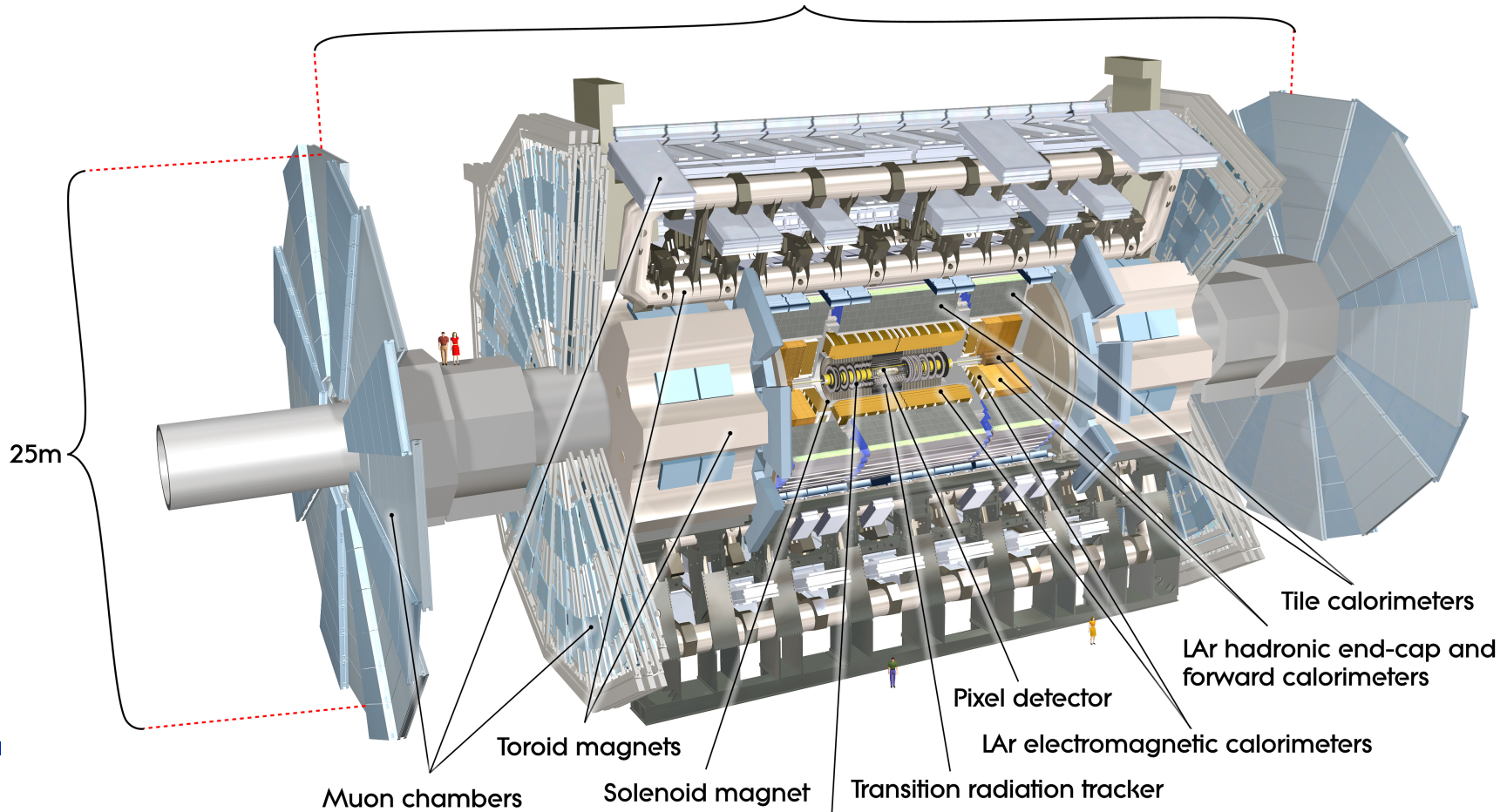


Dark matter at LHC (Mostly ATLAS)

Ian Hinchliffe

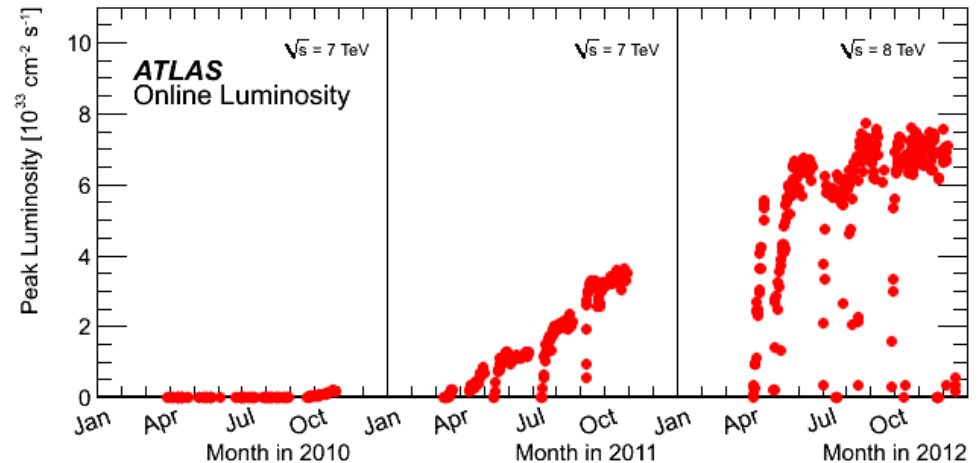
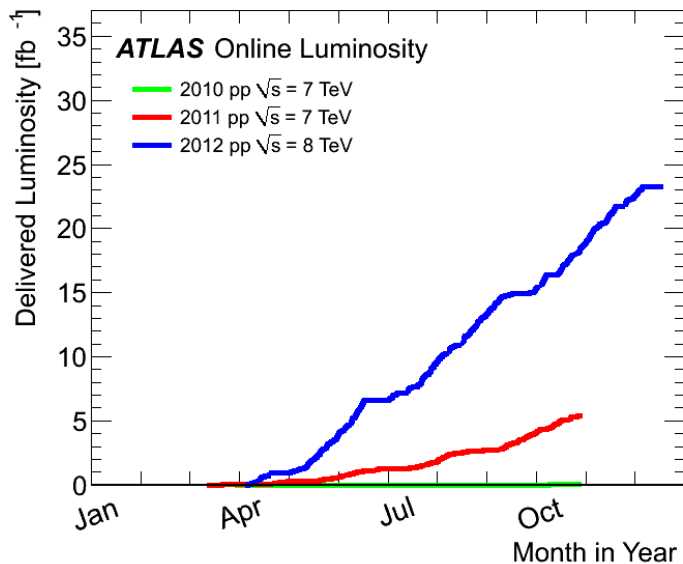
LBL
44m



Superb LHC and ATLAS performance



- This talk would not be possible without it.
- No time to pay due credit to those involved
 - You are all in their debt
- I will show results from pp at 7 TeV and 8 TeV
 - Some 8 TeV data analysis is incomplete



- **Might produce DM particle**
 - **Either directly**
 - **Or in decay of other new particles**
 - **Stability of particle protected by quantum number**
 - **Particles produced in pairs**
- **All limits will be model dependent**
- **If a candidate is observed**
 - **Cannot prove it is stable**
 - **Can constrain couplings and mass**
- **If a candidate is not observed**
 - **Can exclude a particular model**
 - **Can only make some general statements**

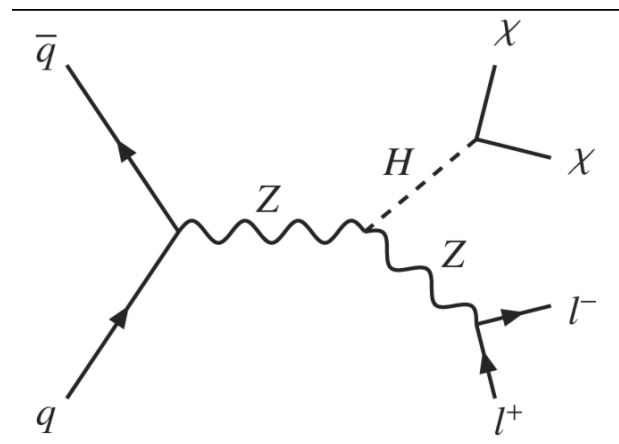
- DM particle (wimp) produced in proton-proton collision
 - Neutral
 - Has “weak” interactions
 - Deposits no energy in detector
 - Similar to neutrino
- Events will have
 - **Missing (transverse) energy (E_t^{Miss})**
 - **Other objects produced**
- Events must be triggered
 - **Missing transverse energy**
 - **Other objects, e.g jets or leptons (muon or electron)**

- A very simple well defined model
 - Higgs decays to pairs of DM particles
 - DM particles only couple to matter via Higgs (“Higgs Portal”)
- Measurements of Higgs properties can constrain this
 - DM contributes to “Invisible Higgs decays”
 - Invisible width limited by experiment
 - $M_{DM} < M_H/2$ has bound on coupling to Higgs
 - Bound depends on spin of DM
 - Can compare to direct searches (three spins are shown)
- Powerful at low values of M_{DM}

“Higgs portal” model

Higgs to “invisible”

- **Uses production of Z+Higgs**
- **Detect Z to leptons**
 - (Can also use Z to bbar)

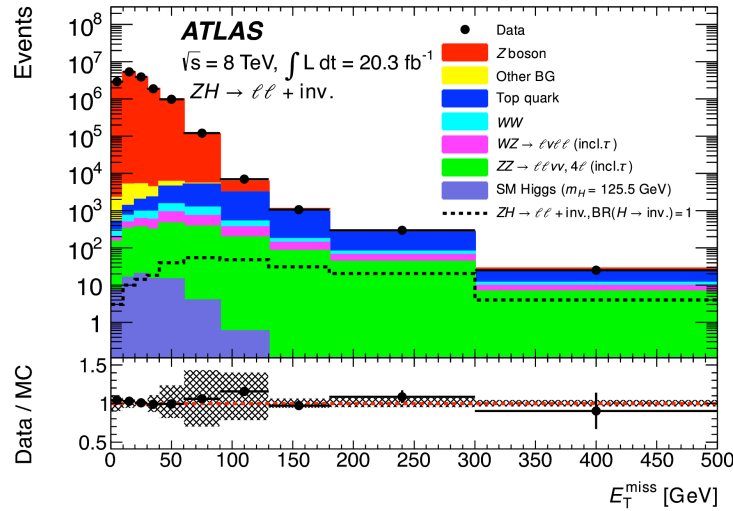


- **Event selection**
 - **Cut A: 2 e or 2 μ , $p_T > 20$ GeV, mass consistent with Z**
 - **Cut B: $E_{T\text{Miss}} > 90$ GeV**
 - **Cut C: $\Delta\Phi(Z, E_{T\text{Miss}}) > 2.6$ rad**
 - **Cut D: $|E_{T\text{Miss}} - p_{TZ}| / p_{TZ} < 0.3$**
 - **Cut E: No jet with $p_T > 20$ GeV, $\eta < 2.4$**

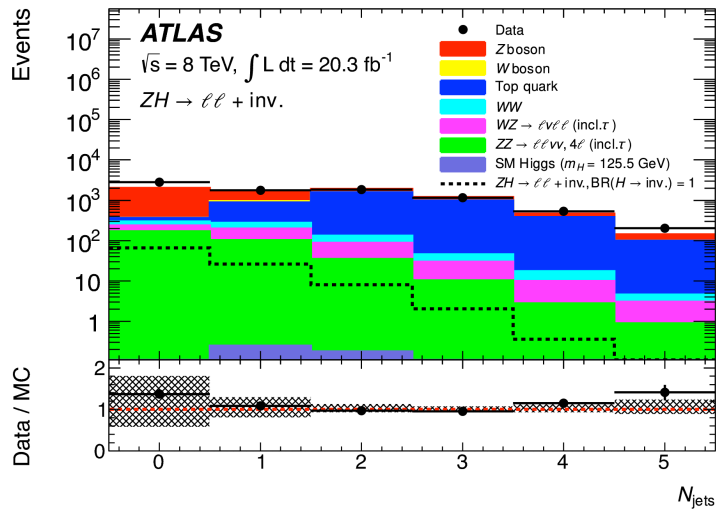
Higgs to “invisible”: Backgrounds

- **ZZ, WZ from MC.: Validated from data**
- **WW, ttbar, Wt from MC and data:**
 - These make $e\mu$ final states: signal does not
- **Z+jets with jet mismeasured or lost**
 - Data driven using $\Delta\Phi(Z, E_{\text{tmiss}})$ and $|E_{\text{tmiss}} - p_{\text{TZ}}|/p_{\text{TZ}}$
 - Use regions outside of selections
 - Agrees within 10% with pure MC estimate
- **Final background dominated by ZZ**
 - Note that Higgs discovery itself validates this background.

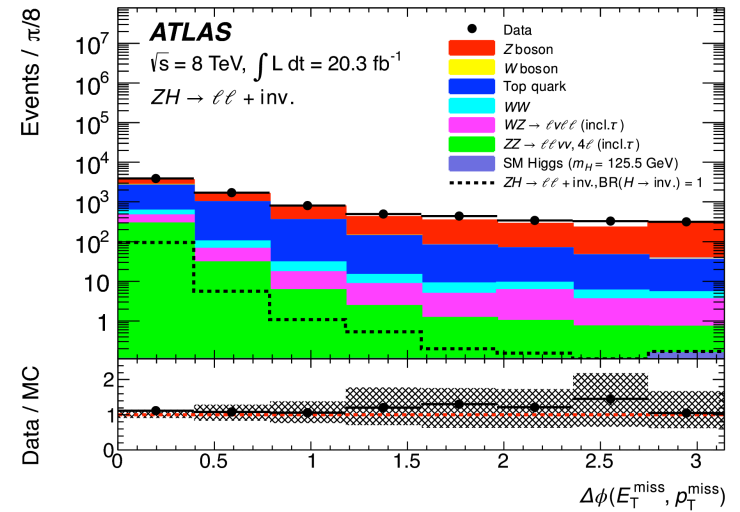
Higgs to “invisible”: selection



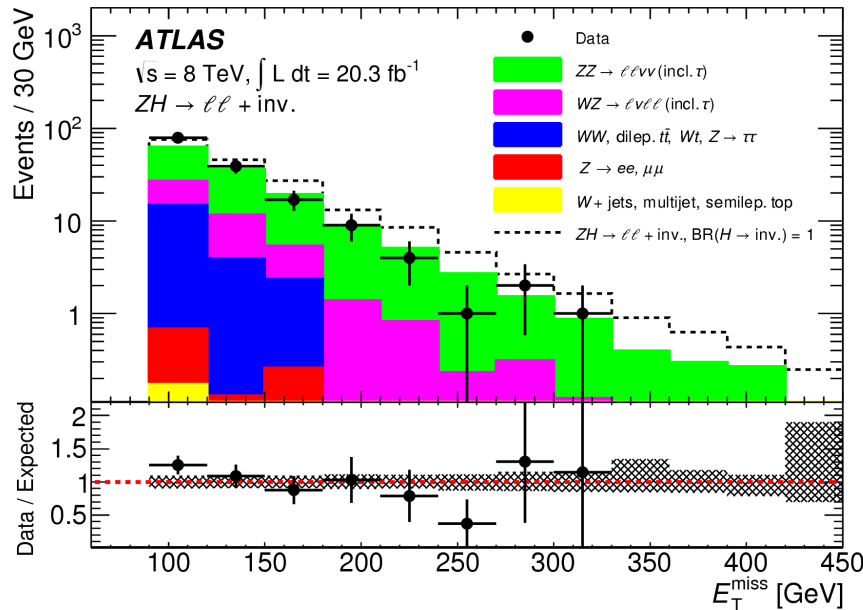
After A



After A+B



Invisible Higgs decay: Result



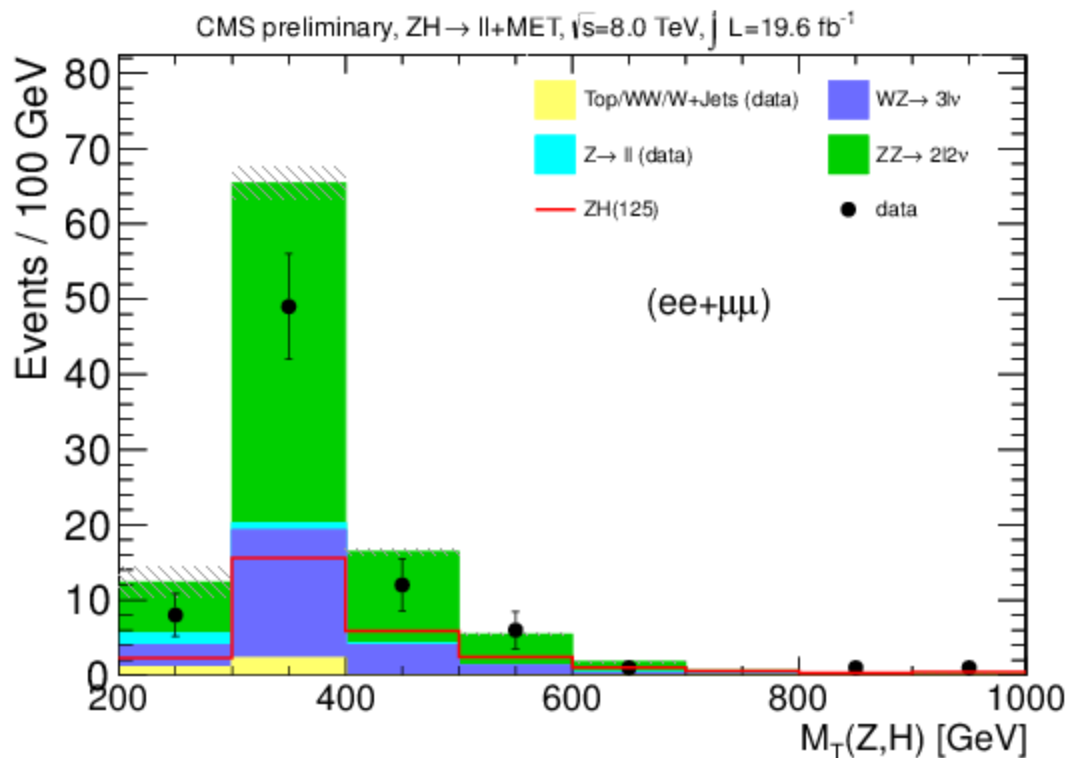
“Signal” assumes $H \rightarrow$ invisible dominates decays
Sensitive to large BR

