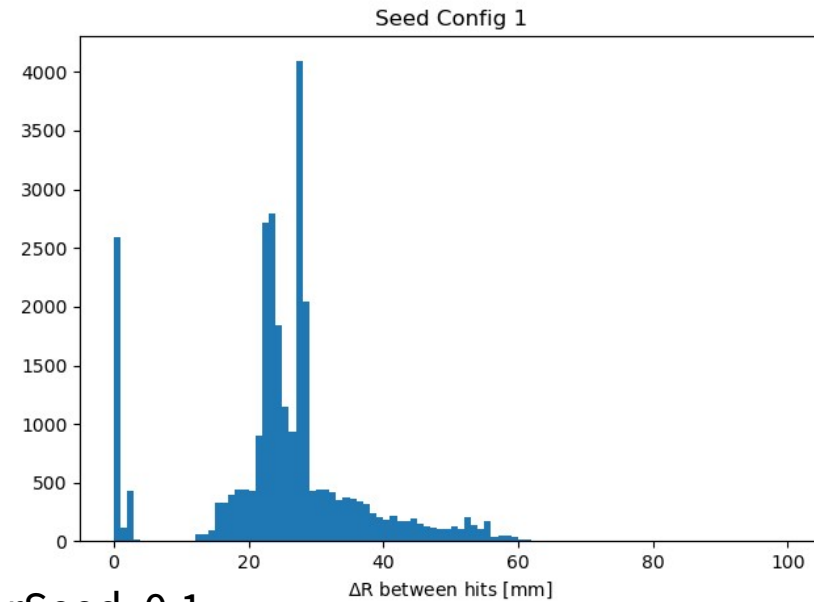
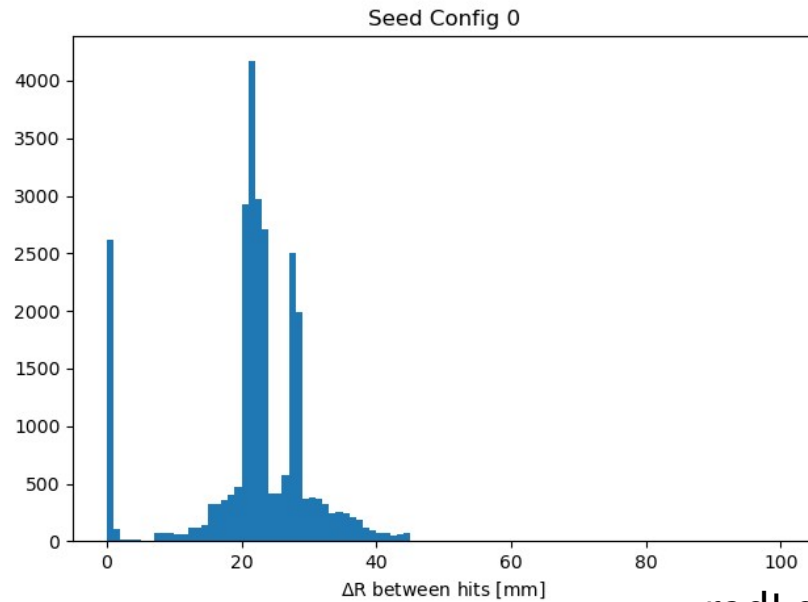
Bunch length:  
5 mm to 10 mm  
Maybe try 30 mm?



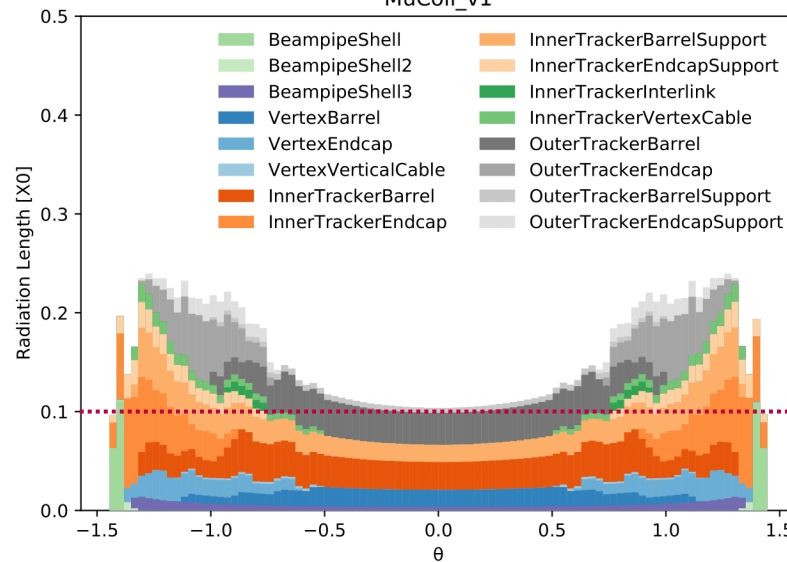
Need to keep collisionRegion cuts loose to allow for displaced tracks