Combined with 7 TeV data: $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 75\%$

Invisible Higgs decay: CMS



- Analysis similar: uses transverse mass of Z+etmiss as discriminant
- Similar cuts on E_{miss}, jet veto etc.

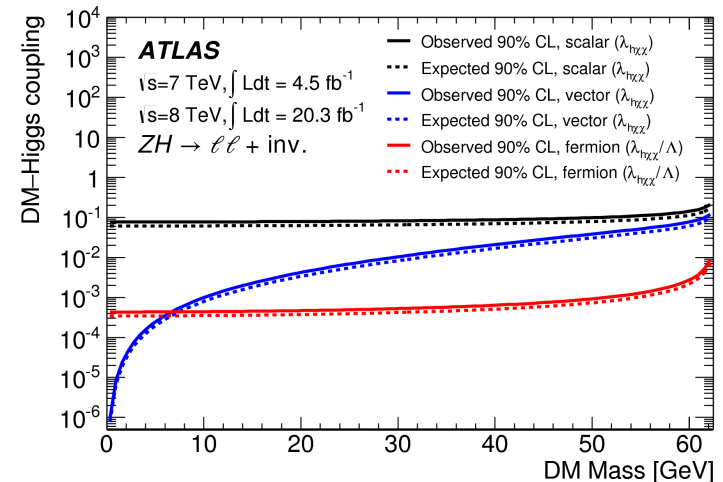
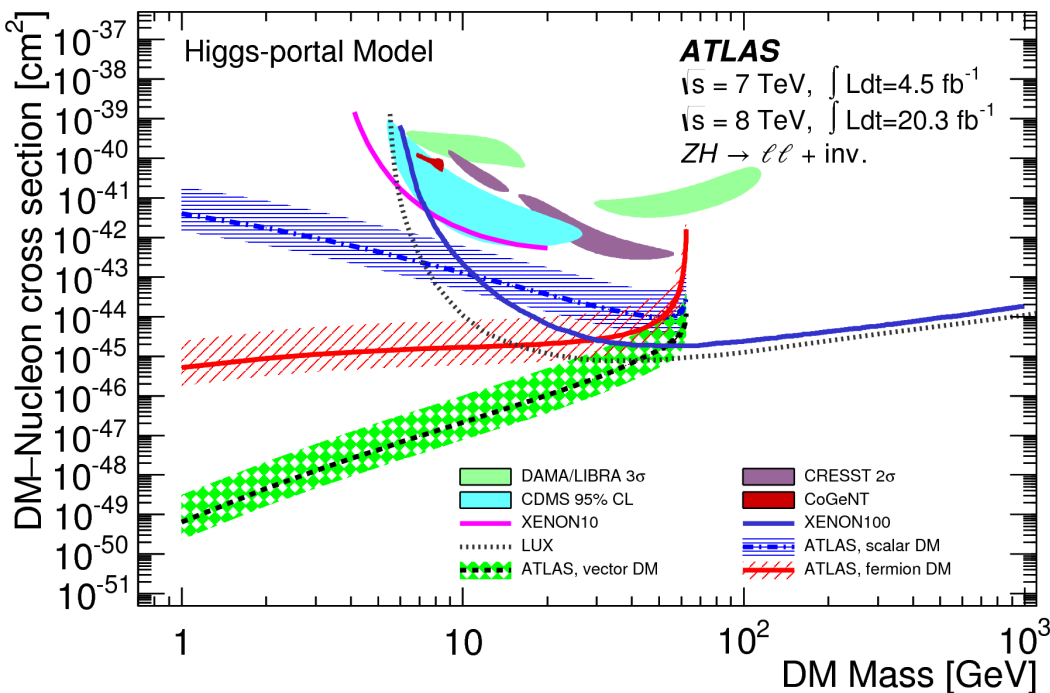


Combined with 7 TeV data: $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 95\%$

Higgs and Dark Matter



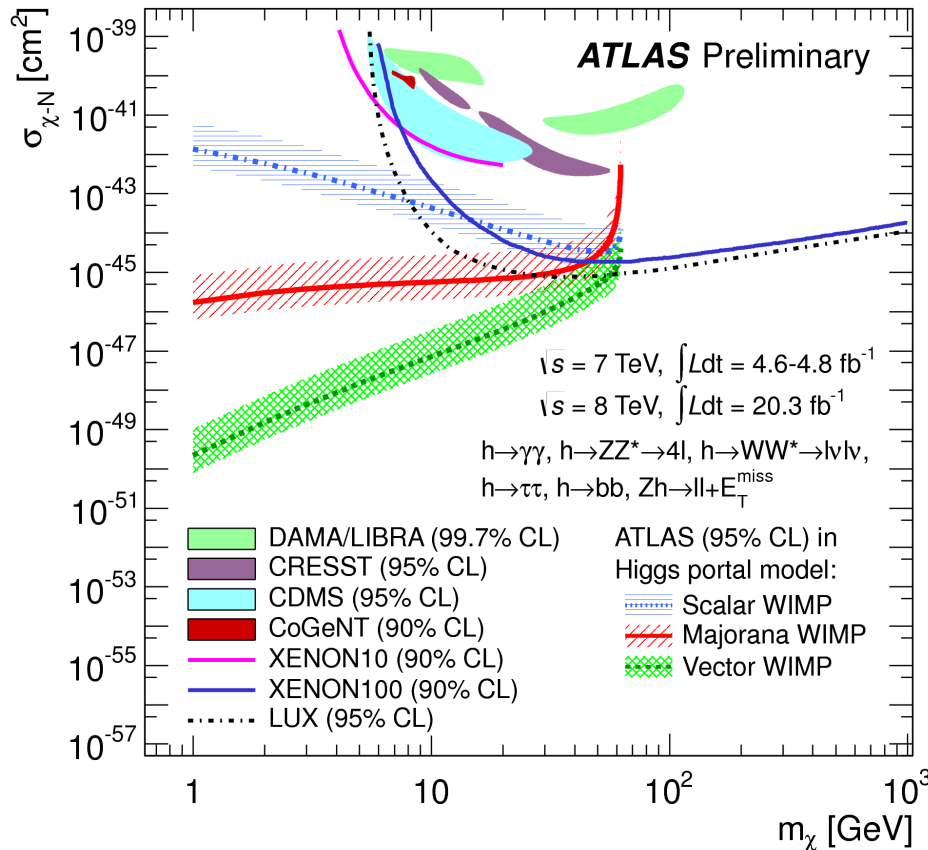
- Translate limit to coupling of Higgs to DM
 - Three options: Scalar, Majorana Fermion, Vector
 - Compare to direct detection: Very powerful at low mass



Invisible Higgs: Global fit



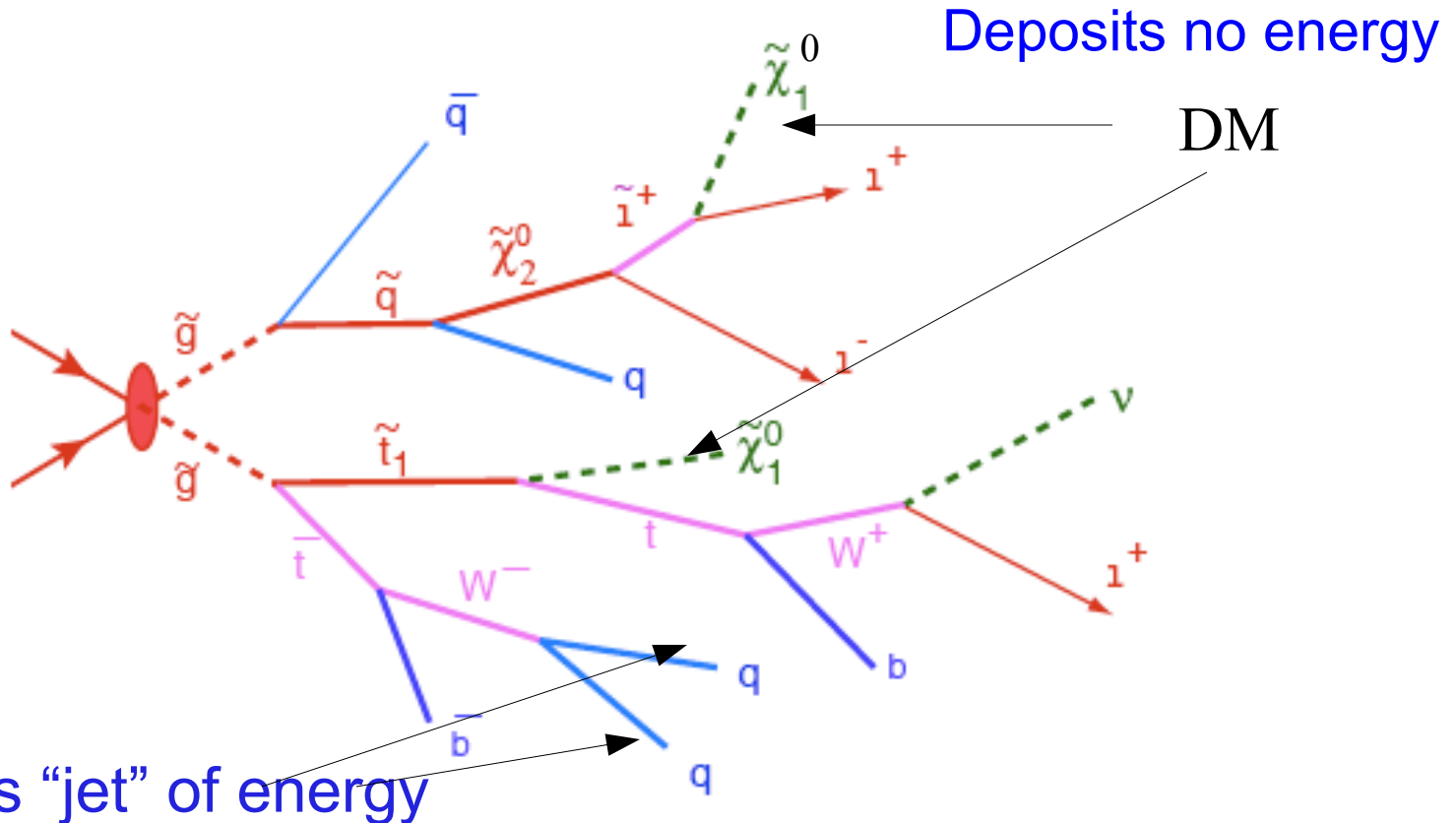
- Previous limit improves slightly if all Higgs data is used in a combined fit.



- **Supersymmetry models can provide dark matter candidates**
 - **R parity conservation --> Lightest SUSY particle (LSP) stable**
 - **Must be Neutral and probably weakly interacting**
- **Models have strongly interacting SUSY particles**
 - **Heavier than LSP**
 - **But production rates might be larger at LHC**
- **Generic searches for SUSY particles cannot be easily interpreted as Dark Matter constraints**
 - **Direct production of LSP small (but not negligible)**
- **Searches within fully defined model can provide constraints**
- **General statements impossible**

SUSY and Dark Matter

- Typically complicated decay at LHC
 - Electrons, muons, jets....



Many searches in many models: nothing seen

CMSSM/MSugra

- Very constrained complete model
 - relates DM to other new particles
- Very few parameters: falsifiable
- Severely constrained now (dead?) by LHC searches
 - Example next

Jets + E_t^{miss} : search example



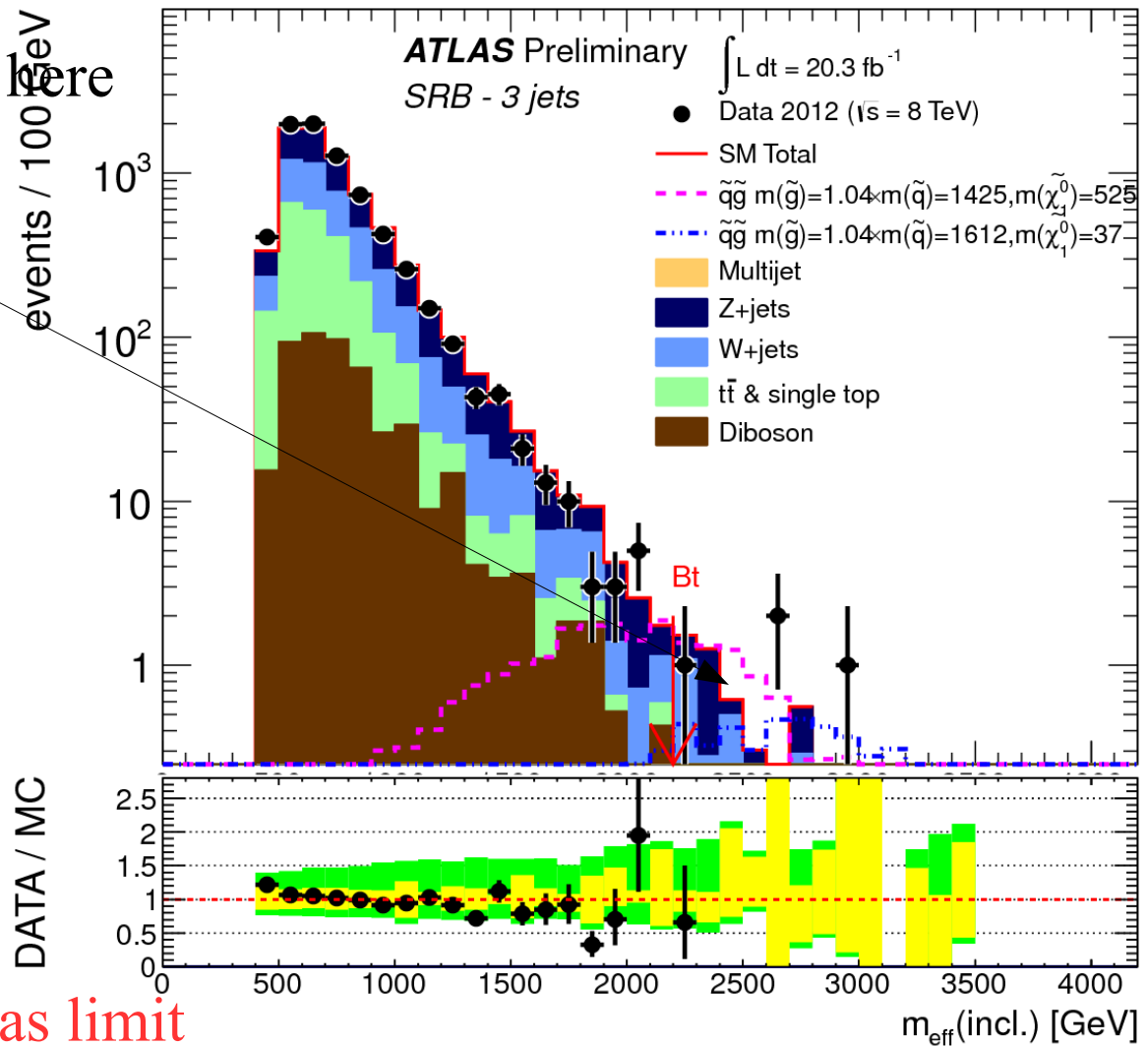
- Final states can be complex
 - Quarks, gluons (jets): **momenta measured**
 - Leptons (electrons, muons, tau), **momenta measured**
 - Neutrinos, LSP: **sum or transverse momenta (energy) measured: two component vector.**
- Example search
 - Missing transverse energy and at least 2 jets.
 - $E_t^{\text{miss}} > 160 \text{ GeV}$, $pt_{J_1} > 130 \text{ GeV}$, $pt_{J\text{-other}} > 60 \text{ GeV}$
- Basic variable: $M_{\text{eff}} = \sum pt_{\text{Jet}} + E_t^{\text{miss}}$
- Look for excess at large M_{eff}
- Separate into final states by numbers of jets
- **Backgrounds dominated by top, W/Z+jets**
 - **Composition varies with jet multiplicity**
 - **Differently than for a signal**

Jets + E_t^{miss} example: 3 jets



Signal would appear here

Dominated by W/Z



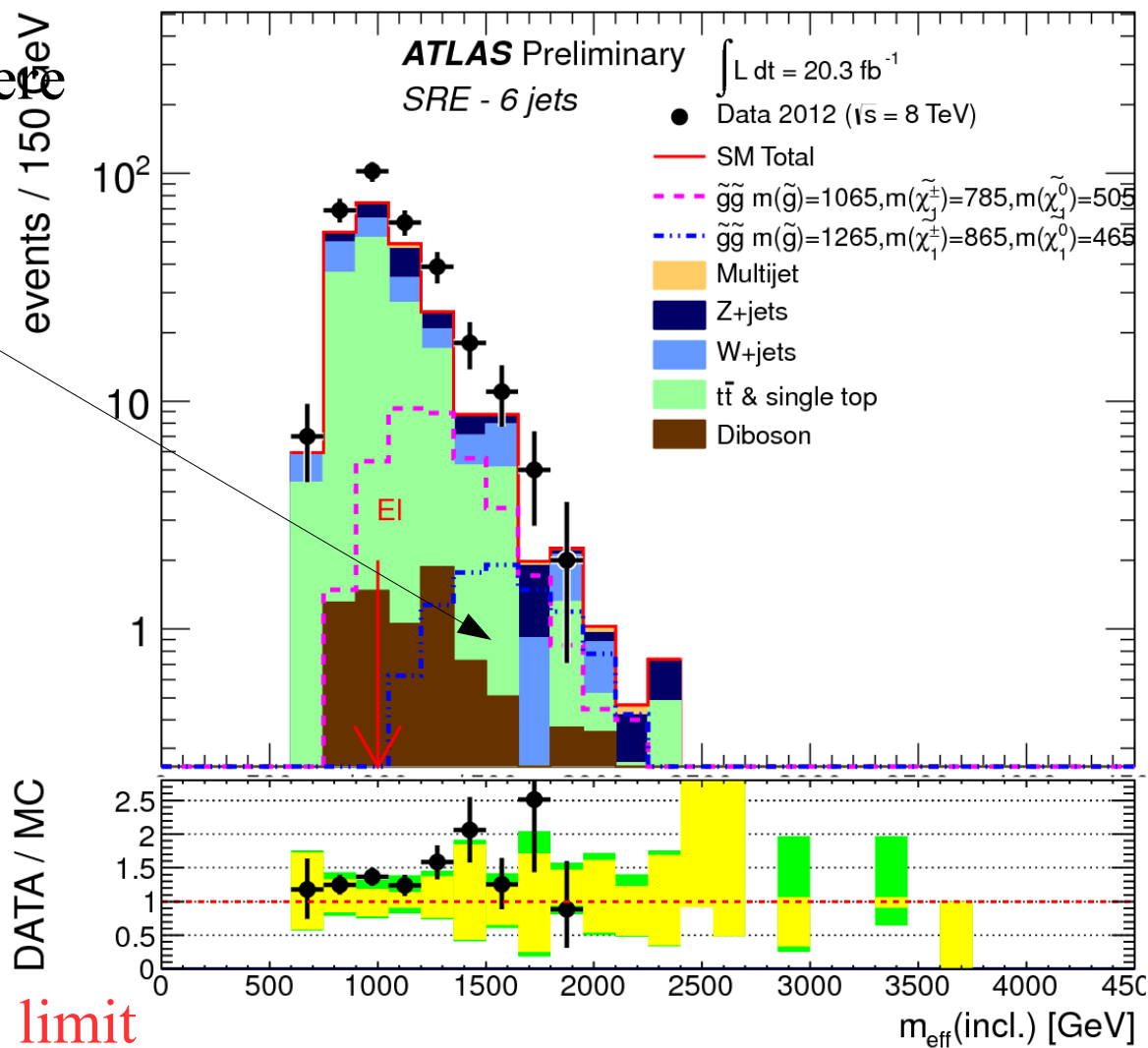
Null result interpreted as limit

Jets + E_t^{miss} example: 6 jets



Signal would appear here

Dominated by top



Null result interpreted as limit

SUSY limits (nothing observed)



ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: Moriond 2014

ATLAS Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.6 - 22.9) \text{ fb}^{-1}$ $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.7 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	any $m(\tilde{q})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	1308.1841 any $m(\tilde{q})$
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{q} 740 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}^*$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}^* \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}W^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.18 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\tau}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}(l\ell/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.12 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-089
	GMSB (\tilde{L} NLSP)	2 e, μ	2-4 jets	Yes	4.7	\tilde{g} 1.24 TeV	$\tan\beta < 15$ 1208.4688
	GMSB (\tilde{L} NLSP)	1-2 τ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.7	\tilde{g} 1.4 TeV	$\tan\beta > 18$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-026
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.28 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 50 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2014-001
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 619 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 50 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-144
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.8	\tilde{g} 900 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 220 \text{ GeV}$ 1211.1167
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	0-3 jets	Yes	5.8	\tilde{g} 690 GeV	$m(\tilde{H}) > 200 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-152	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	$F^{1/2}$ scale 645 GeV	$m(\tilde{g}) > 10^{-4} \text{ eV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-147	
3 rd gen. \tilde{g} med.	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 600 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 350 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.1841
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 400 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 300 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1 100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 90 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{b}_1 275-430 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-007
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (light), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7	\tilde{t}_1 110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55 \text{ GeV}$ 1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (light), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 130-210 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) = m(\tilde{t}_1) - m(W) - 50 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{t}_1) < m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ 1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (medium), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 215-530 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (medium), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{t}_1 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=5 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (heavy), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	1 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{t}_1 200-610 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-037
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (heavy), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.5	\tilde{t}_1 320-660 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-024
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 90-200 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 85 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-068
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 150 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.5222
$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.5222	
EW direct	$\tilde{L}_R \tilde{L}_R, \tilde{L} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{L} 90-325 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \ell \nu$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 140-465 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{L}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ 1403.5294
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\tau} \nu$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 180-330 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{L}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-028
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{L}_1 \tilde{\nu}_1 \ell \ell \nu \nu, \ell \tilde{\nu}_1 \ell \ell \nu \nu$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 700 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{L}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 420 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$ 1403.5294, 1402.7029
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 h\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	2 b	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 285 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-093
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm) - m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.2 \text{ ns}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-069
	Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	\tilde{g} 832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < \tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-057
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-058
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\gamma} \tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	$0.4 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 2 \text{ ns}$ 1304.6310
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{q}\tilde{q}\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ , displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	\tilde{q} 1.0 TeV	$1.5 < c\tau < 156 \text{ mm}, \text{BR}(\mu)=1, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=108 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-092
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda'_{132}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e\mu + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda'_{1(2)33}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 e, μ	7 jets	Yes	4.7	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{q})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{LSP} < 1 \text{ mm}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-140
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\tilde{\nu}_\mu, e\mu\tilde{\nu}_e$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 760 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 300 \text{ GeV}, \lambda'_{121} > 0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau\nu_e, e\tau\nu_\tau$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 350 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) > 80 \text{ GeV}, \lambda'_{133} > 0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow qq\tilde{q}$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g} 916 GeV	$\text{BR}(\tilde{g}) = \text{BR}(b) = \text{BR}(c) = 0\%$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-091
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{g} 880 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-007
Other	Scalar gluon pair, $\text{sgluon} \rightarrow q\tilde{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	sgluon 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693 1210.4826
	Scalar gluon pair, $\text{sgluon} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}$	2 e, μ (SS)	2 b	Yes	14.3	sgluon 350-800 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-051
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac χ)	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	M^* scale 704 GeV	$m(\chi) < 80 \text{ GeV}$, limit of $\sim 687 \text{ GeV}$ for D8 ATLAS-CONF-2012-147

$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ full data $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ partial data $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ full data

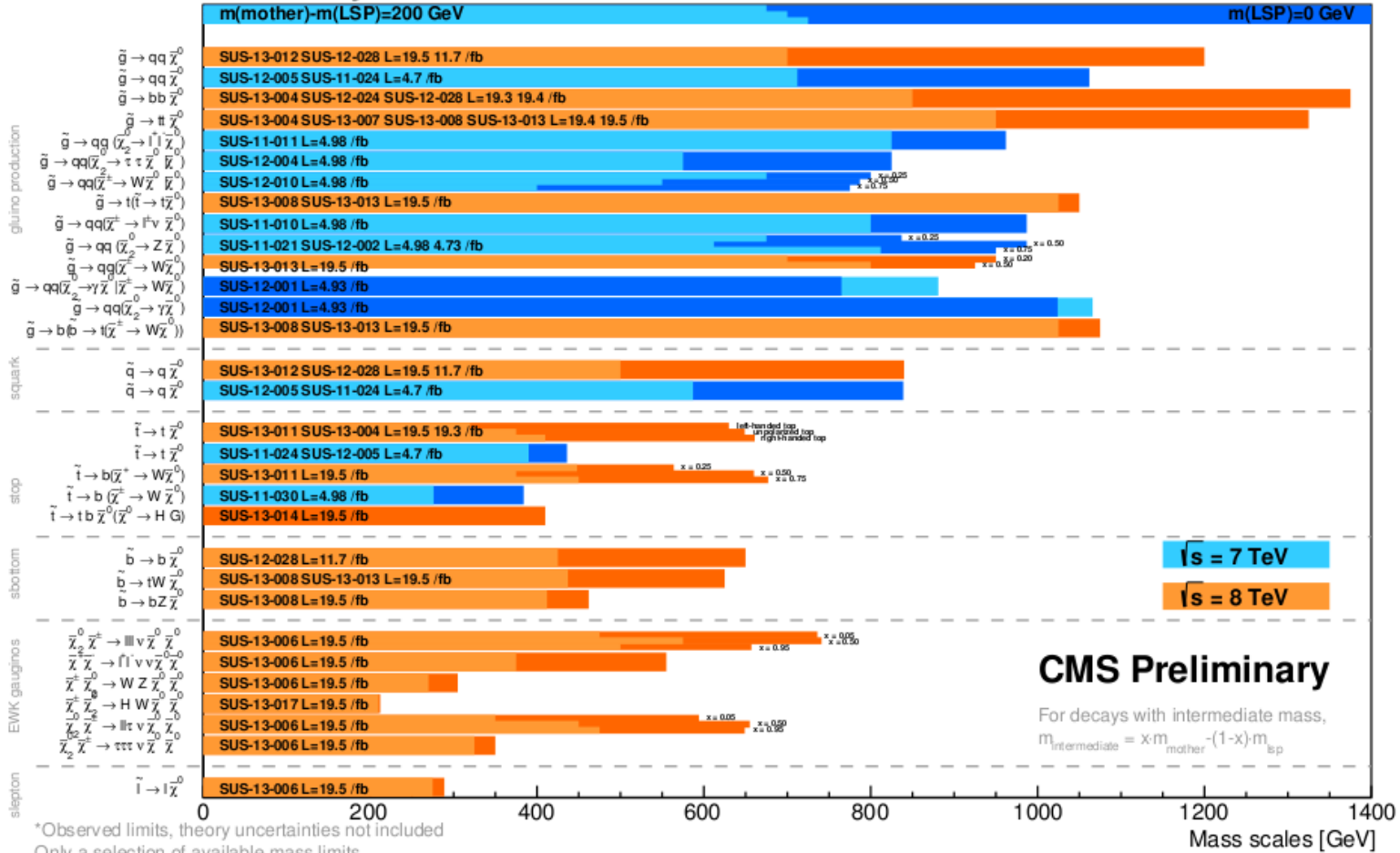
10⁻¹ 1 Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

SUSY limits (nothing observed)



Summary of CMS SUSY Results* in SMS framework SUSY 2013



*Observed limits, theory uncertainties not included
 Only a selection of available mass limits
 Probe *up to* the quoted mass limit

SUSY Limits

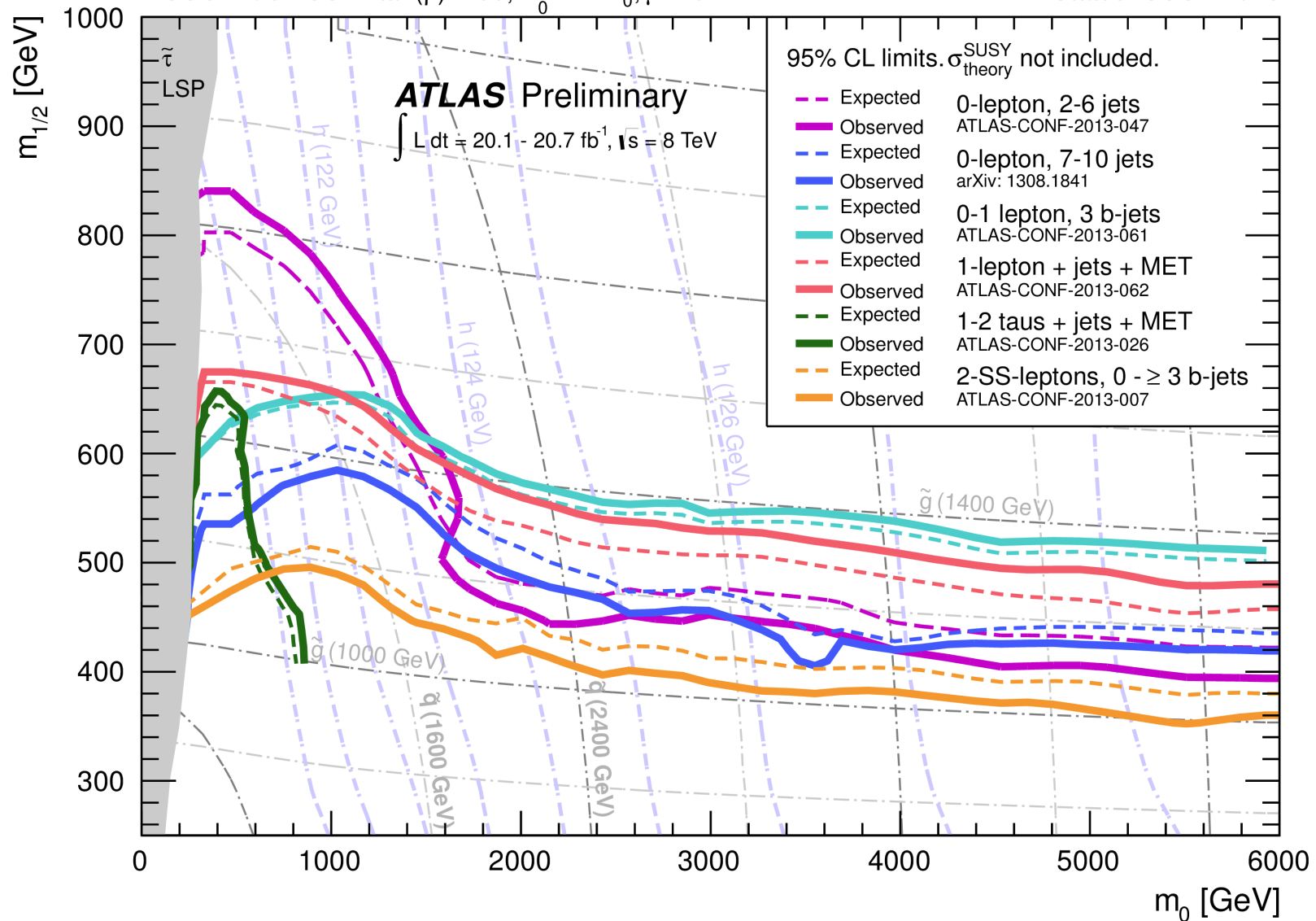


- Translating this limit to compare with Direct DM search needs a model
- Simplest CMSSM model with 5 parameters is almost dead
 - **Once this is relaxed, huge number of parameters**
- **PMSSM is next simplest version: 19 parameters**
 - **Not easy to show on 2d plot**
- **The Bayesian who knows SUSY is right can examine parameter space**
 - **Favoured space tends to have large DM mass.**