# Optimizing Seeding Settings

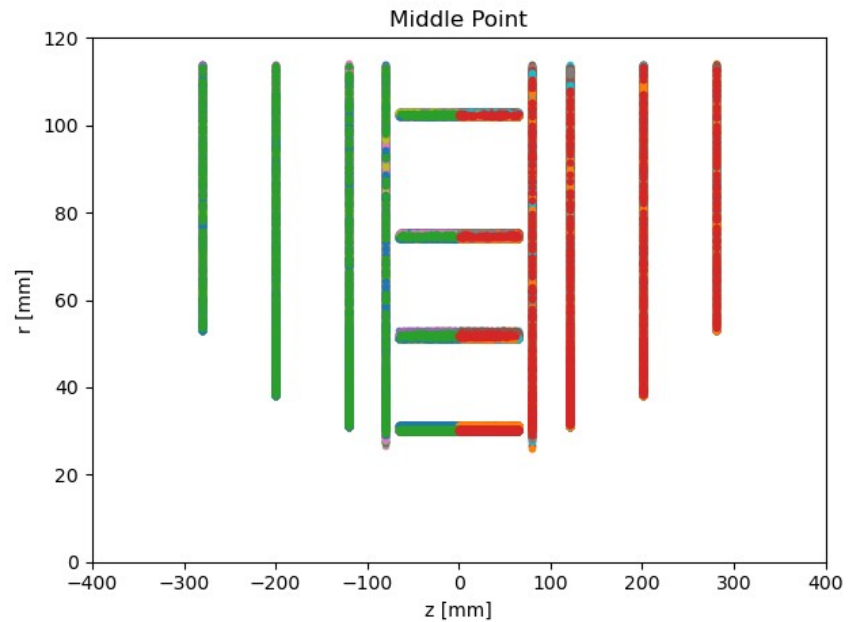
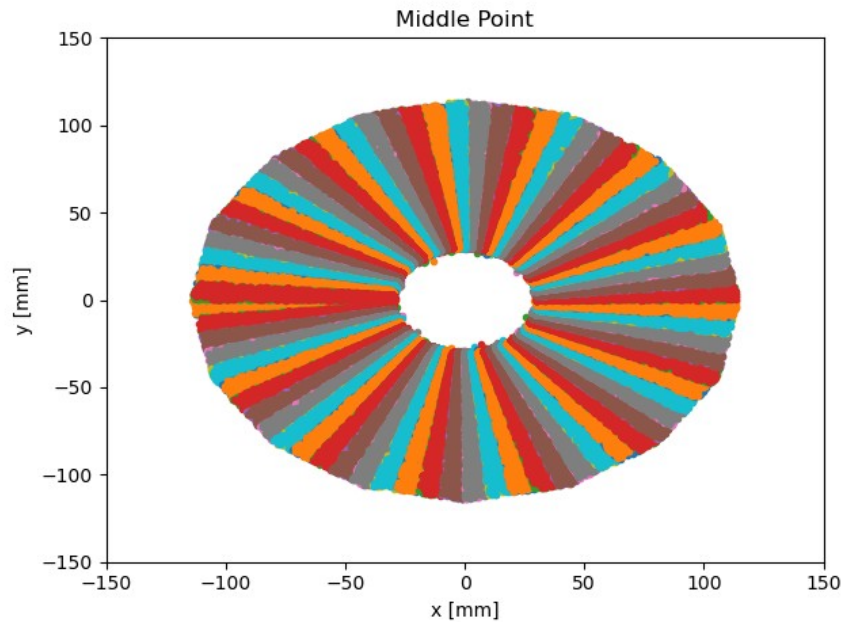
deltaRMax: use 80 for both