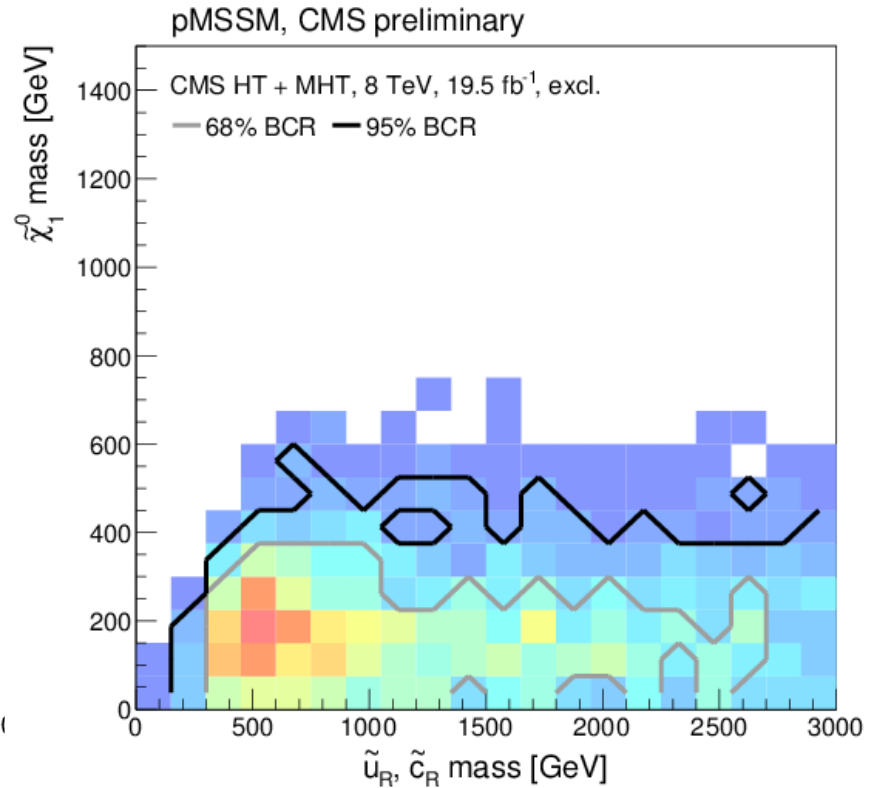
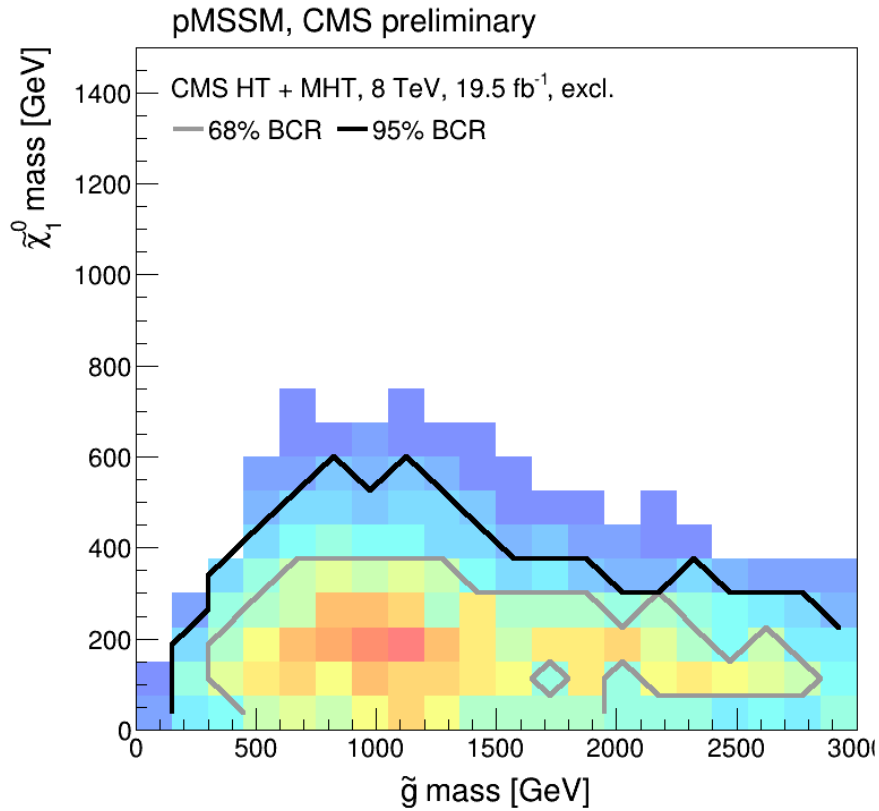
CMSSM: Limits

MSUGRA/CMSSM: $\tan(\beta) = 30, A_0 = -2m_0, \mu > 0$

Status: SUSY 2013



pMSSM: Limits



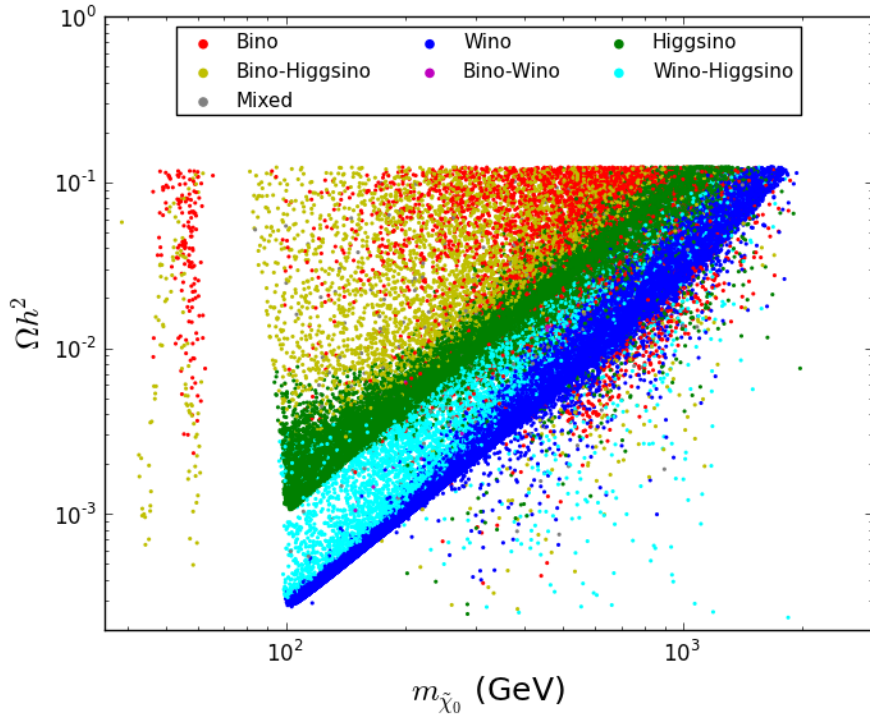
SUSY: General statements



- Work in pMSSM
- Example here (list of refs at end)
- Some comments
 - LSP > 100 GeV?
 - Hard to explain all DM with SUSY
 - Allow for something else

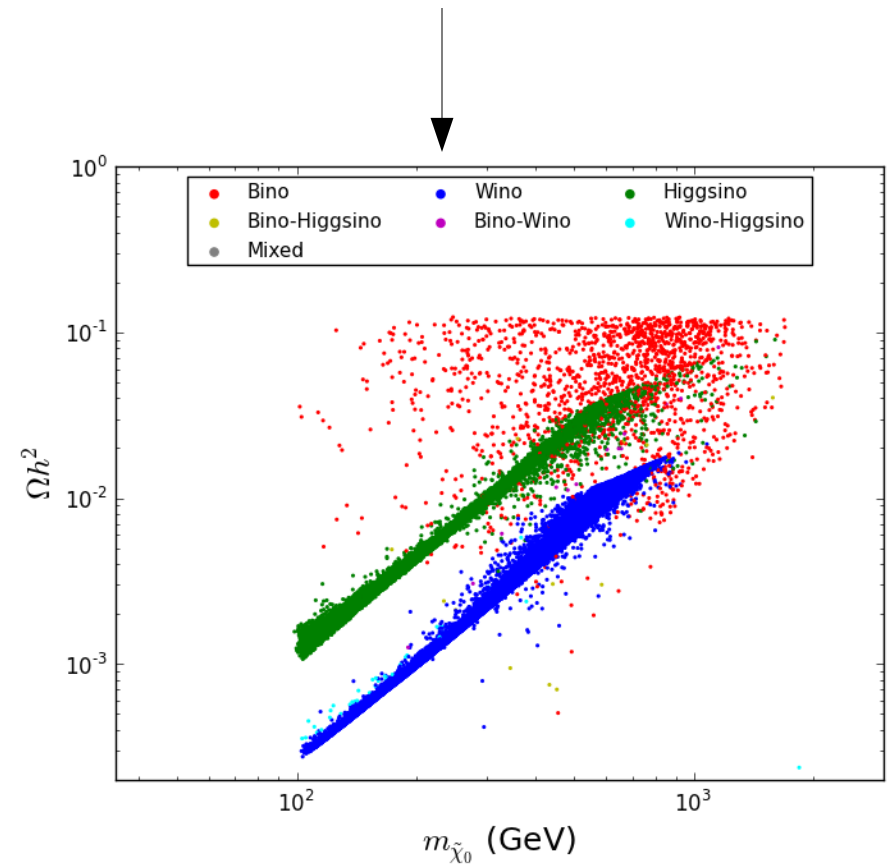


PMSSM allowed?



Cahill-Rowley et al

→ LHC+ID+DD

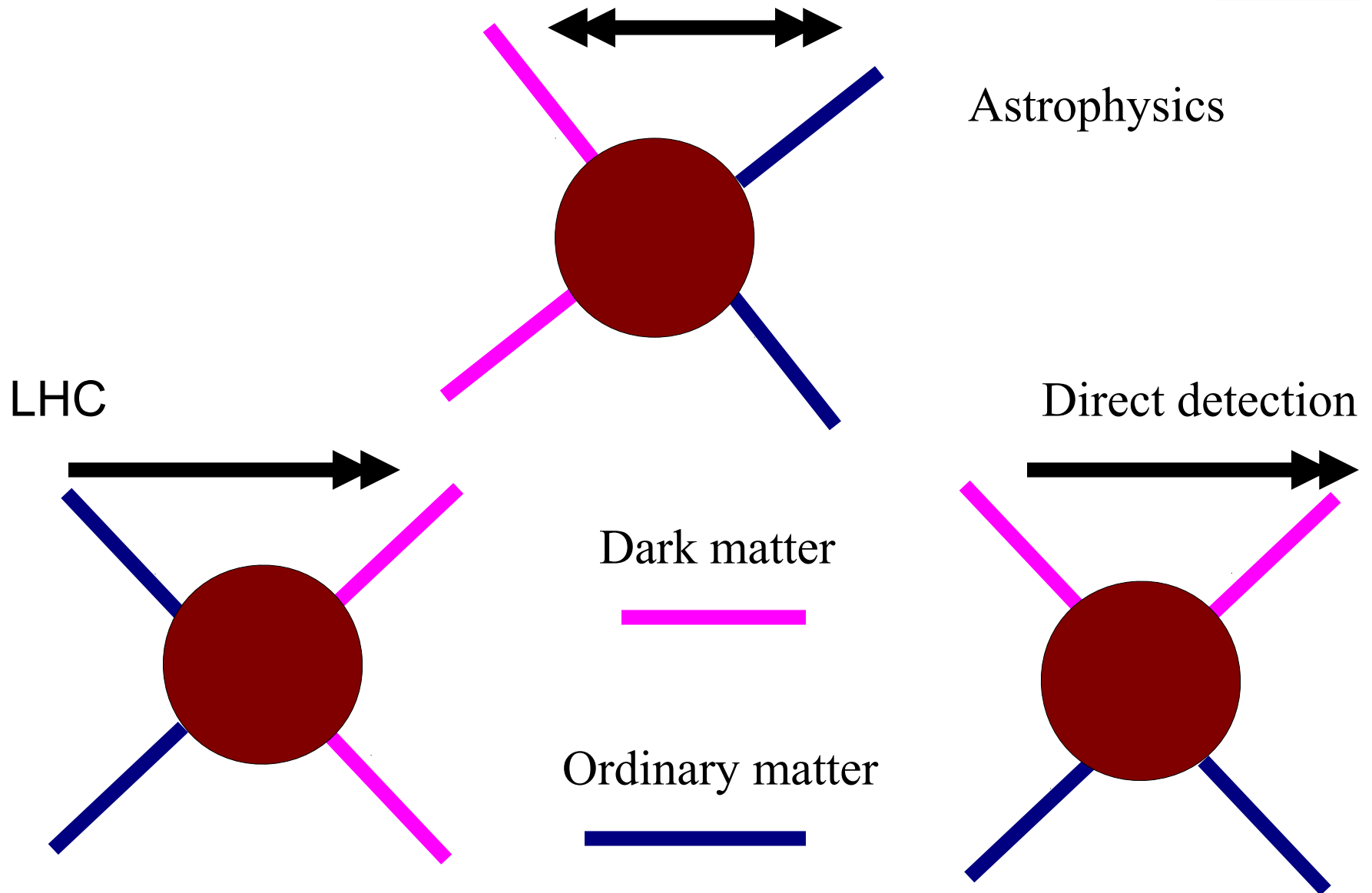


SUSY: General statements

- Cannot be killed
- Low LSP (<50 GeV) masses disfavoured.



Generic approach



- **Parameterize interactions of DM and quarks/gluons by effective operators**

Name	Initial state	Type	Operator
D1	qq	scalar	$\frac{m_q}{M_\star^3} \bar{\chi} \chi \bar{q} q$
D5	qq	vector	$\frac{1}{M_\star^2} \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \chi \bar{q} \gamma_\mu q$
D8	qq	axial-vector	$\frac{1}{M_\star^2} \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \chi \bar{q} \gamma_\mu \gamma^5 q$
D9	qq	tensor	$\frac{1}{M_\star^2} \bar{\chi} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \chi \bar{q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} q$
D11	gg	scalar	$\frac{1}{4M_\star^3} \bar{\chi} \chi \alpha_s (G_{\mu\nu}^a)^2$

- **Parameterized by**
 - **DM mass**
 - **Interaction strength (M^*)**
- **Assumptions**
 - **Only SM and DM produced**
 - **No other new particles** Energy of collision
 - **Interaction is treated as point**
 - $M^* >$ kinematics of production $m(\text{wimp})$
- **Need something else in the event to observe**
 - **Get this by QCD or QED radiation.**
 - **Only small fraction of total production observable**

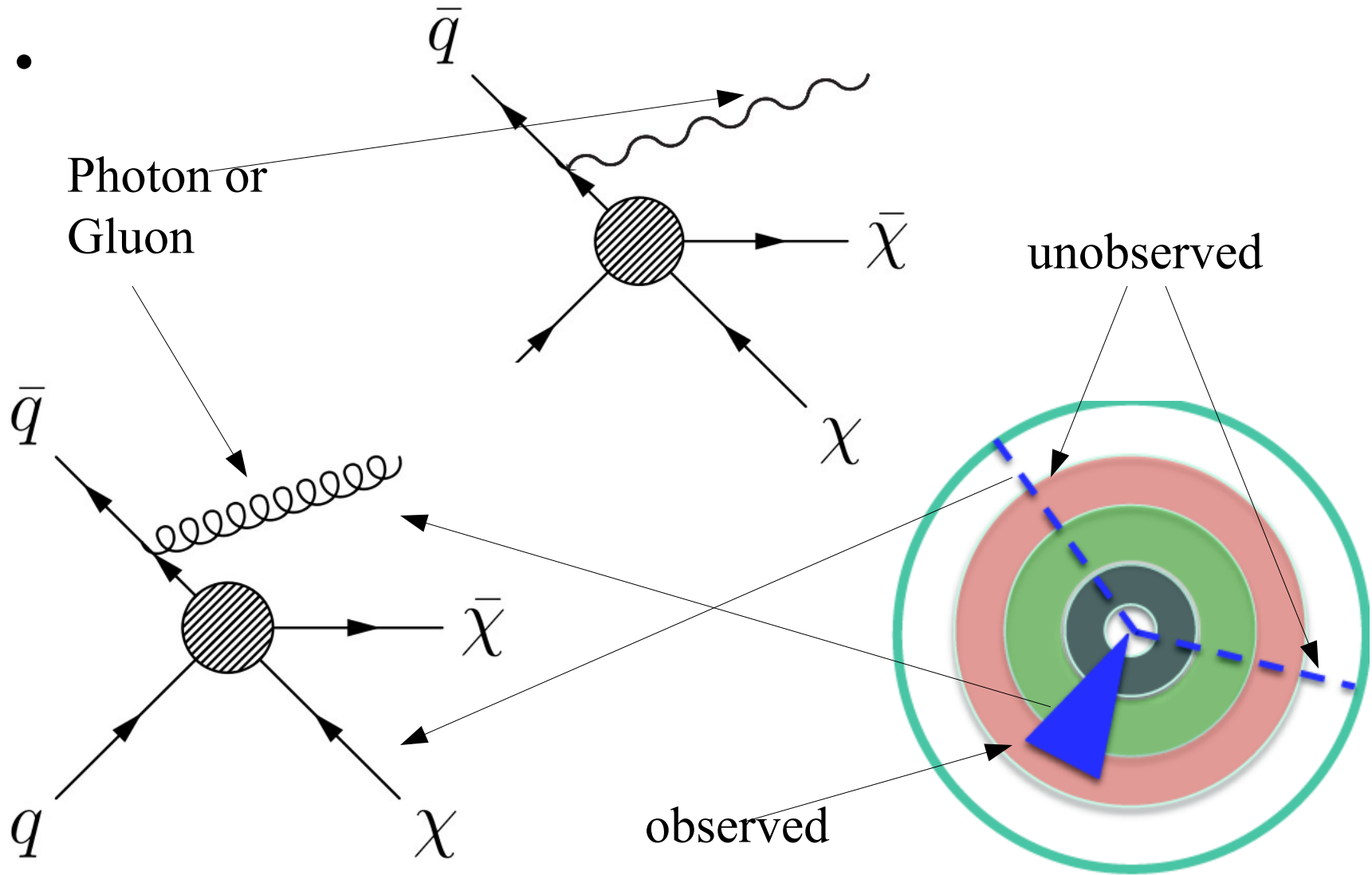


M^*

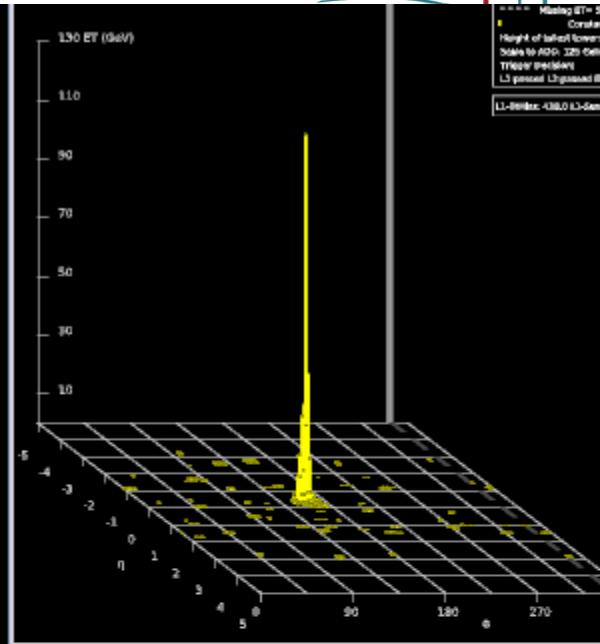
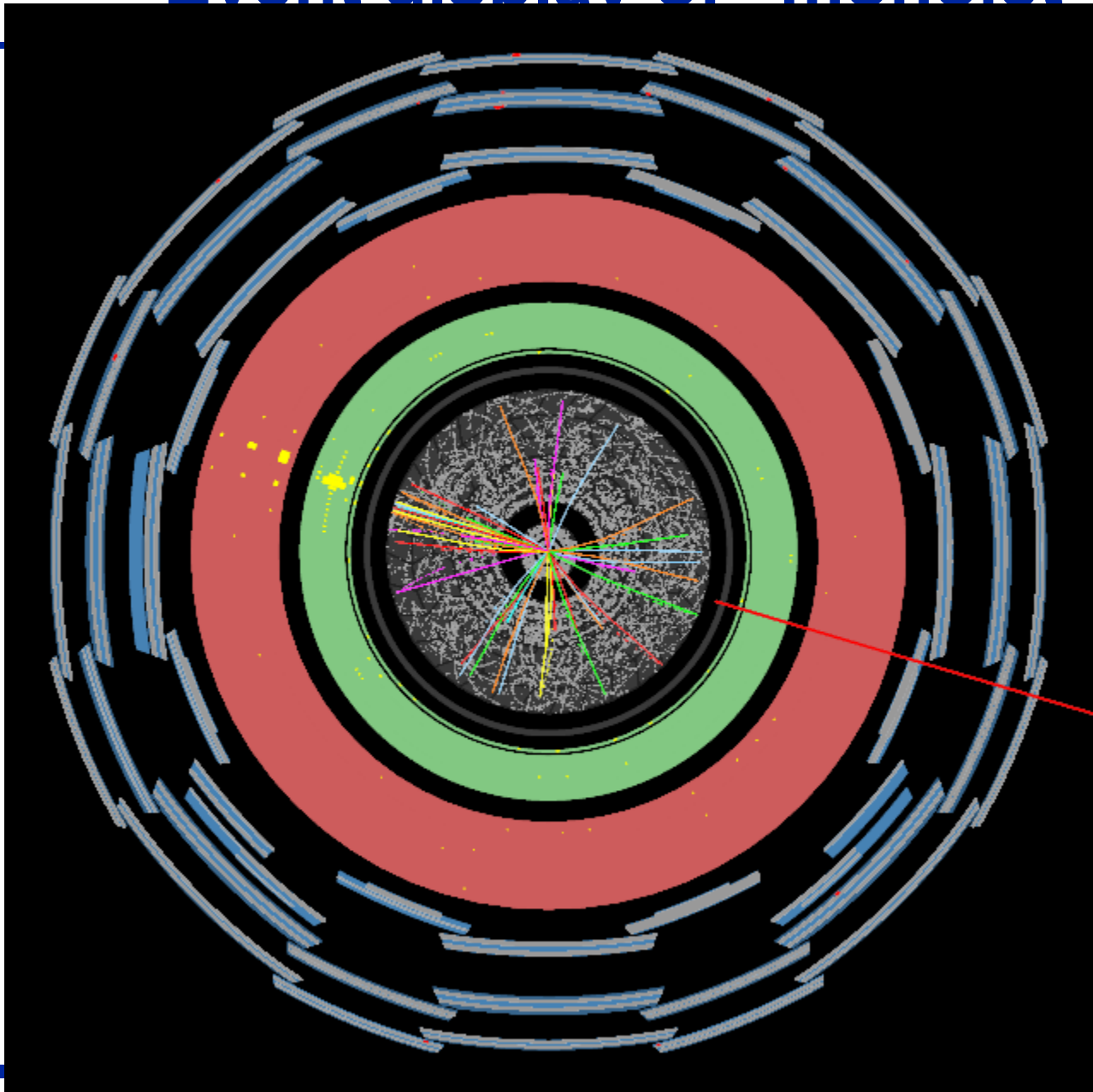
Energy of collision

$m(\text{wimp})$

Associated production



Event display of "monojet"



ATLAS EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 189090, Event Number: 2069

Date: 2011-09-10 17:17:48 CEST

Search 1: Event selection: $\text{jet} + E_t^{\text{miss}}$



Uses 2011 ATLAS pp data (4.7 fb⁻¹)

- E_t^{miss} trigger (plateau above 150 GeV, 98% efficient at 120 GeV)
- Primary vertex with at least 2 associated tracks
- Biggest jet $p_T > 120$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2$ (central part of detector)
- $|\Delta\phi(\text{jet2}, E_t^{\text{miss}})| > 0.5$ in order to suppress back-to-back dijet events
- No more than two jets with $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.5$ (full detector range)
- no electrons with $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.47$
- no muons with $p_T > 7$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$
- Four signal regions with symmetric cuts on the leading jet p_T and E_t^{miss} $p_T, E_t^{\text{miss}} > 120, 220, 350, 500$ GeV
 - Look for event excess above known physics expectation
 - Each of these has different sensitivity to wimp

- **Must mimic final state**
 - **Instrumental backgrounds**
 - **Non collision background, cosmics etc**
 - **Jet events with badly mis-measured or lost jet**
 - Use data
 - **Real physics backgrounds giving rise to same final state**
 - **$Z(\nu\nu)$ +jets**
 - **$W(\mu\nu)$ +jets (μ outside acceptance)**
 - **Top (small from MC)**
 - **Gauge boson pairs (WZ etc) (small from MC)**
 - **W/Z +jets dominates:**
 - **Estimate rest first then**
 - **Normalize from these data**

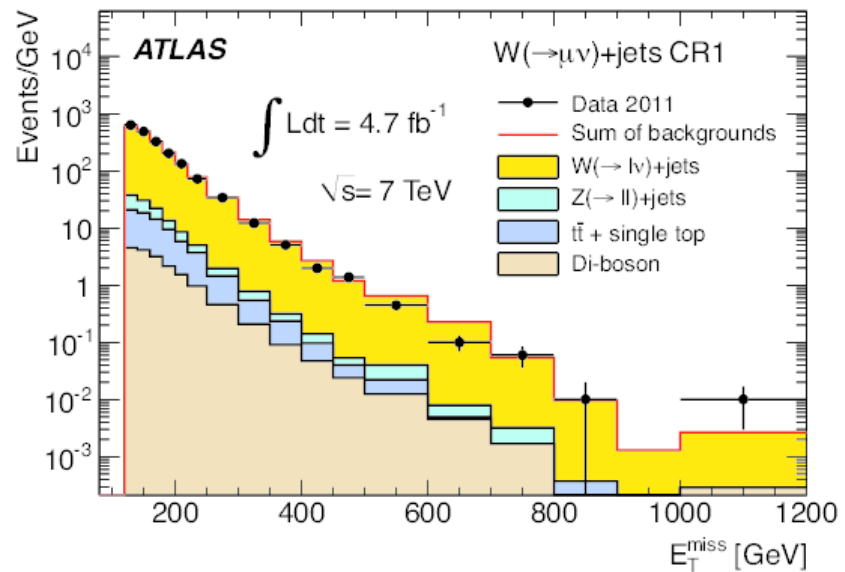
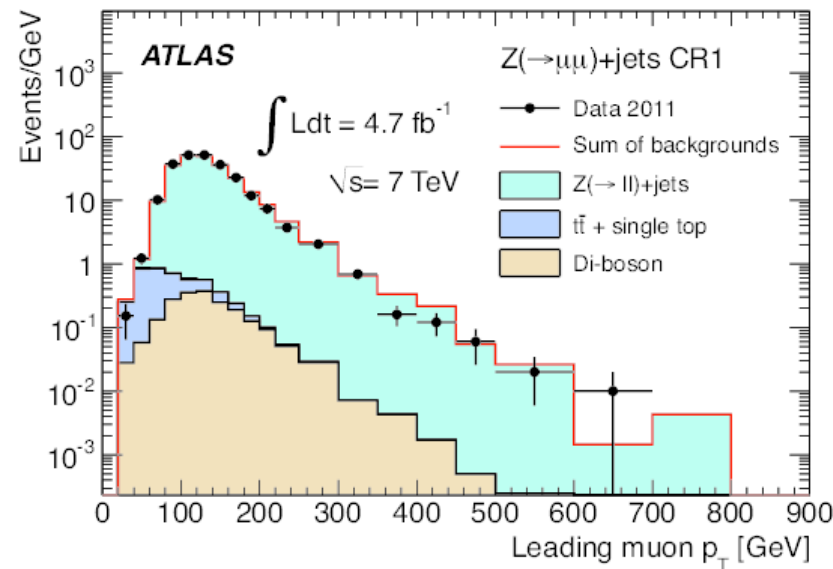
- **Basic idea**
 - Use related process to measure
 - Eg $Z \rightarrow ee$
 - Limited by statistics
 - Muon leaves little energy in calorimeter
 - Use $W(\mu\nu)$
 - W and Z production dynamics similar
- **Define control regions**
 - “replace E_t^{miss} by leptons”
 - Selection contains leptons
 - Same jet selections as signal candidates
- **Details in backup**

Control regions



Quite well modeled

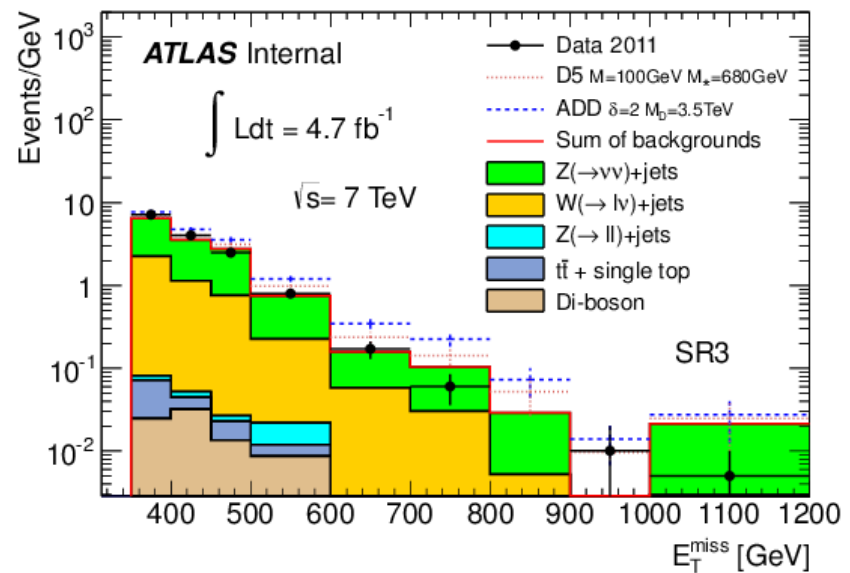
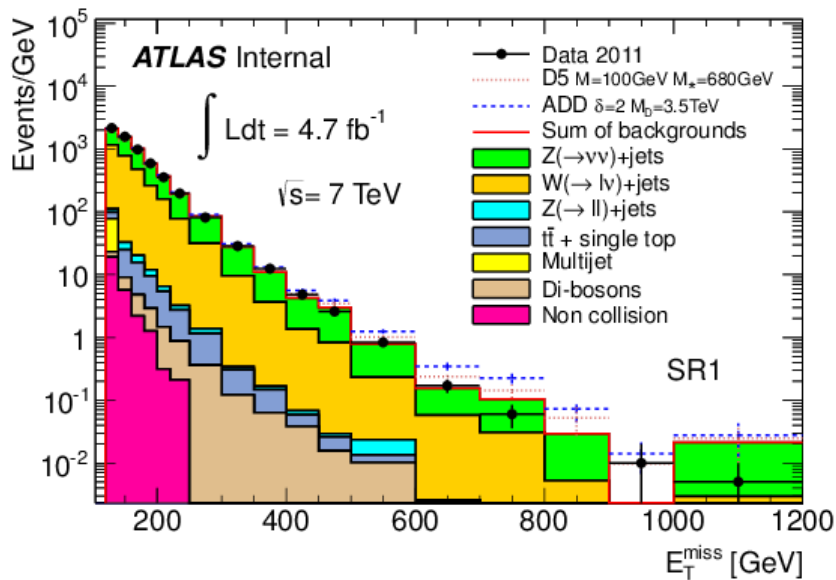
Therefore corrections applied to MC are small