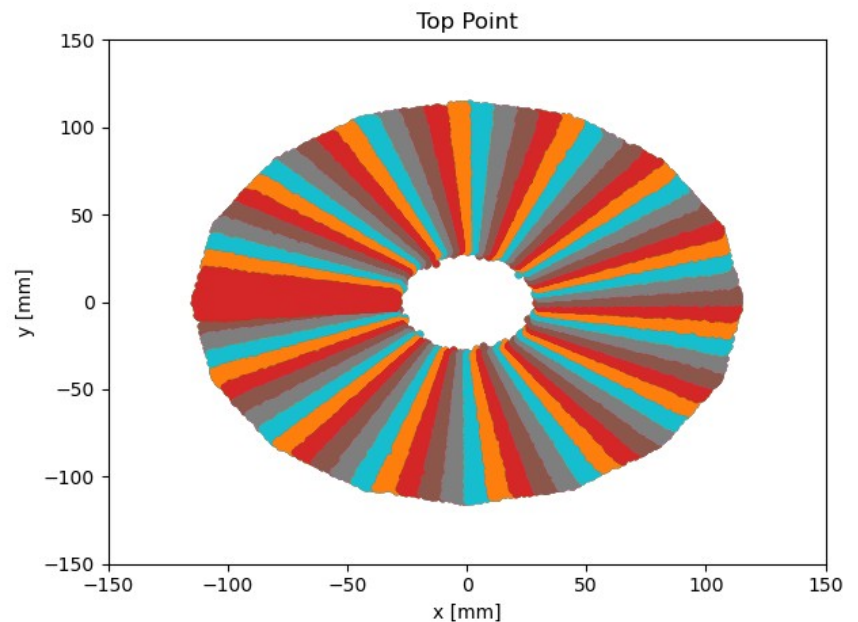
radLengthPerSeed: 0.1  
MuColl\_v1



# Seed Groups (Cfg 0)



- **ACTS looks for seeds in overlapping groups (binning)**
  - Middle point is binned in  $z$  (2) and  $\phi$  (72)
  - Top/Bottom points are binned more coarsely (and overlap) in  $\phi$  only
  - Top/Bottom bins seem to be identical
- **How is the size of top/bottom bins set?**





# Combinations in Each Group (with BIB)

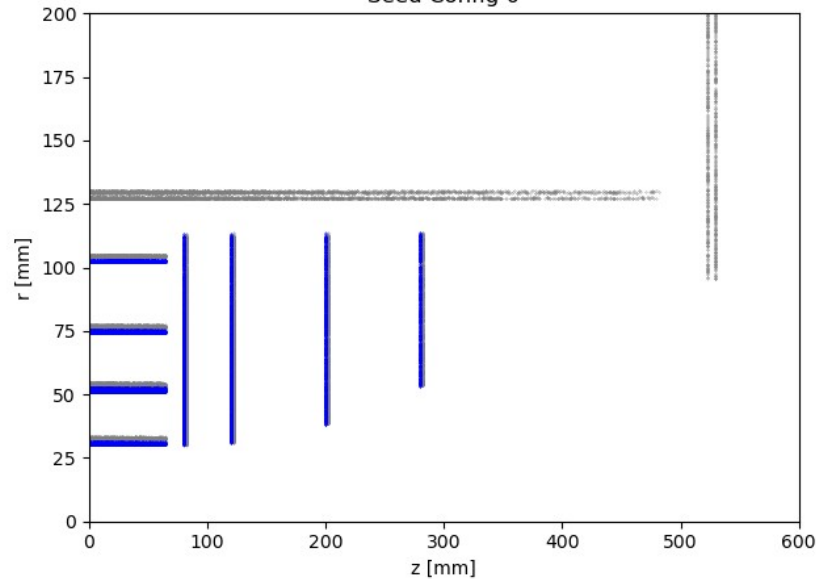
	Config 0	Config 1
Top	16278	25536
Middle	2745	4227
Bottom	16278	25536
Comb	700B	3T
Rd Comb	800M	1.1B
Seeds	2000	2000

- 1)  $O(\text{trillion})$  combinations in each group
- 2)  $O(1 \text{ billion})$  possible seeds after initial geometry cuts
- 3)  $O(1000)$  final seeds after helix estimate and overlap removal
  - This is the slowest step