Signal regions



New physics examples show excess at large values



Jet Results: events observed



E _{miss} , Pt (jet	120 GeV	220 GeV	350 GeV	500 GeV
	SR1	SR2	SR3	SR4
$Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu} + \text{jets}$	63000 ± 2100	5300 ± 280	500 ± 40	58 ± 9
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu + \text{jets}$	31400 ± 1000	1853 ± 81	133 ± 13	13 ± 3
$W \rightarrow e\nu + \text{jets}$	14600 ± 500	679 ± 43	40 ± 8	5 ± 2
$W \rightarrow \mu\nu + \text{jets}$	11100 ± 600	704 ± 60	55 ± 6	6 ± 1
$t\bar{t} + \text{single } t$	1240 ± 250	57 ± 12	4 ± 1	-
Multijets	1100 ± 900	64 ± 64	8 ± 9	-
Non-coll. Background	575 ± 83	25 ± 13	-	-
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau + \text{jets}$	421 ± 25	15 ± 2	2 ± 1	-
Di-bosons	302 ± 61	29 ± 5	5 ± 1	1 ± 1
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu\mu + \text{jets}$	204 ± 19	8 ± 4	-	-
Total Background	124000 ± 4000	8800 ± 400	748 ± 60	83 ± 14
Events in Data (4.7fb^{-1})	124703	8631	785	77

No excess

Background uncertainties



Source	SR1	SR2	SR3	SR4
JES/JER/ E_T^{miss}	1.0	2.6	4.9	5.8
MC Z/W modelling	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0
MC statistical uncertainty	0.5	1.4	3.4	8.9
$1 - f_{EW}$	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.7
Muon scale and resolution	0.03	0.02	0.08	0.61
Lepton scale factors	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
Multijet BG in electron CR	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.6
Di-boson, top, multijet, non-collisions	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.3
Total systematic uncertainty	3.4	4.4	6.8	11.1
Total data statistical uncertainty	0.5	1.7	4.3	11.8

Percentage uncertainties from various sources

Systematics dominate: usually Jet energy scale (JES)

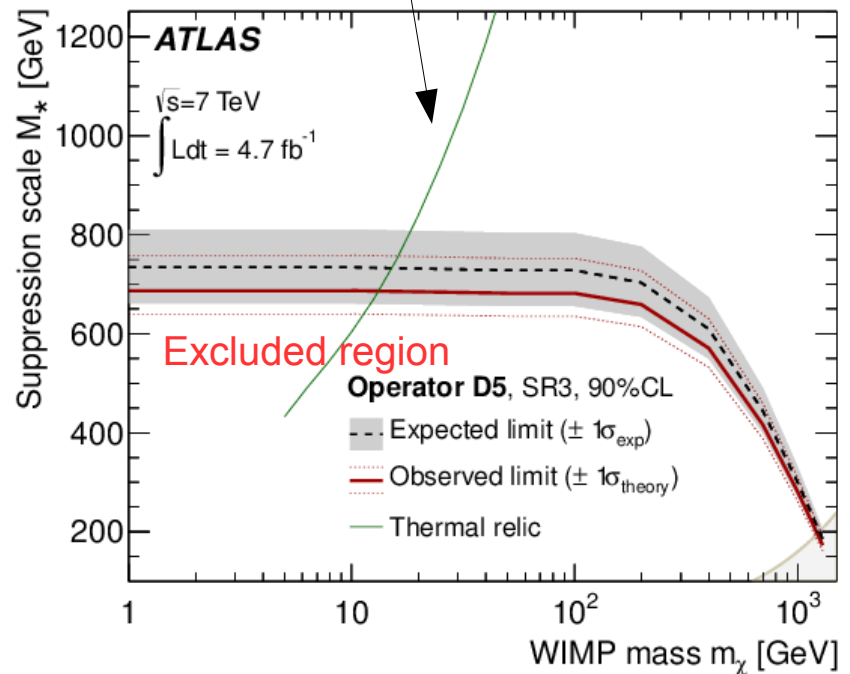
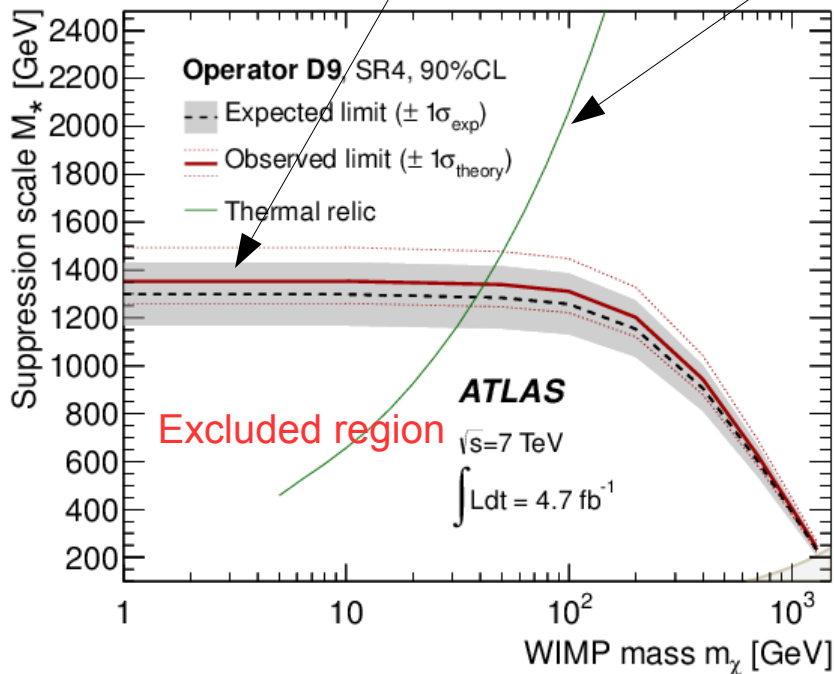
Observed limits



Convert to limit on wimp mass and M^*

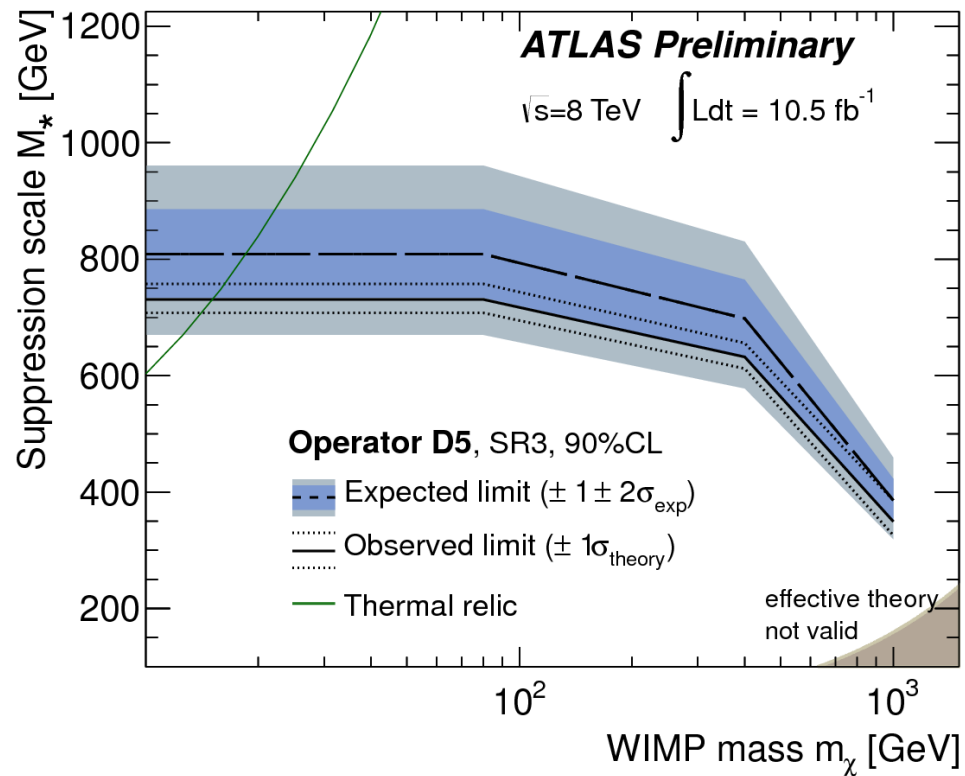
Note mass independence here

Value required for DM



- **Limits insensitive to mass at small values**
 - **Production rates controlled by event selection, $(p_t^{\text{Jet}}, E_t^{\text{miss}})$ not mass**
- **Rates fall off at large masses**
- **Now compare to other searches**
 - **Recall caveat about other states and mass spectrum in full model**
 - **Comparison may not be valid**

- **Similar analysis**

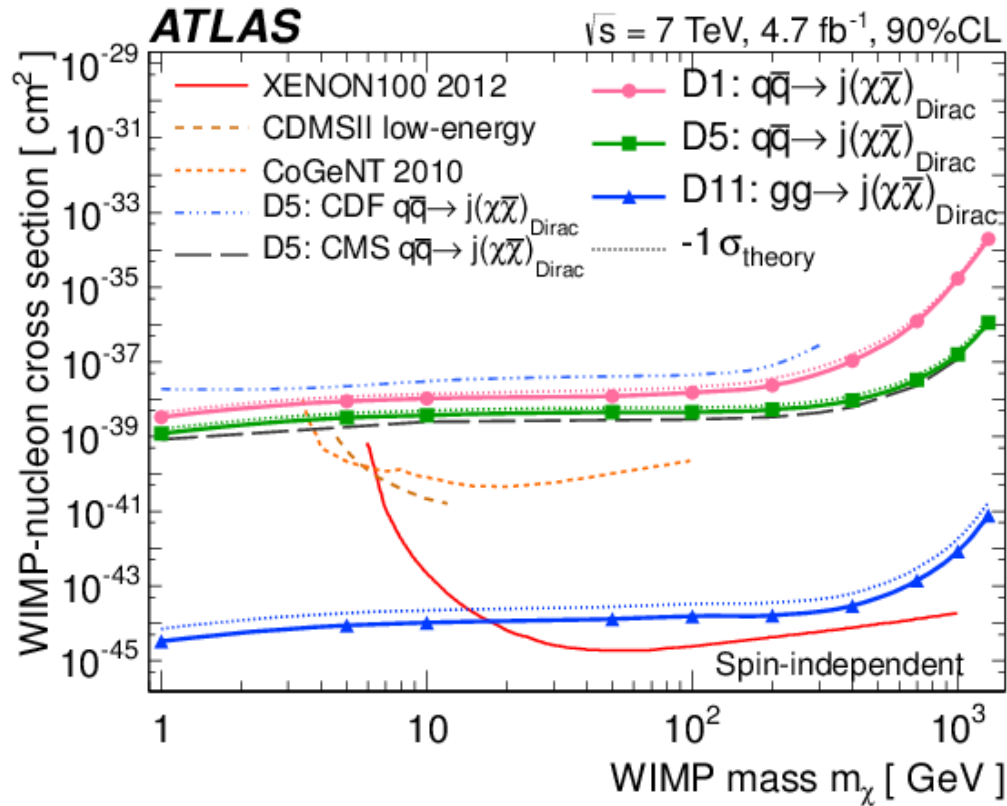


Comparisons



Excluded regions above lines

Spin independent operators

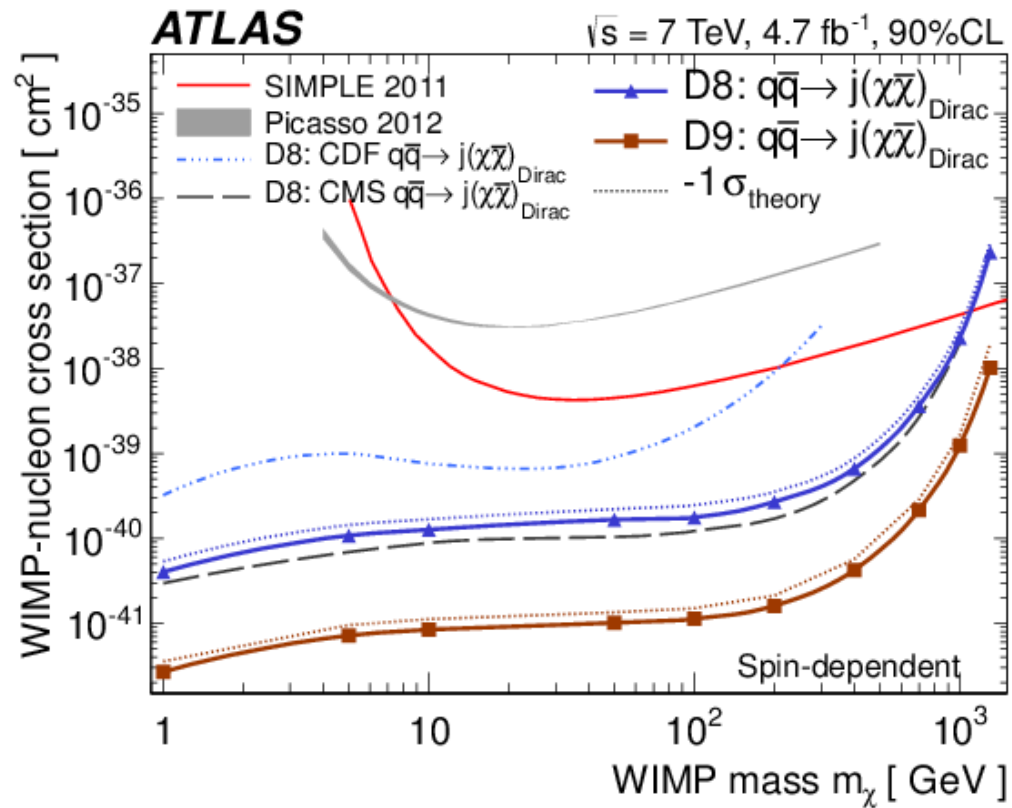


Comparisons

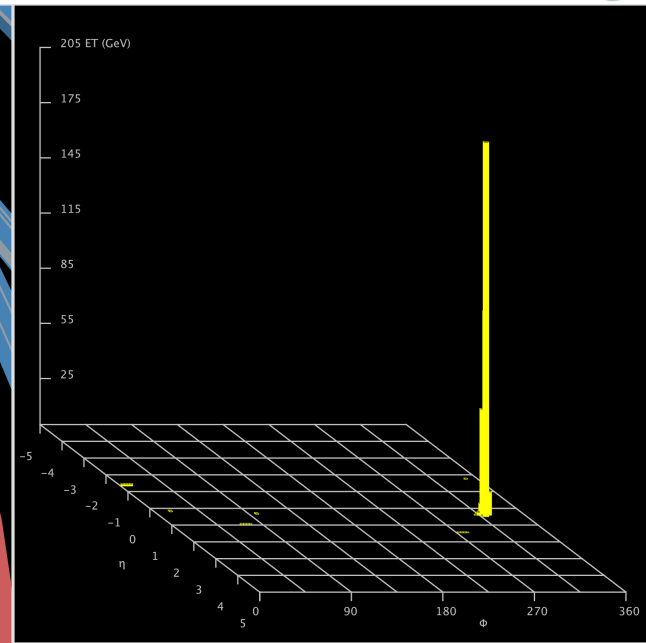
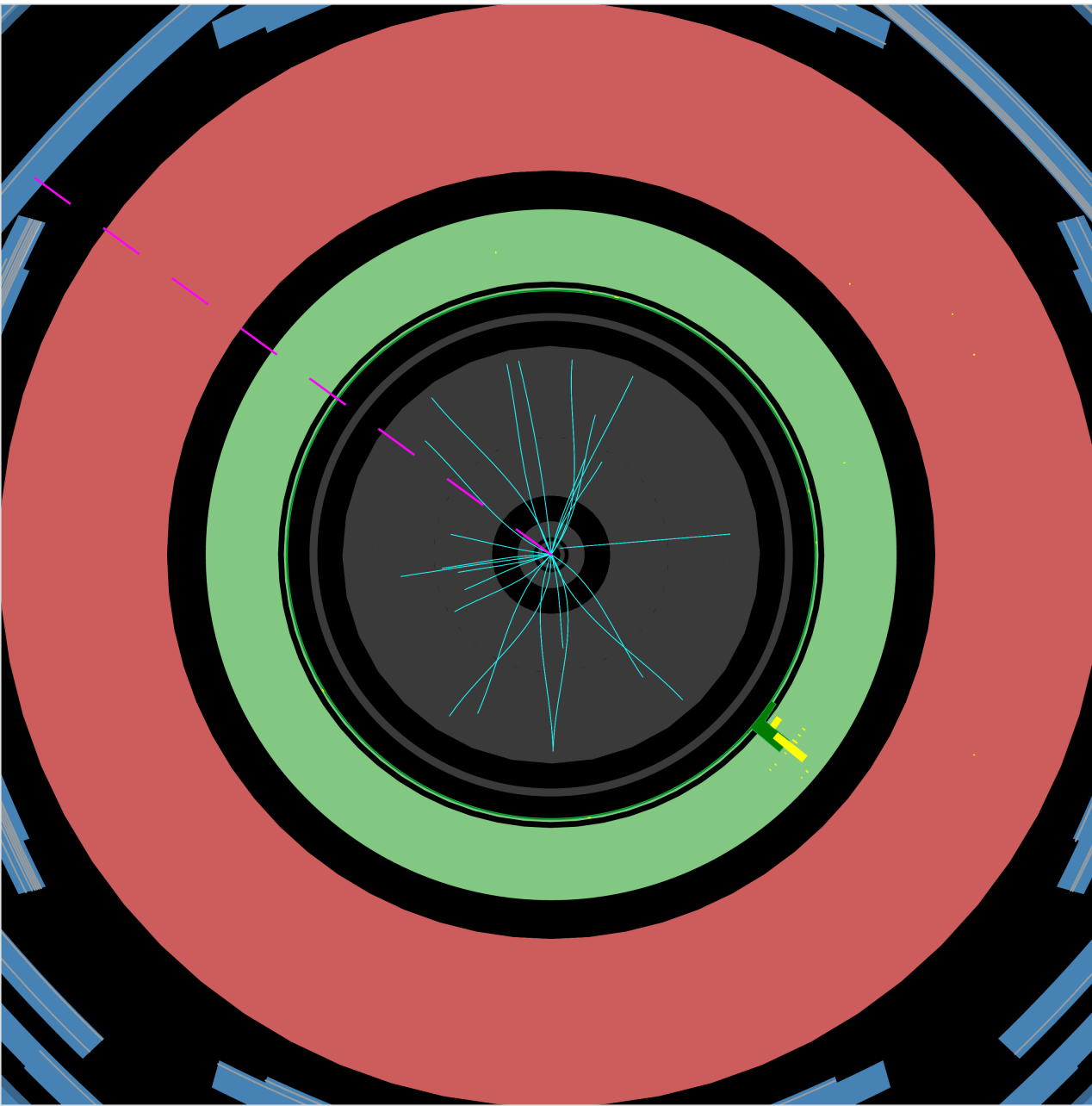


Excluded regions above lines

Spin dependent operators



Search with photons instead of jets



ATLAS EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 179710, Event Number: 19174449

Date: 2011-04-15 03:48:32 CEST

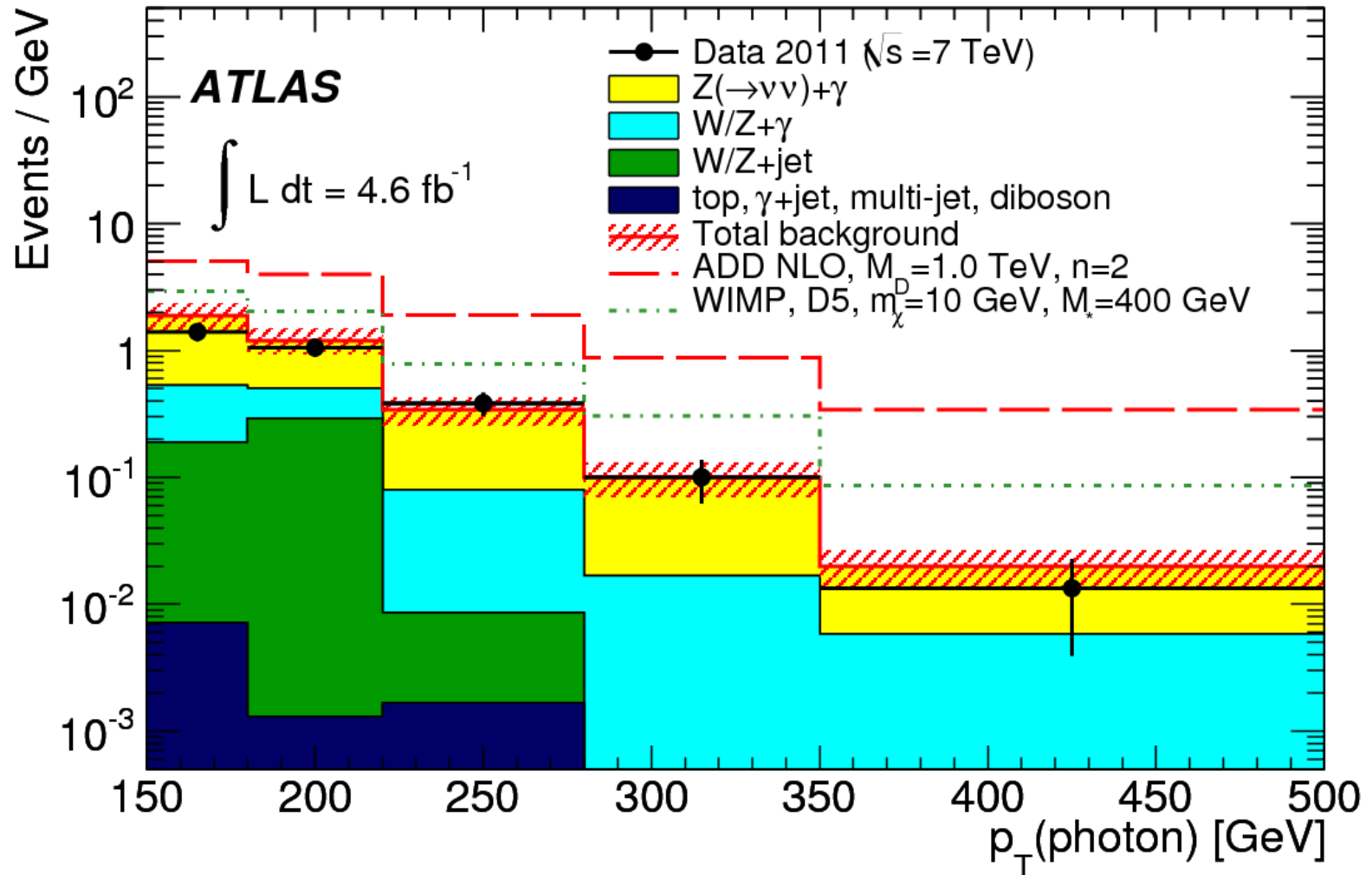
Search 2: photon+ E_t^{miss}



all 2011 ATLAS pp data (4.6 fb-1).

- E_t^{miss} trigger (98% efficient at 150 GeV)
- Leading photon $p_T > 150$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.37$, excluding calorimeter barrel/endcap transition region $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$
- Overlap removal $|\Delta\phi(\gamma, E_t^{\text{miss}})| > 0.4$, $|\Delta R(\text{jet}, \gamma)| > 0.4$, $|\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, E_t^{\text{miss}})| > 0.4$
- Not more than one jet with $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.5$
- No electrons with $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.47$
- No muons with $p_T > 10$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$

- **Similar to jet case**
- **Dominated by W/Z+photon**
 - Use W/Z(to leptons) +photon as control
- **Smaller background**
 - And smaller potential signal



Photon results



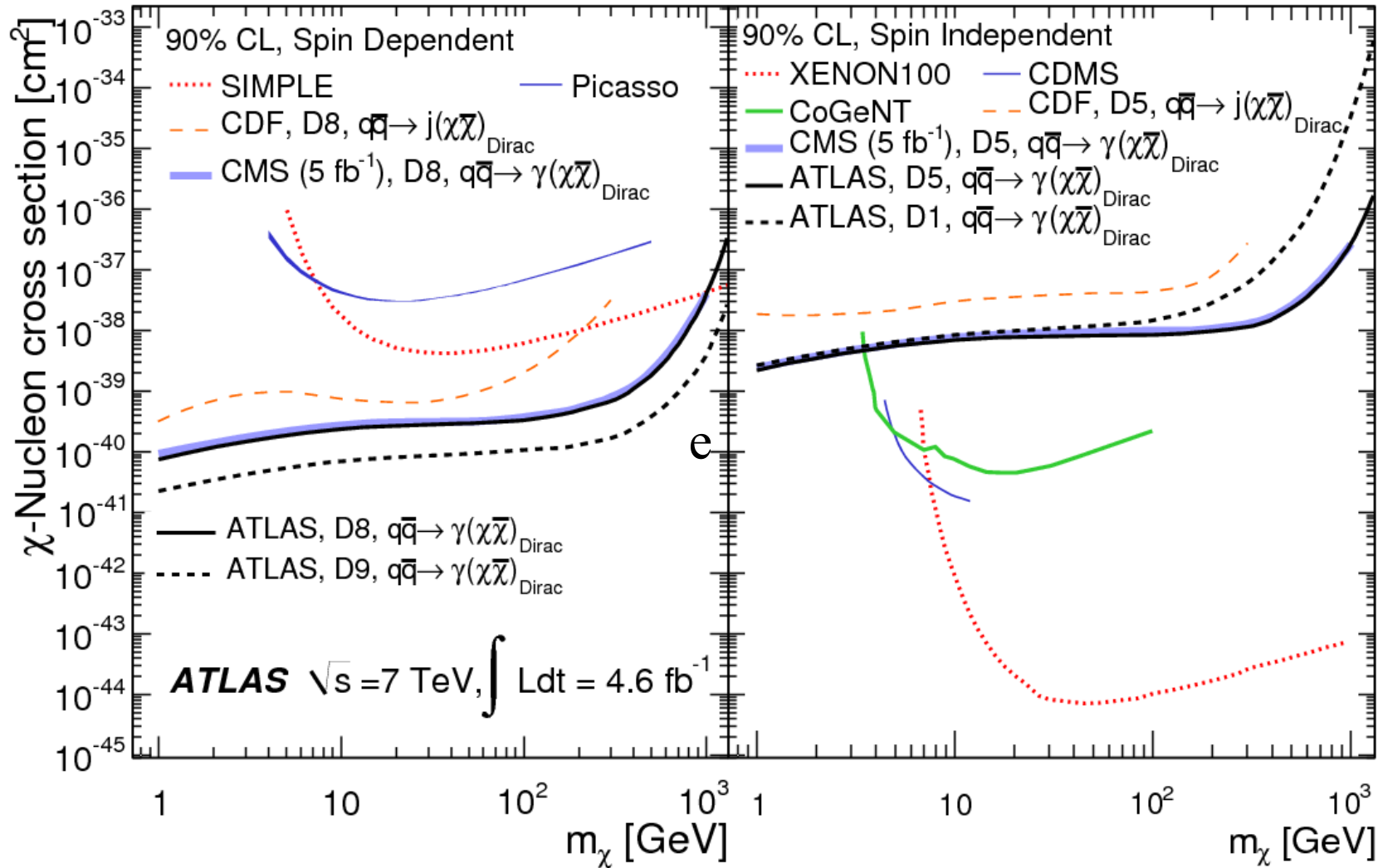
Background source	Prediction	\pm (stat.)	\pm (syst.)
$Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu) + \gamma$	93	± 16	± 8
$Z/\gamma^*(\rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) + \gamma$	0.4	± 0.2	± 0.1
$W(\rightarrow \ell\nu) + \gamma$	24	± 5	± 2
$W/Z + \text{jets}$	18	–	± 6
top	0.07	± 0.07	± 0.01
$WW, WZ, ZZ, \gamma\gamma$	0.3	± 0.1	± 0.1
γ +jets and multi-jet	1.0	–	± 0.5
Non-collision background	–	–	–
Total background	137	± 18	± 9
Events in data (4.6 fb^{-1})	116		

Events / GeV

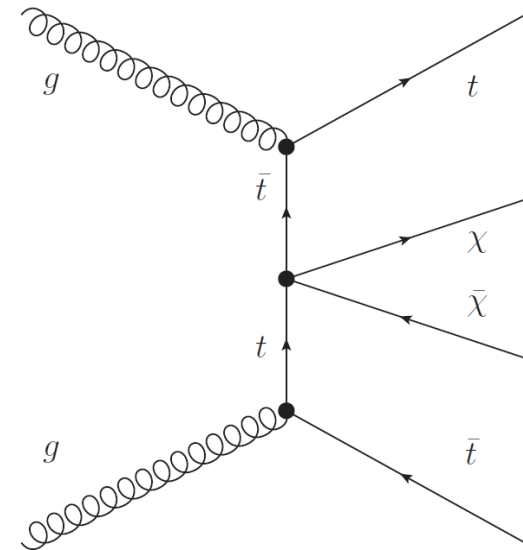
No event excess: set limits

Photon results

Excluded regions above lines



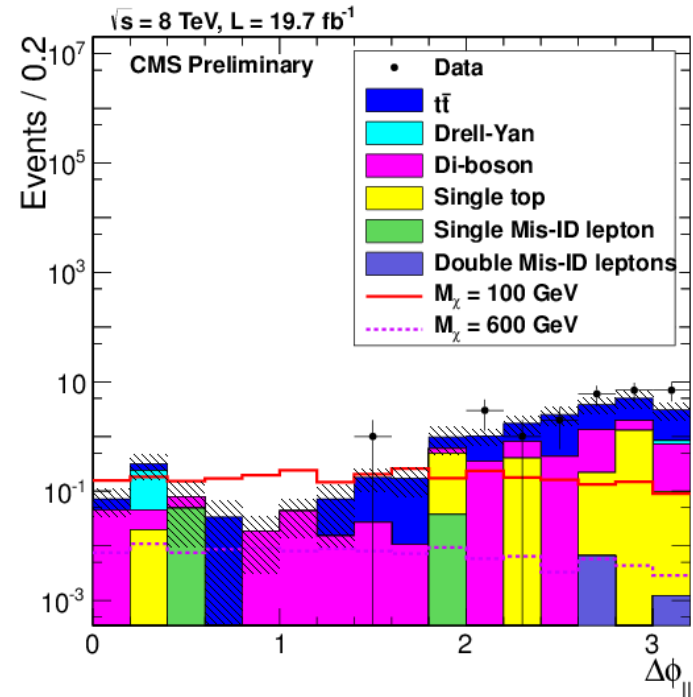
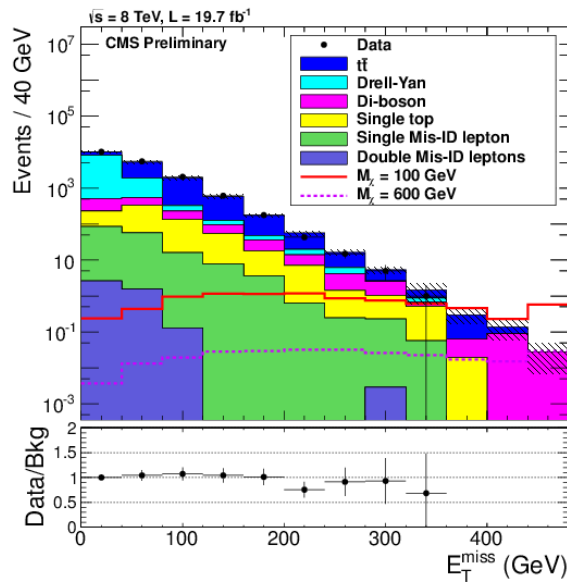
- Probing D1 needs heavy quarks
- Look at $t\bar{t}$ production
 - No low jet activity
 - Large E_{miss} recoiling against $t\bar{t}$ system
 - Use two leptonic top decays