# Seeding Layers

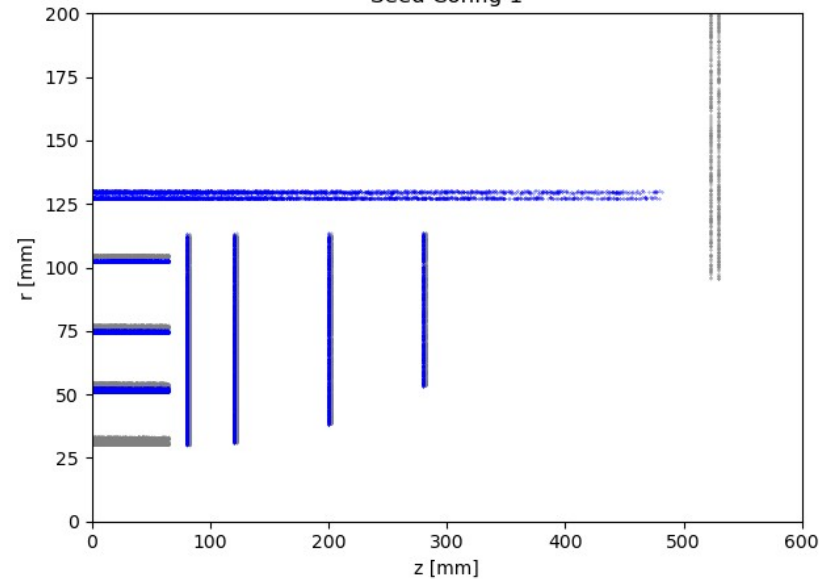
Seed 0: Vertex detector

Seed Config 0



Seed 1: Skip high occupancy inner layer

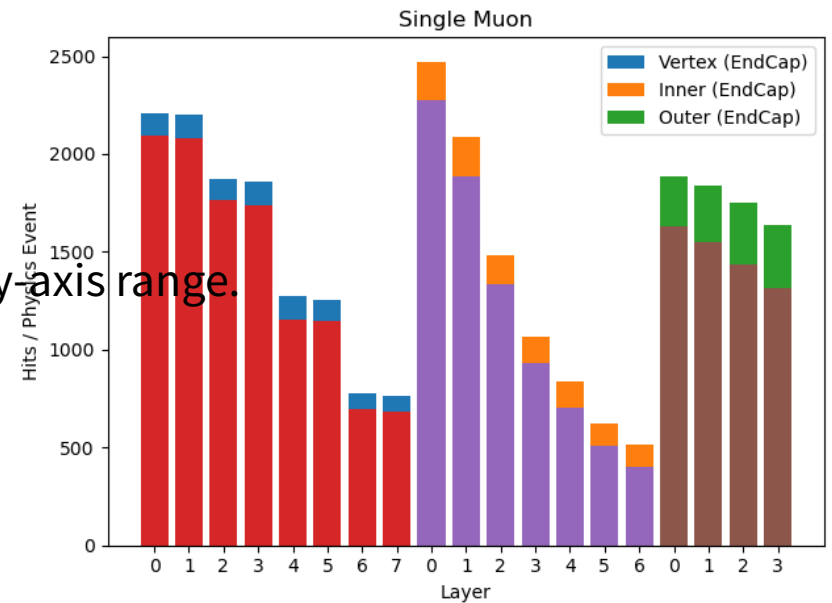
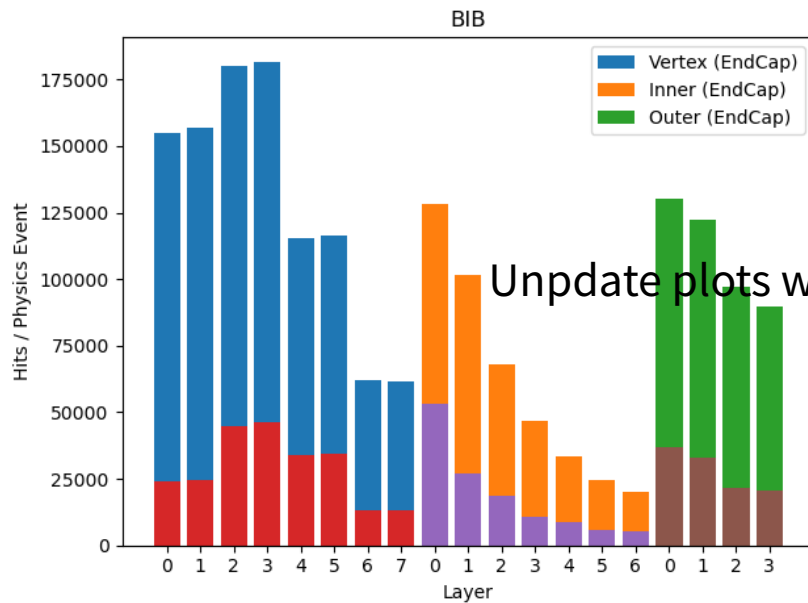
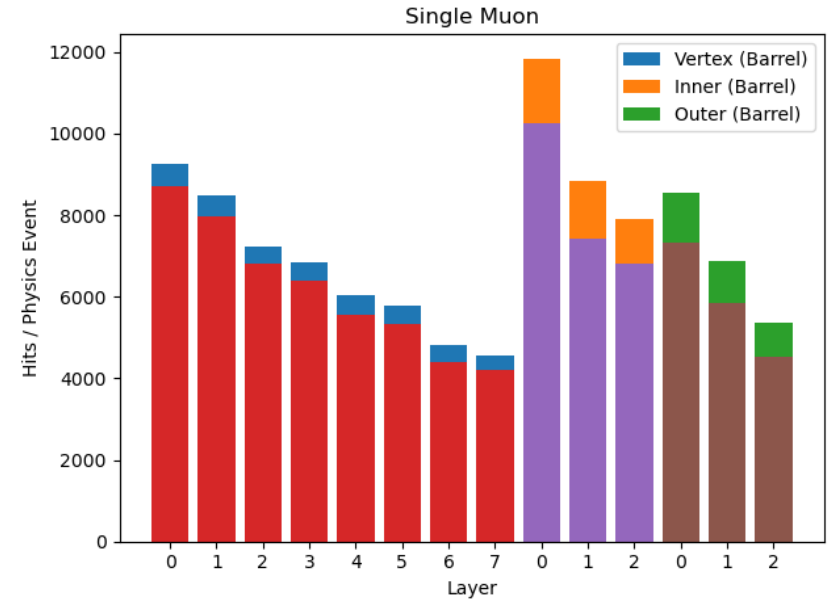
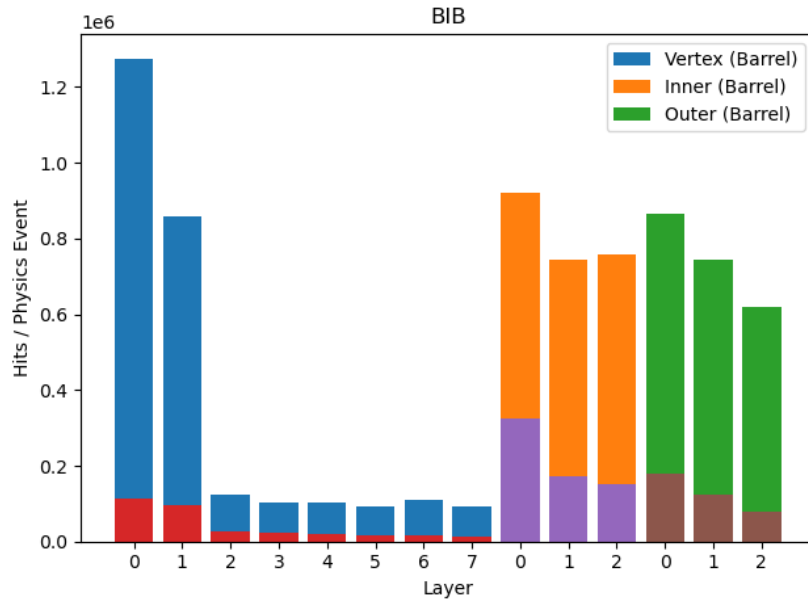
Seed Config 1



- **Using only inner part of the Vertex doubles**
  - Prevents redundant “too close together” combinations
  - Future: Reduce hits with doublet requirements in double layer?
- **Seed 1 reduces combinations by avoiding innermost layer**
  - Keeps inner endcap for coverage, occupancy high only at small  $R$

# BIB Distribution

Second color is number of hits after timing cuts.



Update plots with same y-axis range.