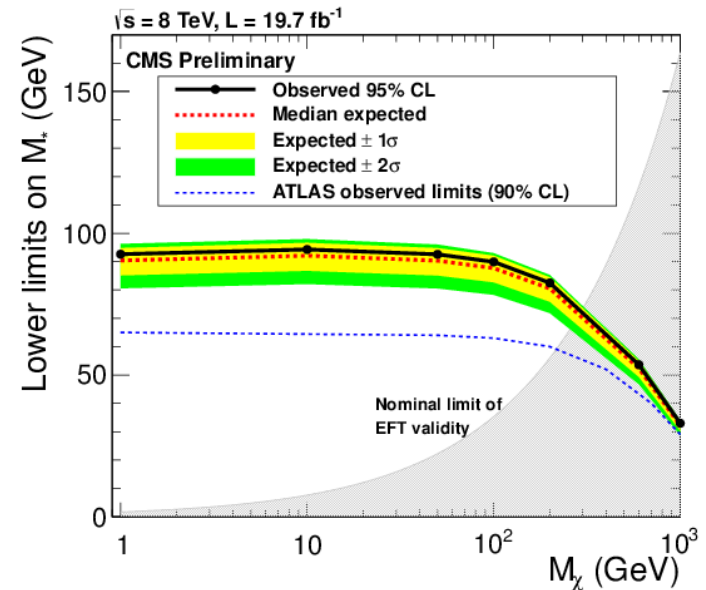
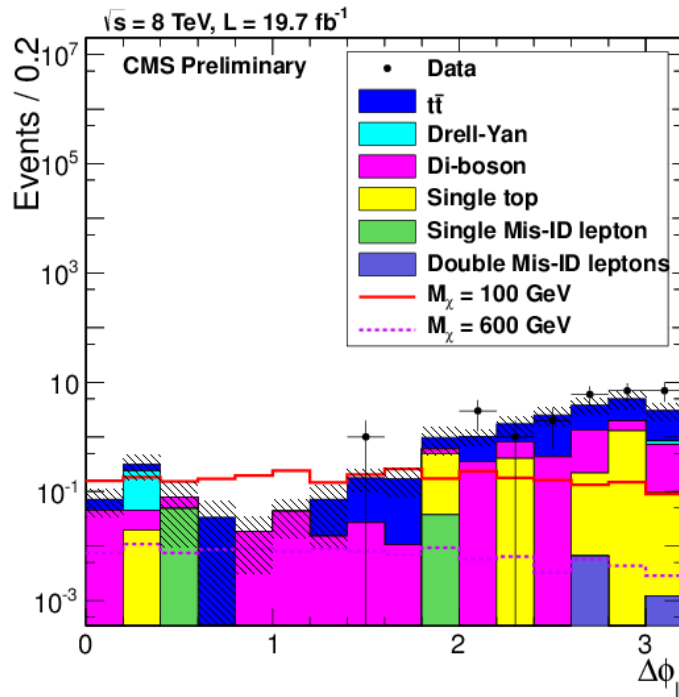
•

- **Basic selections**
 - **Two e or mu**
 - Exclude if consistent with Z decay
 - **At least two jets**
 - There are 2 b's from top decays
- **Signal selections**
 - **$p_t(\text{dilepton}) > 120 \text{ GeV}$**
 - **$E_{\text{miss}} > 180 \text{ GeV}$**
 - **Leptons correlated: $\Delta\Phi(l_1, l_2) < 2 \text{ rad}$**

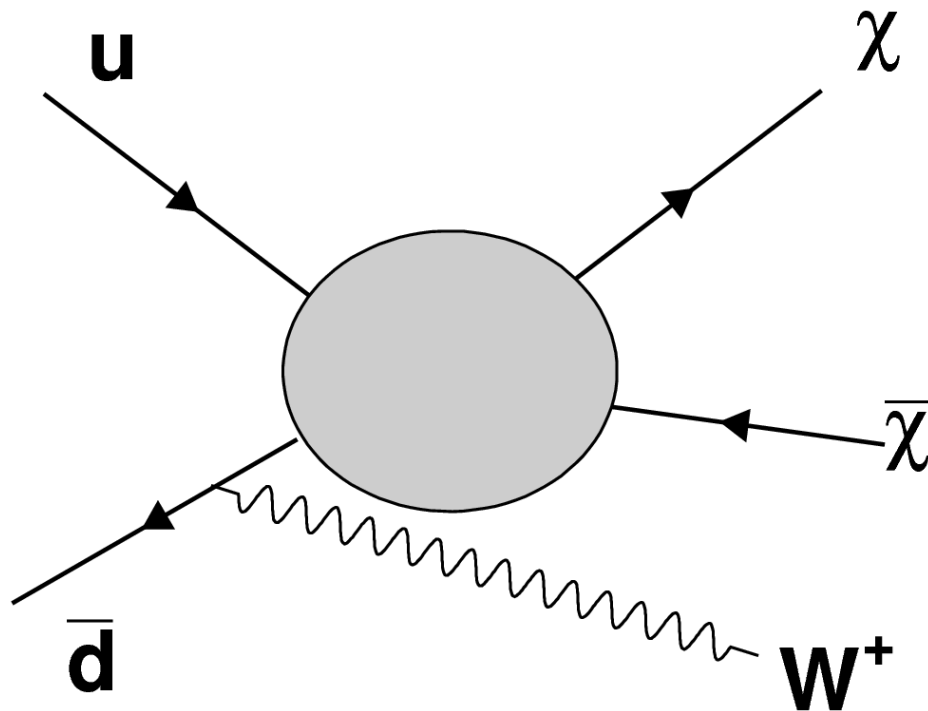
- Note than in ttbar events, t and tbar are “back to back”



- **D1: better limit than jet+etmiss**

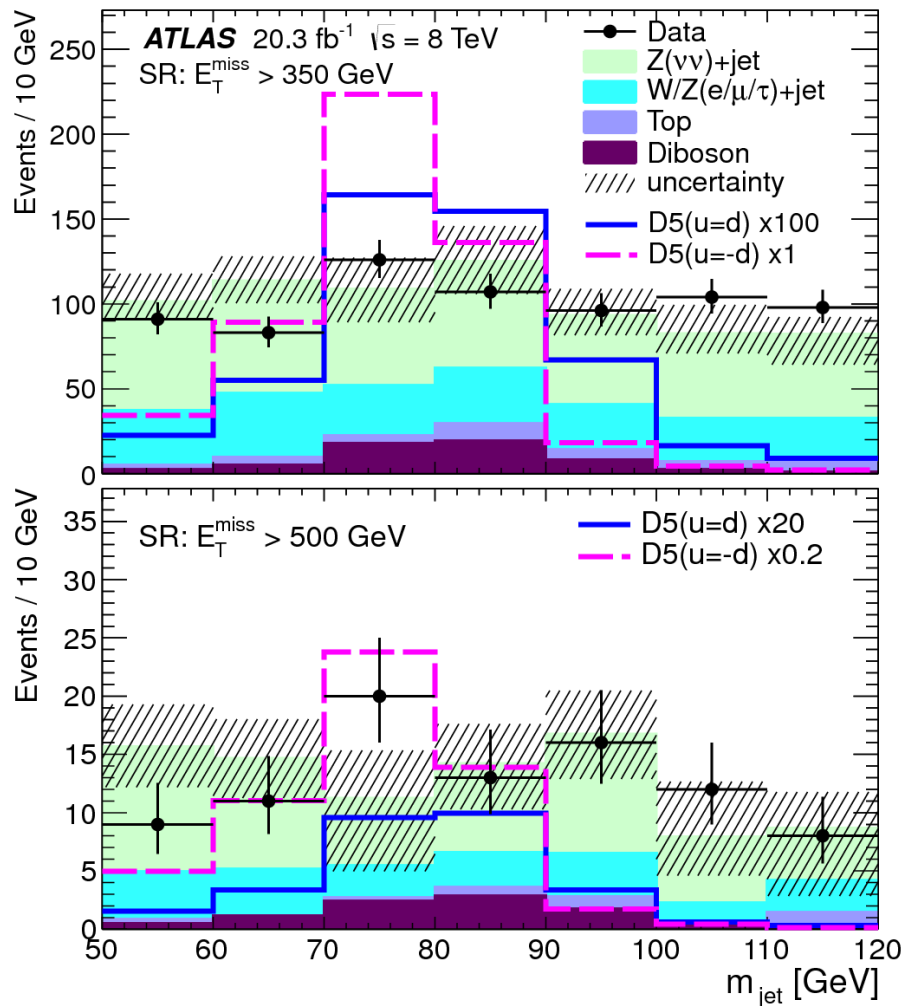


- **Hadronic decays of W and Z**
 - W and Z cannot be separated
 -



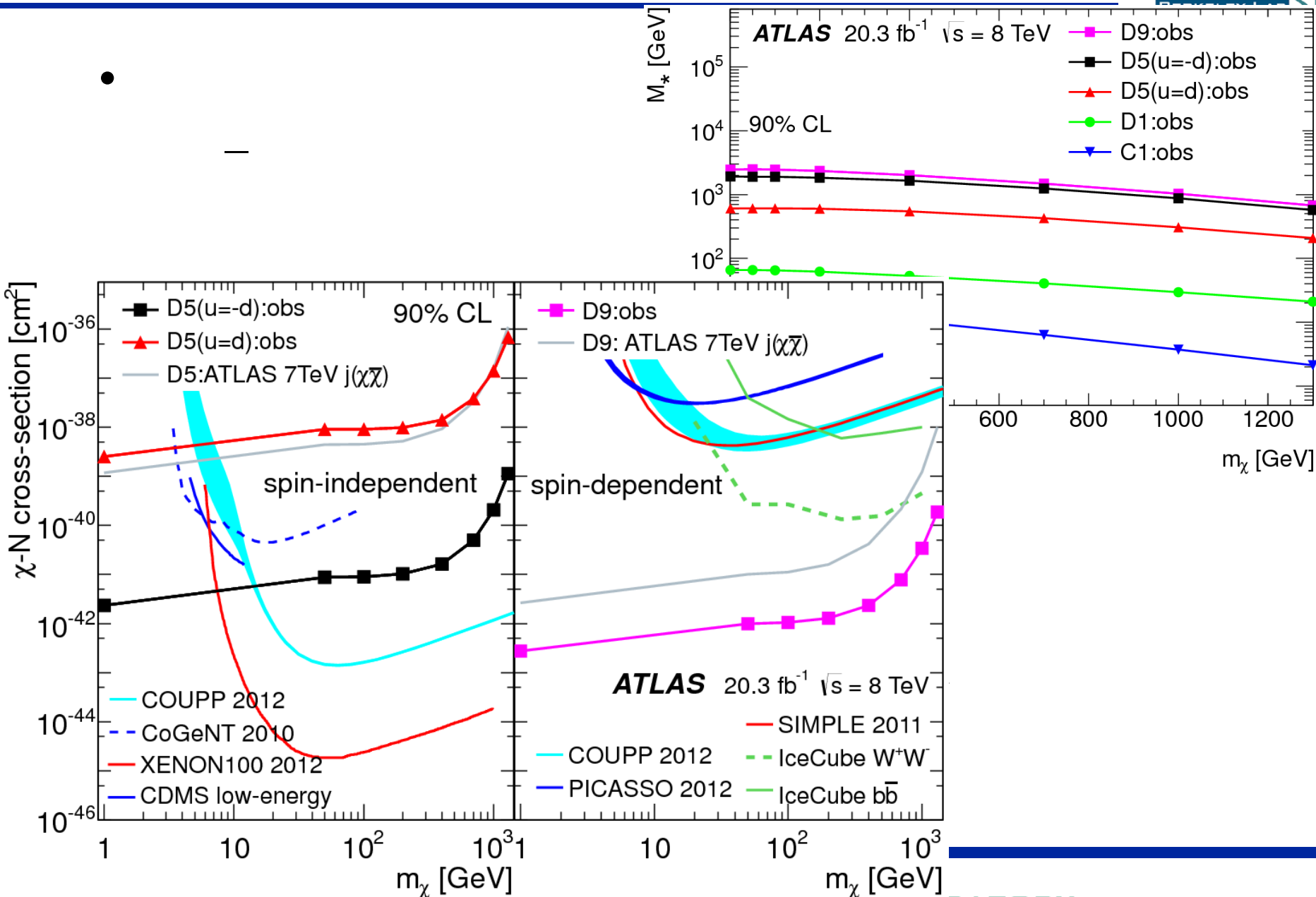
- **Etmiss >150 GeV (trigger)**
- **1 Fat jet ($\Delta r=1.4$), $50 < m(\text{jet}) < 120$**
 - Candidate for W or Z
- **No leptons**
- **<2 other jets: reject top decays**

- **Biggest background**
 - **Z(to neutrinos)**



S/B largest at high E_{tmiss}

ATLAS:W/Z+etmiss



14 TeV coming



- Data taking starts spring 2015
- Higgs to invisible
 - Limit will get better slowly
 - Might be able to get to 20% (not soon)
- SUSY
 - Mass reach will double
 - Expect major results for Moriond/summer 2016
 - Better sensitivity for production of electro weak susy particles
- Generic search for DM production
 - Rates in existing signal regions increase by factor of several
 - Expect limits on cross sections drop by 10.

- **Higgs portal model constrained by Higgs measurements**
 - Small mass region challenged
- **No SUSY observed**
 - **Can only be converted into DM limit in a model**
 - **Specific models have been ruled out**
 - **CMSSM on life support (vegetative state?)**
- **Generic search for DM production**
 - No signal
 - Limits very competitive
 - Particularly at small wimp mass
 - **Beware caveat about mass gaps**

References: Atlas



- (Z(to leptons) +ETmiss)<http://arxiv.org/abs/1404.0051>
- (Z/W(to hadrons)+Etmis)
<http://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevLett.112.041802>
<http://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/CONFNOTES/ATLAS-CONF-2013-073/>
- (Jets + Etmis) <http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/JHEP04%282013%29075>
<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/CONFNOTES/ATLAS-CONF-2012-147/>
- (Photon+Etmis)<http://journals.aps.org/prl/pdf/10.1103/PhysRevLett.110.011802>
<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/CONFNOTES/ATLAS-CONF-2012-085/>
- (Higgs to dark matter)
<https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/PHYSICS/CONFNOTES/ATLAS-CONF-2014-010/>
(Higgs to invisible) <http://arxiv.org/abs/1402.3244>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults>

References: CMS



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<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsSUS>

References: other (incomplete)



- **Operator formalism: Goodman et al Phys.Rev. D82 (2010) 116010 and papers that cite this.**
- **Higgs portal: Brian Patt, Frank Wilczek (MIT, LNS). May 2006. 3 pp. MIT-CTP-374, e-Print: hep-ph/0605188.**
- **SUSY parameter space: Cahill-Rowley et al, arXiv:1308.0297, arXiv:1305.6921 etc: Jellis et al arXiv:1305.6921 etc; Arby et al Eur.Phys.J. C72 (2012) 1906**
-

- (Photon+Etmis) <http://journals.aps.org/prl/abstract/10.1103/PhysRevLett.108.261803>
- (jet+etmiss) <http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2FJHEP09%282012%29094>
- (ttbar+ LSP) <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1697173?ln=en>
- (higgs to invisible) <http://cds.cern.ch/record/1561758?ln=en>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/ExoticsPublicResults>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsEXO>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults>

- **Atlas results pages**